

ONESOURCE INDIRECT TAX

ONESOURCE INDIRECT TAX INTEGRATION FOR SAP US/CA TAX CONFIGURATION GUIDE

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If you need to obtain the Open Source Libraries used in this product, please request access using ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Support Network.

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ABOUT THIS GUIDE

The Standard SAP Tax Interface supports tax calculations for the US and Canada (US/CA). To enable US/CA tax integration, you must install the Basic ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Integration for SAP, and then configure it as shown in this guide.

Once Integration is complete, your SAP implementation can leverage the full set of calculation, auditing, and reporting features of ONESOURCE Indirect Tax for the US or Canada.

HOW THIS GUIDE IS ORGANIZED

This guide contains the following chapters:

- **OVERVIEW (page 3)** describes the tax interface on a high level using flow diagrams, and it describes the prerequisites to support Integration between SAP and Determination.
- **CONFIGURING SAP TO USE ONESOURCE INDIRECT TAX FOR US AND CANADA TAX (page 7)** describes the steps necessary in FI, SD, MM and user exits to enable US/CA sales and purchasing transactions to calculate taxes using Determination.
- **SAMPLE ORDER-TO-CASH SCENARIO (page 57)** shows a complete sales transaction, including tax results, after implementing Integration and Determination.
- **SEPARATING RECOVERABLE AND NON-RECOVERABLE TAXES (page 67)** describes how to separate non-recoverable taxes from recoverable taxes.

PREREQUISITES

Before performing any of the tasks found in this guide, you must have installed the Basic Integration for SAP and enabled RFCS in SAP to communicate with Determination as described in *ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Integration for SAP Installation and RFC Configuration Guide*.

Before working with this guide, you must have a deep knowledge of the SAP tax features, covering all aspects of FI, MM, and SD, and have spent significant time either as an expert configurator or consultant in these areas.

ONESOURCE Indirect Tax recommends that you assemble a team to implement this product because it requires both functional and technical input. Your team should include someone who thoroughly understands business requirements and processes, as well as someone who can implement the required software changes.

WHO SHOULD USE THIS GUIDE

This guide is intended for use by SAP programmers and functional analysts having a knowledge of SAP FI, SD, and MM who are responsible for implementing ONESOURCE Indirect Tax in a customer's SAP system. These programmers and analysts must have a thorough understanding of the overall processing logic of the Standard SAP Tax Interface and the configuration needed to enable that logic. The examples in this guide are taken from SAP ECC 6.0.

OSS NOTES

We recommend that you review all relevant notes to the SAP Tax Interface on the SAP Support Web. Our Professional Services team has compiled a list of important OSS notes that they have encountered in their support of new ONESOURCE Indirect Tax implementation projects.

Please review KB

https://customer.sabrix.com/app/answers/detail/a_id/1122

with a list of known possible notes relevant to integrating SAP and ONESOURCE Integration with SAP. It is also recommended that you do a search in SAP at <http://service.sap.com/notes> for tax relevant notes in the core Application Areas XX-PART-TIF, CRM-BF-TAX, AP-TTE, but there are others relevant as well.



We have provided a partial tax interface-related OSS notes list in the KB article but there may be other OSS notes which could be applicable to your installation which are not in this list. We recommend that you review all available OSS notes on the SAP support website.

CONFIGURING SAP TO USE ONESOURCE INDIRECT TAX FOR US AND CANADA TAX

This chapter addresses the configurations and master data maintenance you need to perform in the FI, SD, and MM modules of SAP to enable tax calculation using ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Determination for US and Canada (US/CA).

To enable US and Canada transactions, you must follow the steps described in the following sections:

- ***FI CONFIGURATIONS (page 8)***
- ***SD CONFIGURATIONS (page 27)***
- ***MM CONFIGURATIONS (page 36)***
- ***MAINTAINING MASTER DATA (page 41)***

REQUIRED CONFIGURATIONS

For the United States (US) and Canada (CA), SAP provides tax procedures called **TAXUSX** and **TAXCAX** respectively. These tax procedures work in conjunction with the pricing procedure called **RVAXUD**. SAP recommends that you use pricing procedure **RVAXUD** since it allows max tax calculation by the external tax engine. Max tax calculations are not possible using the SAP native tax functionality. This is another advantage of using Determination for your tax calculations.

There are three key SAP modules—FI, SD, and MM—where you need to make the IMG configurations. These changes will activate the tax interface so that it sends transactions from Order to Cash, Procure to Pay and FI to Determination. This guide describes required configurations, as well as master data maintenance for jurisdiction code determination and condition type maintenance for tax code selection in SD and MM.

You may require additional configurations according to your business needs. To get the most accurate tax results, you need to make sure that Determination and SAP have been configured to account for your specific business scenarios.

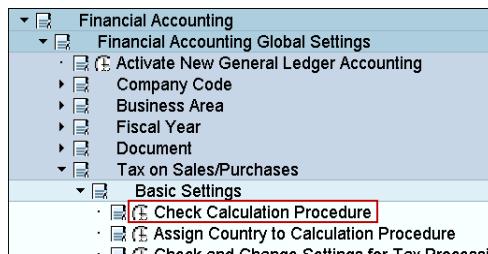
FI CONFIGURATIONS

FI configurations require successful completion of these procedures:

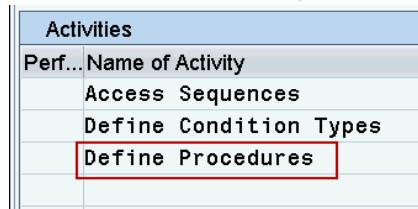
- **VERIFYING THAT TAXUSX AND TAXCAX PROCEDURES ARE ON YOUR SYSTEM (page 8)**
- **ASSIGNING THE COUNTRY TO THE TAX PROCEDURE (CALCULATION PROCEDURE) (page 11)**
- **CHECKING AND UPDATING SETTINGS FOR THE TAX PROCEDURE (ACCOUNT KEYS/PROCESSES) (page 12)**
- **SPECIFYING THE STRUCTURE FOR THE TAX JURISDICTION CODE (page 14)**
- **DEFINING NUMBER RANGES FOR EXTERNAL TAX CALCULATION (page 16)**
- **DEFINING THE PHYSICAL DESTINATION (RFC) ACCOUNT (page 17)**
- **ACTIVATING EXTERNAL TAX CALCULATION (page 17)**
- **ACTIVATING EXTERNAL UPDATING (page 19)**
- **MAINTAINING CANADIAN PROVINCES (OVK2) (page 20)**
- **DEFINING TAX CODES ON SALES AND PURCHASES (page 21)**

VERIFYING THAT TAXUSX AND TAXCAX PROCEDURES ARE ON YOUR SYSTEM

1. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchase > Basic Settings > Check Calculation Procedure**.



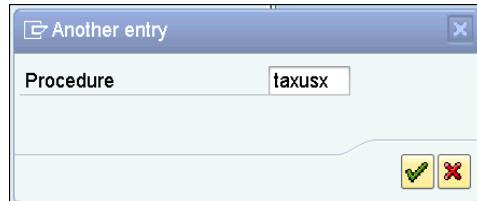
2. Set the cursor on **Check Calculation Procedure**, select **Start**. 



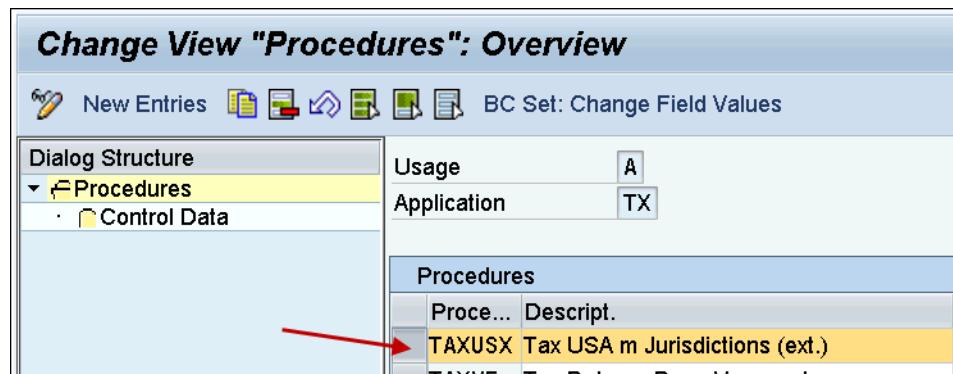
3. Highlight **Define Procedures** and double-click it.

4. On the following screen, select **Position**.  Position...

5. Enter **TAXUSX** in the pop-up window.



6. Highlight **TAXUSX**.



7. Double-click the **Control Data** icon to display the details of **TAXUSX** tax procedure.

Procedure TAXUSX Tax USA in Jurisdictions (ext.)													
Control Data													
Reference Step Overview													
Step	Cou...	CTyp	Description	Fro	To	Ma...	Re...	Stat...	P.SuTot	Reqt	CalType	BasTy...	AccKe
500	0		Accrued			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					
510	0	XR1	A/R Sales Tax 1	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			301		MW1
520	0	XR2	A/R Sales Tax 2	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			302		MW2
530	0	XR3	A/R Sales Tax 3	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			303		MW3
540	0	XR4	A/R Sales Tax 4	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			304		MW4
550	0	XR5	A/R Sales Tax 5	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			305		MW4
560	0	XR6	A/R Sales Tax 6	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			306		MW4

8. Repeat the same steps for **TAXCAX** to see the details.

Procedure TAXCAX Tax Canada Jurisdictions (ext.)													
Control Data													
Reference Step Overview													
Step	Cou...	CTyp	Description	Fro	To	Ma...	Re...	Stat...	P.SuTot	Reqt	CalType	BasTy...	AccKey
500	0		Accrued			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					
510	0	XR1	A/R Sales Tax 1	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			301		MW1
520	0	XR2	A/R Sales Tax 2	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			302		MW2
530	0	XR3	A/R Sales Tax 3	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			303		MW3
540	0	XR4	A/R Sales Tax 4	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			304		MW4
550	0	XR5	A/R Sales Tax 5	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			305		MW4
560	0	XR6	A/R Sales Tax 6	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			306		MW4

In this example, the Canada tax procedure is the same as the **TAXUSX** procedure. If you do not have **TAXCAX** in the list of procedures available to you, you can create one like we have done here by copying the **TAXUSX** procedure. Create **TAXCAX** as in step 5 above and use step 7 to add new entries to the control data. Use the control data from **TAXUSX** and copy to **TAXCAX**. By

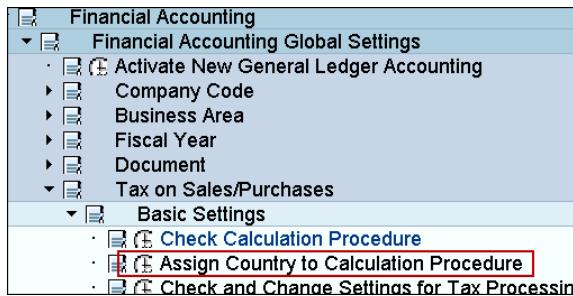
replicating the **TAXUSX** into a new procedure for Canada you are keeping a single procedure to a given company code and can later configure different G/L accounts for Canada taxes, etc.



If you need to split recoverable and non-recoverable taxes for GST or any other Canadian taxes in separate G/L accounts, see *SEPARATING RECOVERABLE AND NON-RECOVERABLE TAXES* (page 67). This tax procedure (**TAXCAX**) only brings the total GST and other tax results from ONESOURCE Indirect Tax. It does not separate recoverable from non-recoverable taxes.

ASSIGNING THE COUNTRY TO THE TAX PROCEDURE (CALCULATION PROCEDURE)

1. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchase > Basic Settings > Assign Country to Calculation Procedure**.



2. Set the cursor on **Assign Country to Calculation Procedure**, then **Start**.

3. Select the **Position** button.



4. On the pop-up window, enter the **Country US**.



5. Assign the tax procedure to the **US**.

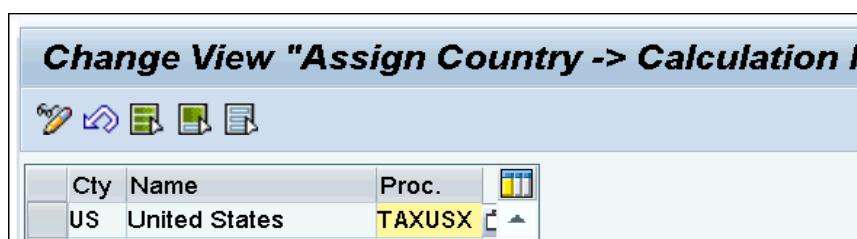
Repeat the same steps for country **Canada** and assign the tax procedure **TAXCAX** to it.



If you need to make any major modifications to the tax procedures, SAP recommends that you make a copy starting the name with the letter Z (for example, **ZUSTAX** or **ZCATAX**), as shown in the example below. You can then make the modifications. Make sure that you assign this modified tax procedure to the relevant country.

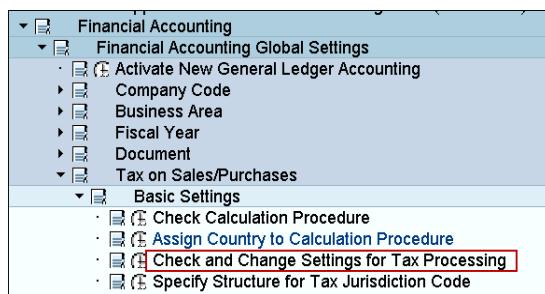


Multiple countries can call the same tax procedure depending upon your business requirements, chart of account configurations, or your need to simplify G/L posting.

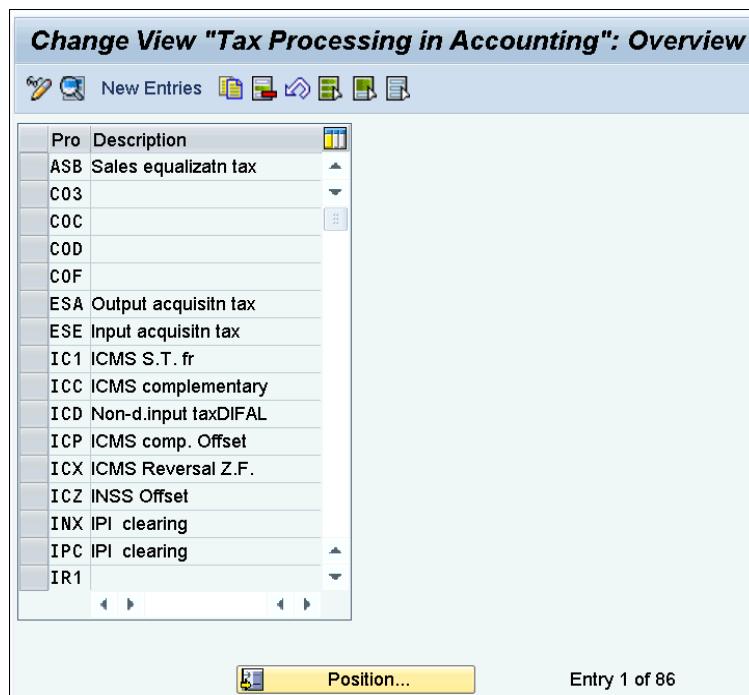


CHECKING AND UPDATING SETTINGS FOR THE TAX PROCEDURE (ACCOUNT KEYS/PROCESSES)

1. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchase > Basic Settings > Check and Change Settings for Tax Processing**.
2. Set the cursor on **Check and Change Settings for Tax Processing**, then Start. 



3. Select the **Position** button.



4. On the popup window, enter the relevant keys (such as NVV) for **TAXUSX** and **TAXCAX**.



5. Highlight NVV.

Change View "Tax Processing in Accounting": Overview

New Entries

Pro	Description
NVV	Purchase Tax 1
PT3	

6. Select  the General details icon to see the details.

Change View "Tax Processing in Accounting": Details

New Entries

Process NVV

General details

Description	Purchase Tax 1
Tax type	2 Input tax
Not deductible	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Posting indic.	3 Distribute to relevant expense/revenue items
Not disctr. rel.	<input type="checkbox"/>

For **TAXUSX** and **TAXCAX**, the following account keys are applicable: NVV, VS1, VS2, VS3, VS4, MW1, MW2, MW3 and MW4.

7. Repeat the steps to see the details on other account keys. The following configuration applies to VS1, VS2, VS3, and VS4:

Change View "Tax Processing in Accounting": Details

New Entries

Process VS1

General details

Description	Purchase tax 1
Tax type	2 Input tax
Not deductible	<input type="checkbox"/>
Posting Indic.	2 Separate line item
Not disctr. rel.	<input type="checkbox"/>

The following configuration applies to MW1, MW2, MW3, and MW4:

Change View "Tax Processing in Accounting"

New Entries

Process MW1

General details

Description	Sales tax 1
Tax type	1 Output tax
Not deductible	<input type="checkbox"/>
Posting indic.	2 Separate line item
Not disctr. rel.	<input type="checkbox"/>

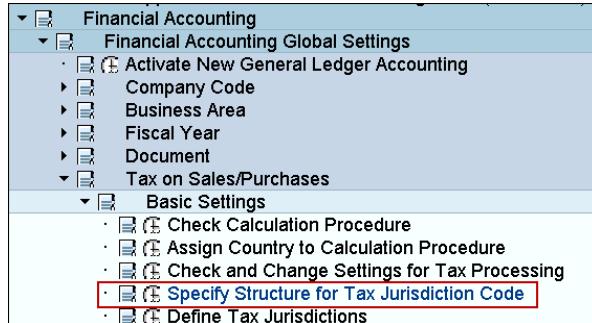


SAP has provided these account keys with out-of-the-box configurations. Please do not change the settings on these account keys. If necessary, make a copy of these account keys and then change the settings.

The default configuration for NVV does not enable auditing of tax amounts in ONESOURCE Indirect Tax audit database because the taxes are distributed to relevant expense/revenue accounts in SAP.

SPECIFYING THE STRUCTURE FOR THE TAX JURISDICTION CODE

1. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchase > Basic Settings > Specify Structure for Tax Jurisdiction Code.**



2. Set the cursor on **Specify Structure for Tax Jurisdiction Code**, then select **Start**.
3. Find the tax procedure **TAXUSX**.
4. Modify **TAXUSX** with jurisdiction structure 4-5-4-1:

Change View "Jurisdiction Code Structure": O						
	Schema Name	Lg	Lg	Lg	Lg	Tx In
	TAXUSX tax calculation with Sabrix	4	5	4	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	7TAXAR Sales tax Argentina	2	1			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

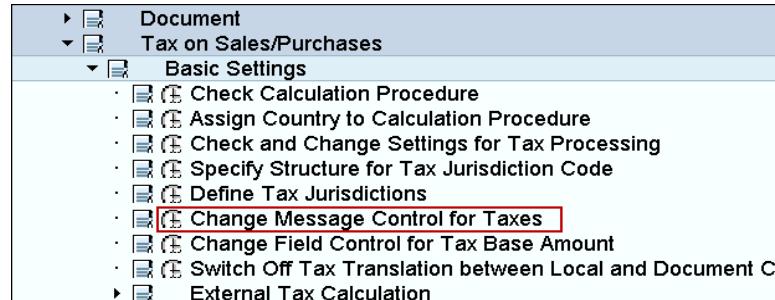
5. Find the tax procedure **TAXCAX**.
6. Modify **TAXCAX** as shown here with jurisdiction structure 2-2. If you had to create tax procedure **TAXCAX**, then you will also have to create this schema as a new entry to the list.

Change View "Jurisdiction Code Structure"						
	Schema Name	Lg	Lg	Lg	Lg	Tx In
	TAXCAX Canada Onesource structure	2	2			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	TAXTF	3				<input type="checkbox"/>

7. Save your work.

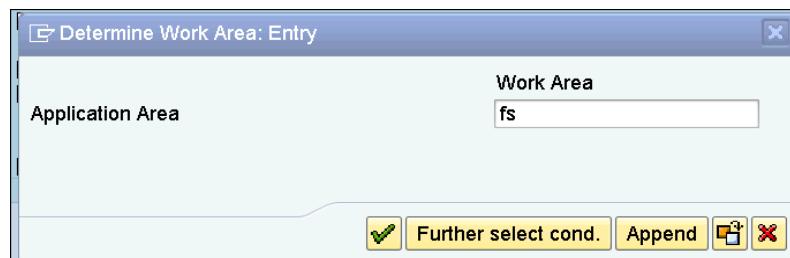
Changing the Message Control for Taxes

1. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchase > Basic Settings > Change Message Control for Taxes.**

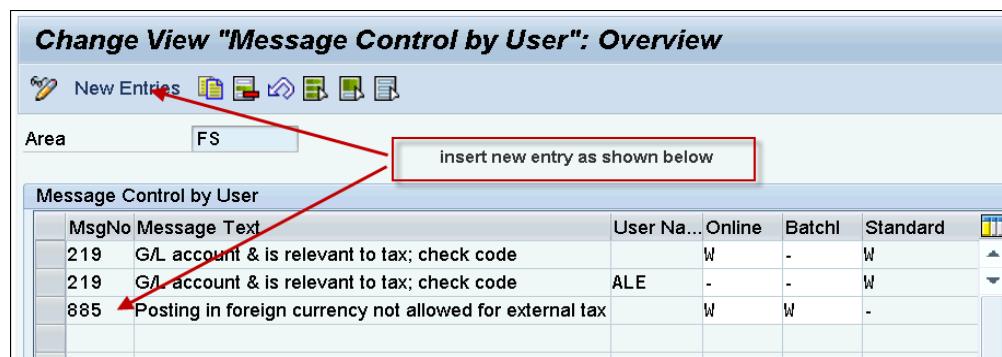


2. Set the cursor on **Change Message Control for Taxes**, then select **Start**. 

3. Define Application area FS.



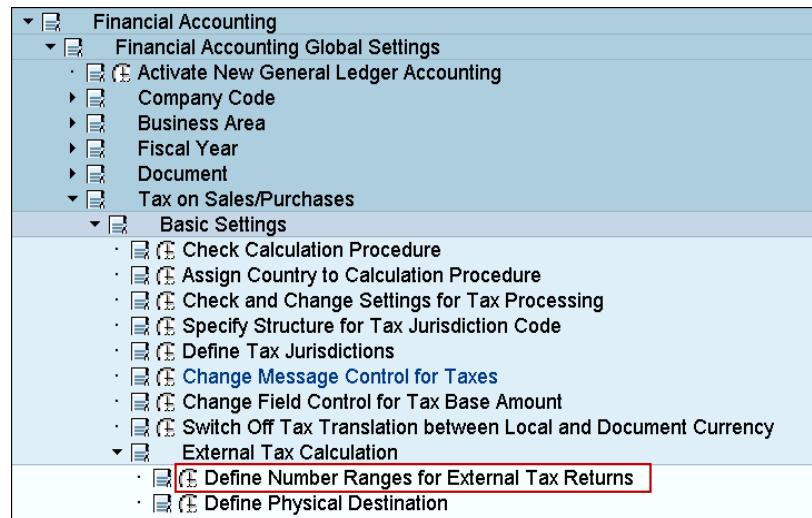
4. Define message 885.



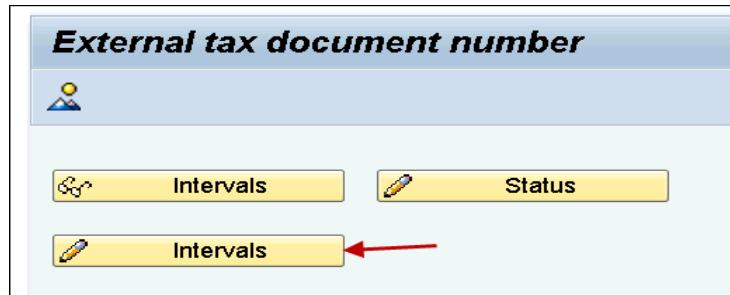
5. Save your work.

DEFINING NUMBER RANGES FOR EXTERNAL TAX CALCULATION

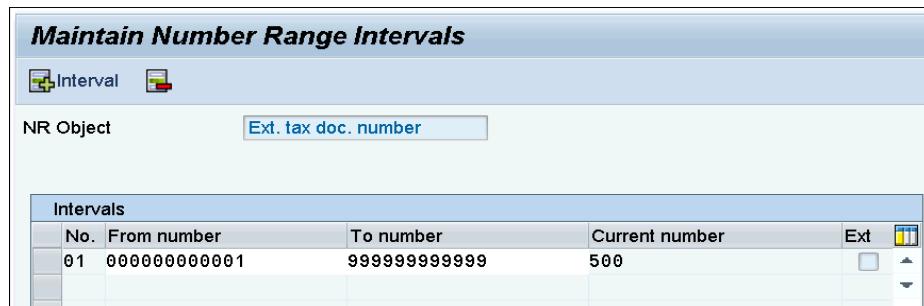
1. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchase > Basic Settings > External Tax Calculation > Define Number Ranges for External Tax Returns.**



2. Set the cursor on **Define Number Ranges for External Tax Returns**, then select **Start**.



3. Select the **Intervals** button, then define the number range.



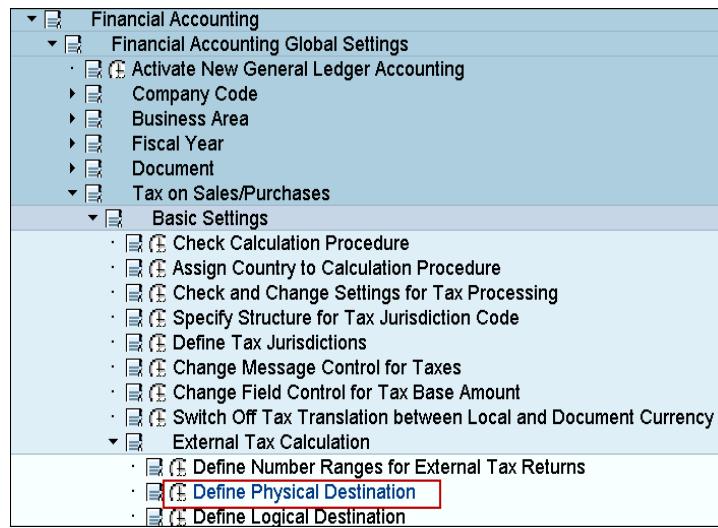
Never make this number range external by checking the **Ext** check box. Always leave blank

4. Save your work.

DEFINING THE PHYSICAL DESTINATION (RFC) ACCOUNT

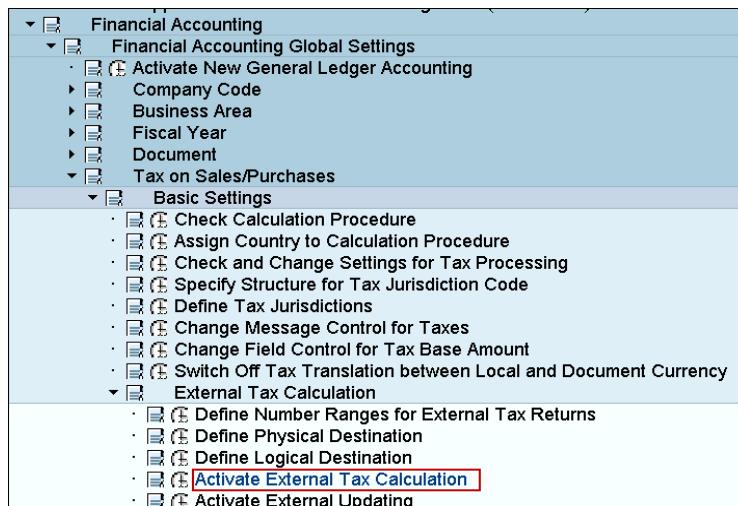
1. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchases > Basic Settings > External Tax Calculation > Define Physical Destination (RFC) Account.**

This step has been described in detail in *Integration for SAP Installation and RFC Configuration Guide*, and you should have already tested the configuration as shown in that guide. You do not need to perform any additional configuration here.



ACTIVATING EXTERNAL TAX CALCULATION

1. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchases > Basic Settings > External Tax Calculation > Activate External Tax Calculation.**



2. Set the cursor on **Activate External Tax Calculation**, then select **Start**.

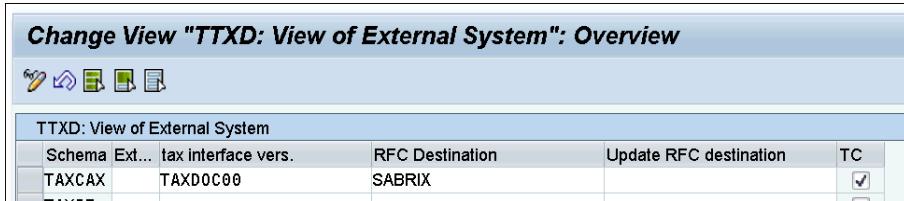
3. Maintain the data for tax procedures **TAXUSX** and **TAXCAX**.

Change View "TTXD: View of External System": Overview



TTXD: View of External System				
Schema Ext...	tax interface vers.	RFC Destination	Update RFC destination	TC
TAXUSX S	TAXDOC00	SABRIX	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
TAXCAX	TAXDOC00	SABRIX	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Change View "TTXD: View of External System": Overview



TTXD: View of External System				
Schema Ext...	tax interface vers.	RFC Destination	Update RFC destination	TC
TAXCAX	TAXDOC00	SABRIX	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
TAXUSX	TAXDOC00	SABRIX	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

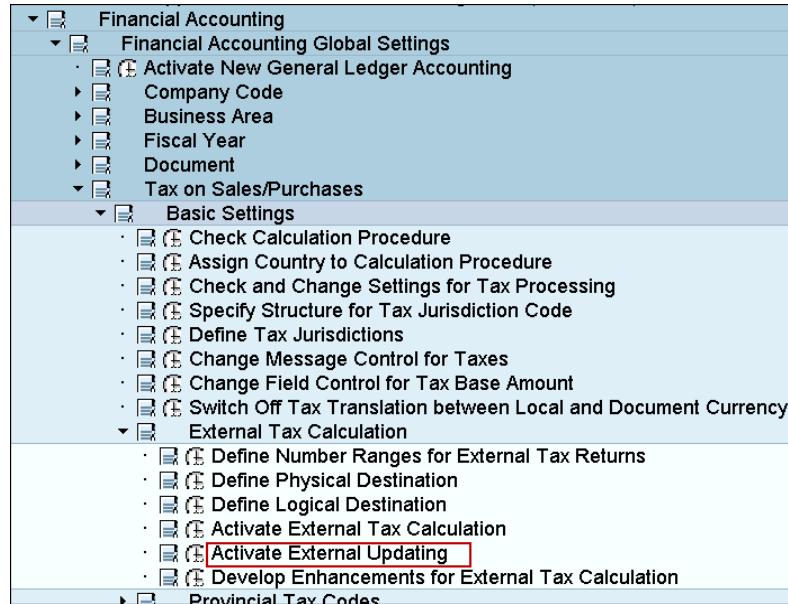
4. Save your work.



If you have configured a custom tax procedure and assigned it to a country, be sure that you have also done the configuration above. If you do not do this, the call to ONESOURCE Indirect Tax will not be made.

ACTIVATING EXTERNAL UPDATING

1. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchases > Basic Settings > External Tax Calculation > Activate External Updating.**



2. Set the cursor on **Activate External Updating**, then select **Start**.
3. Check the **Active** check box.

Change View "View for Component EXTX": Overview			
Component	To year	Activ	
EXTX	2999	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

4. Save your work.



This is only a one-time configuration, and if you do not complete this step, tax results will not be audited in Determination audit database.

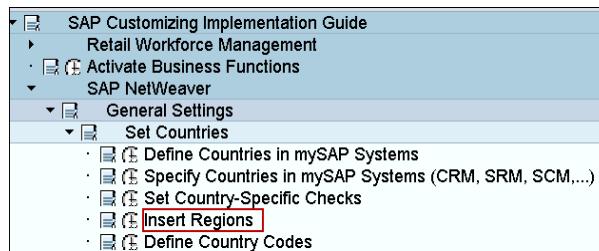
MAINTAINING CANADIAN PROVINCES (OVK2)

You must change some of the province codes in SAP to ensure compatibility with Determination. Refer to OSS note 548753.

- Change *NL* (Newfoundland) to *NF*.
- Change *NN* (Nunavut) to *NU*.

ONESOURCE Indirect Tax also recommends removing province code **ZZ** because it is not a valid Canadian Province.

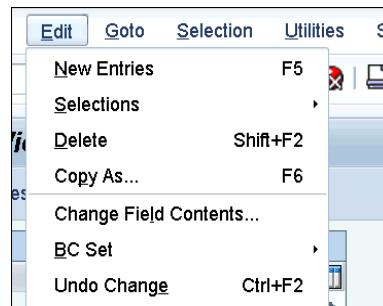
1. From IMG, navigate to **General Settings > Set Countries > Insert Region**.



2. Highlight **CA - NL** and select it.

Regions		
Country	Region	Description
CA	NL	Newfoundland

3. Select **Copy As** from the **Edit** menu.



4. Replace *NL* with *NF*.

Change View "Regions": Overview		
Regions		
Country	Region	Description
CA	NF	Newfoundland

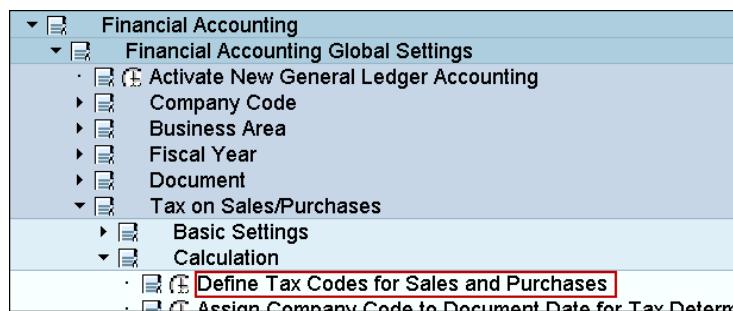
You will have two entries now: **CA - NF** and **CA - NL**.

5. Delete CA - NL and save your work.

Change View "Regions": Overview		
Regions		
Country	Region	Description
CA	NF	Newfoundland
CA	NL	Newfoundland
CA	NN	Nunavut

DEFINING TAX CODES ON SALES AND PURCHASES

1. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchases > Calculation > Define Tax Codes for Sales and Purchases.**



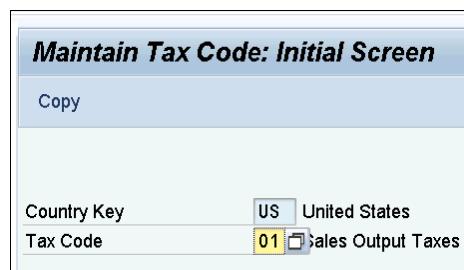
2. Click on **Define Tax Codes on Sales and Purchases**, then select **Start**.

Create Tax Code O1 - A/R Taxes (Sales)

1. Select the **Country US**.

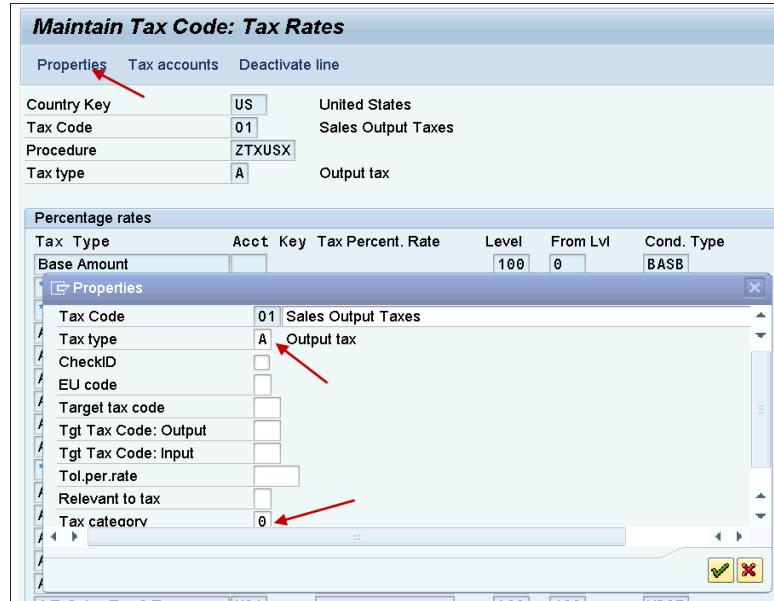


2. Enter the **Tax Code O1**.



3. Click **Properties** to open the Properties popup. Modify the fields:

- Set the **Tax Type** to **A**;
- Set the **Tax Category** to **0** or leave blank.



4. In the accrual block, levels 510 to 550, you **must** set **Tax Percent** to **100**.



5. Save your work.

Create Tax Code I1 - A/P Taxes (Input)

1. Repeat the prior process for Tax Code I1. Modify the **Properties** fields:

- Set the **Tax Type** to *V*.
- Set the **Tax Category** to *0* or leave blank.

Maintain Tax Code: Tax Rates				Properties			
Properties	Tax accounts	Deactivate line		Tax Code	I1	Sabrix Sales Tax	
Country Key	US	United States		Tax type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> V	Input tax	
Tax Code	I1	Sabrix Sale		CheckID	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Procedure	ZTXUSX			EU code	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Tax type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> V	Input tax		Target tax code	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Percentage rates				Tgt Tax Code: Output	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Tax Type	Acct	Key	Tax Percent	Tgt Tax Code: Input	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Base Amount				Tol.per.rate	<input type="checkbox"/>		
*				Relevant to tax	<input type="checkbox"/>		
*				Tax category	<input type="checkbox"/> 0		
A/P Sales Tax 1 Inv.	NVV	100.000	210	100	XP1I		
A/P Sales Tax 2 Inv.	NVV	100.000	220	100	XP2I		
A/P Sales Tax 3 Inv.	NVV	100.000	230	100	XP3I		
A/P Sales Tax 4 Inv.	NVV	100.000	240	100	XP4I		
A/P Sales Tax 5 Inv.	NVV	100.000	250	100	XP5I		
A/P Sales Tax 6 Inv.	NVV	100.000	260	100	XP6I		

2. In the accrual block, levels **210** to **260**, you must set **Tax Percent** to *100*.

3. Save your work.

Tax Code: U1 - A/P Taxes (Self-Assessment)

See *Recommended Tax Codes for US and Canada (page 24)* for US and Canada tax codes.

1. Create Tax Code **U1 - A/P Taxes (Self-Assessment)**.
2. Modify the **Properties** fields:

- Set the **Tax Type** to **V**.
- Set the **Tax Category** to **1**.

Maintain Tax Code: Tax Rates

Properties		Tax accounts		Deactivate line		
Country Key	US	United		Self Asses		
Tax Code	U1					
Procedure	ZTXUSX					
Tax type	V	Input ta				
Percentage rates						
Tax Type	Acct	Key	Tax Pe			
Base Amount						
*						
*						
A/P Sales Tax 1 Inv.	NVV		100.000	210	100	XP1I
A/P Sales Tax 2 Inv.	NVV		100.000	220	100	XP2I
A/P Sales Tax 3 Inv.	NVV		100.000	230	100	XP3I
A/P Sales Tax 4 Inv.	NVV		100.000	240	100	XP4I
A/P Sales Tax 5 Inv.	NVV		100.000	250	100	XP5I
A/P Sales Tax 6 Inv.	NVV		100.000	260	100	XP6I
*				0	0	

- Set Levels **210** to **260** to a **Tax Percent Rate** of **100**.
- On the same screen, set Levels **410** to **460** to a **Tax Percent Rate** of **100.000**.

A/P Sales Tax 1 Use	MW1	100.000-	410	210	XP1U
A/P Sales Tax 2 Use	MW2	100.000-	420	220	XP2U
A/P Sales Tax 3 Use	MW3	100.000-	430	230	XP3U
A/P Sales Tax 4 Use	MW4	100.000-	440	240	XP4U
A/P Sales Tax 5 Use	MW4	100.000-	450	250	XP5U
A/P Sales Tax 6 Use	MW4	100.000-	460	260	XP6U
*			0	0	

- Save your work and then create the same tax codes for Canada.

Recommended Tax Codes for US and Canada

Use values in the following table to complete the procedure above.

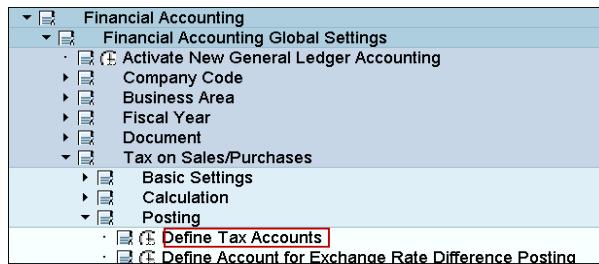
US and Canada Tax Codes							
Country	Tax Procedure	Tax Code	Description			Tax Type	Tax Category
US	TAXUSX	O1	AR - Taxes			A	0
US	TAXUSX	I1	AP - Taxes (Input)			V	0
US	TAXUSX	U1	AP - Taxes (Self Assessment)			V	1
CA	TAXCAX	O1	AR - Taxes			A	0
CA	TAXCAX	I1	AP - Taxes (Input)			V	0
CA	TAXCAX	U1	AP - Taxes (Self Assessment)			V	1

Based on the properties of the tax code, Integration provides the following Company Role (Buyer or Seller) to Determination.

Company Role based on Tax Type			
Tax Type	Description	Tax Category	ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Company Role
A	Output Tax	Must be 0 or Blank; no other flags are allowed.	S - Seller
V	Input Tax	If 0 or Blank	S - Seller
V	Input Tax	1	B - Buyer

Defining Tax Accounts

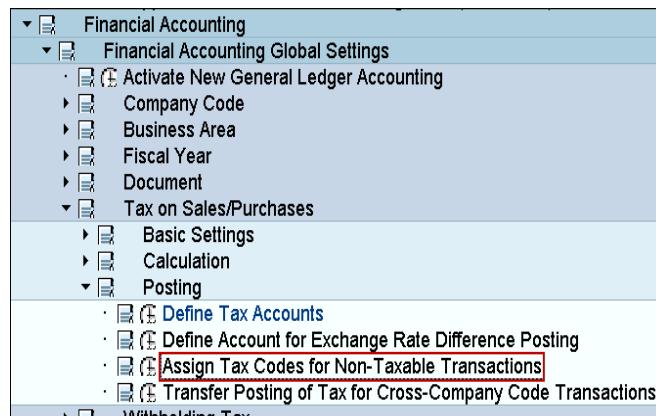
From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchases > Posting > Define Tax Accounts**.



You will assign the G/L accounts for posting taxes, using values specific to your accounting needs. Please have your accounting department provide guidelines to complete this configuration.

Assigning Tax Codes for Non-Taxable Transactions

1. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchases > Postings > Assign Tax Codes for Non-Taxable Transactions**.
2. Set the cursor on **Assign Tax Codes for Non-Taxable Transactions**, then select **Start**.



Change View "Allocate Co.Cd. -> Non-Taxable Transactions": Overview					
CoCd	Company Name	City	Input tax...	Output t...	Jurisdct. code
3000	IDES US INC	New York	10	00	US000000000
3010	IDES Canada Inc	Toronto	10	00	

3. For the given company set the data as shown above.

SD CONFIGURATIONS

SD configurations require several procedures:

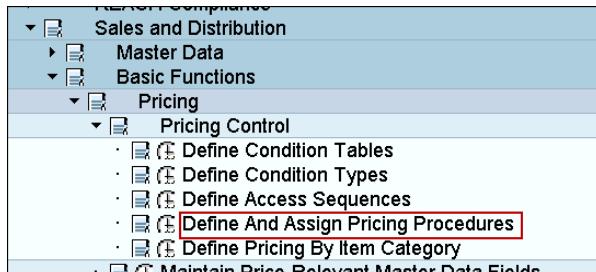
- **MAINTAINING THE PRICING PROCEDURE FOR TAX CALCULATION (page 27)**
- **DETERMINING PRICING PROCEDURE (ASSIGNING PRICING PROCEDURE) (page 29)**
- **DEFINING TAX DETERMINATION RULES (page 31)**
- **ASSIGNING DELIVERING PLANTS FOR TAX DETERMINATION (page 32)**
- **DEFINING TAX RELEVANCE OF CUSTOMER MASTER RECORDS (page 34)**
- **DEFINING TAX RELEVANCE OF MATERIALS MASTER RECORDS (page 35)**

MAINTAINING THE PRICING PROCEDURE FOR TAX CALCULATION

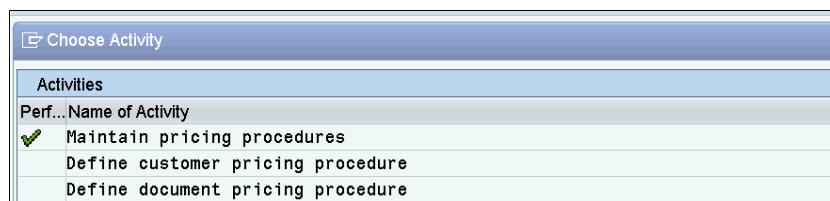
SAP has provided the **RVAXUD** pricing procedure to make a tax call to Determination. The essential condition types in this tax procedure are *UTXD*, *UTXE*, and *XR1-XR6*.

If you have already implemented SAP and are using pricing procedures, you need to decide how to add these condition types in your existing pricing procedures to enable the tax call to ONESOURCE Indirect Tax. You must use *UTXD* and *UTXE* to take the benefit of max tax calculation.

1. From IMG, navigate to **Sales and Distribution > Basic Functions > Pricing > Pricing Control > Define and Assign Pricing Procedure**.



2. Set the cursor on **Define and Assign Pricing Procedure**, then select **Start**.
3. Highlight **Maintain Pricing Procedure** and double-click it.



4. Find the pricing procedure **RVAXUD**.

Change View "Procedures": Overview		
New Entries BC Set: Change Field Values		
Dialog Structure	Usage <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	
Procedures	Application <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> V	
Control data		
Procedures		
Proce...	Descript.	TSPP Pricing Type
RVAXUD	Standard - USA /with Jur. ext.	<input type="checkbox"/>

5. Double-click **Control Data** to see the details.

Change View "Control data": Overview													
New Entries BC Set: Change Field Values													
Dialog Structure	Procedure <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RVAXUD Standard - USA /with Jur. ext.												
Procedures													
Control data													
Reference Step Overview													
Step	Cou... CTyp Description	Fro	To	Ma...	Re...	Stat...	P.Su	Tot	Reqd	CalType	BasTy...	AccKey...	Accruals
903	0 B003 Customer Rebate	400			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			24			ERB	ERU
904	0 B004 Hierarchy Rebate	400			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			24			ERB	ERU
905	0 B005 Hierarchy rebate/mat	400			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			24			ERB	ERU
908	0 P102 Intercompany %				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	X B	22		2	ERL	
909	0 P101 Intercompany Price				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	X B	22			ERL	
910	0 UTXD US Tax per document	900			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			500			
911	0 UTXE US Tax per document	900			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			501			
912	0 XR1 Tax Jur Code Level 1	900			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			301		MWS	MWS
913	0 XR2 Tax Jur Code Level 2	900			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			302		MWS	MWS
914	0 XR3 Tax Jur Code Level 3	900			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			303		MWS	MWS
915	0 XR4 Tax Jur Code Level 4	900			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			304		MWS	MWS
916	0 XR5 Tax Jur Code Level 5	900			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			305		MWS	MWS
917	0 XR6 Tax Jur Code Level 6	900			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		6	306		MWS	MWS
918	0 DIFF Rounding Off				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		13	16	4	ERS	



If you have business-specific needs to alter this pricing procedure or if you have an existing pricing procedure that calls Determination for tax calculation, make sure that you have all condition types shown above with this exact set-up. If you need to make major modifications, SAP always recommends that you make a copy of the original, and then alter it according to your business needs.

Once you have the pricing procedure set up correctly, make sure that you can invoke this pricing procedure from the sales transaction, as shown in the next step. Seek help from your SD expert about setting the required configurations to make sure that the correct pricing procedure gets invoked.

DETERMINING PRICING PROCEDURE (ASSIGNING PRICING PROCEDURE)

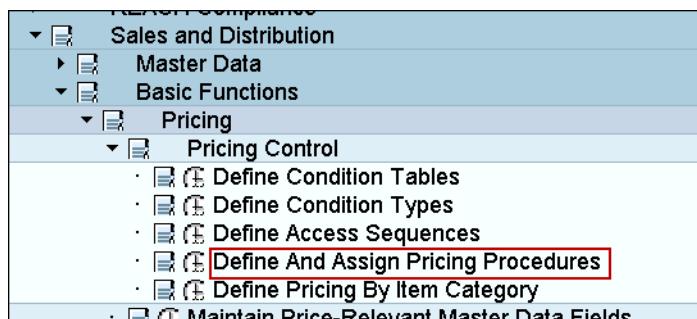
Five factors determine the pricing procedure in SD. Those factors are:

- Sales Organization
- Distribution Channel
- Division
- Order Type
- Sold-To-Party

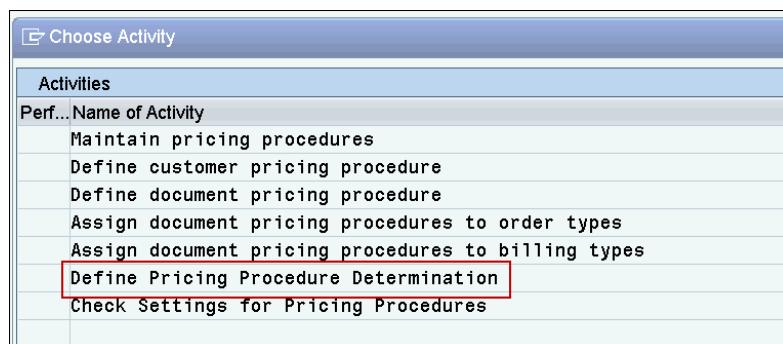
Order Type and Sold-To-Party have a pricing indicator assigned to them.

Make sure that your master data (Sold-To-Party) has the correct indicator in the **Sold-To-Party Billing** tab. The configuration in SAP exists in this location.

1. From IMG, navigate to **Sales and Distribution > Basic Functions > Pricing > Pricing Control > Define and Assign Pricing Procedures**.
2. Set the cursor on **Define Pricing Procedure**, then select **Start**.

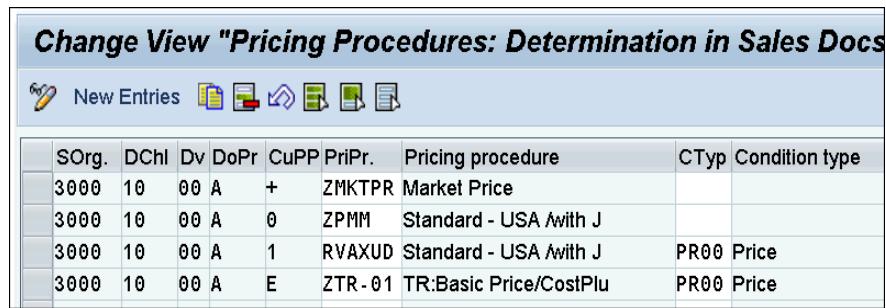


3. Double-click **Define Pricing Procedure Determination**.



4. On this screen make sure that you have correctly configured your pricing procedure determination. Work with your SD Business Analyst to confirm all lines in this table are correct for all combinations of sales org, channel, etc. Multiple lines would need to be updated based on your pricing procedure structures.

Change View "Pricing Procedures: Determination in Sales Docs"



SOrg.	DChl	Dv	DoPr	CuPP	PriPr.	Pricing procedure	CTyp	Condition type
3000	10	00	A	+	ZMKTPR	Market Price		
3000	10	00	A	0	ZPMM	Standard - USA with J		
3000	10	00	A	1	RVAXUD	Standard - USA with J	PR00	Price
3000	10	00	A	E	ZTR-01	TR:Basic Price/CostPlu	PR00	Price

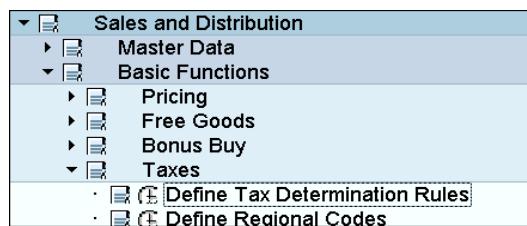
DEFINING TAX DETERMINATION RULES

In SD, your tax code determination is based on the tax category and its corresponding indicator. Both the tax category and its indicator are maintained on the Sales Organization view of the customer master.

The following configuration is required to assign an appropriate indicator to a tax category:

1. From IMG, navigate to **Sales and Distribution > Basic Functions > Taxes > Define Tax Determination Rules**.

2. Set the cursor on **Define Tax Determination Rules**, select **Start**. 



3. Assign the Tax Category **UTXJ** to the country **US**.

Change View "Taxes: Tax Categories by Country": Overview				
     				
Tax count.	Name	Seq.	Tax categ.	Name
US	United States	1	UTXJ	Tax Jurisdict.Code
ZA	South Africa	1	MWST	Output Tax

4. Assign the Tax Category **UTXJ** as shown above to the country **CA**.

Change View "Taxes: Tax Categories by Country": Overview				
     				
Tax count.	Name	Seq.	Tax categ.	Name
CA	Canada	1	UTXJ	Tax Jurisdict.Code

Make sure that you have only one entry in this configuration for a given country.



ASSIGNING DELIVERING PLANTS FOR TAX DETERMINATION

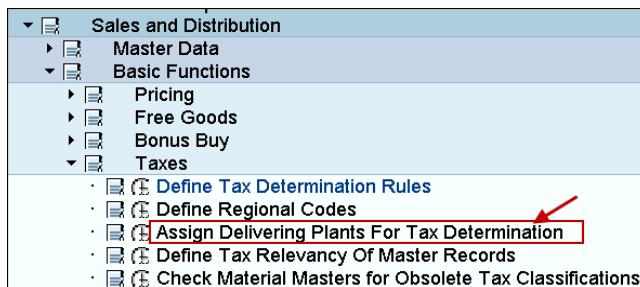
In SD, SAP uses plant as a ship-from location (by default). In MM, plant is used as a ship-to location for tax calculation. Therefore, make sure that every active plant in your company has been assigned a jurisdiction code.

Determination plays a key role in determining the tax jurisdiction code for any given address based on the City, ZIP and ZIP+4 address data.

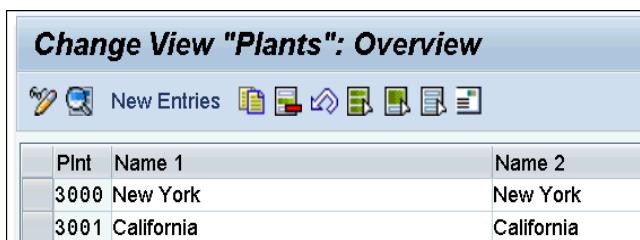
You have already completed all prerequisite configurations so that Determination determines tax jurisdiction codes for your plant addresses. This is a good test to make sure that SAP is calling Determination through the installed Integration and receiving jurisdiction codes for US and CA addresses back from ONESOURCE Indirect Tax.

If you do not receive a jurisdiction code for some of your US or CA addresses, the prerequisite configurations were incorrectly done.

1. From IMG, navigate to **Sales and Distribution > Basic Functions > Taxes > Assign Delivering Plants for Tax Determination**.

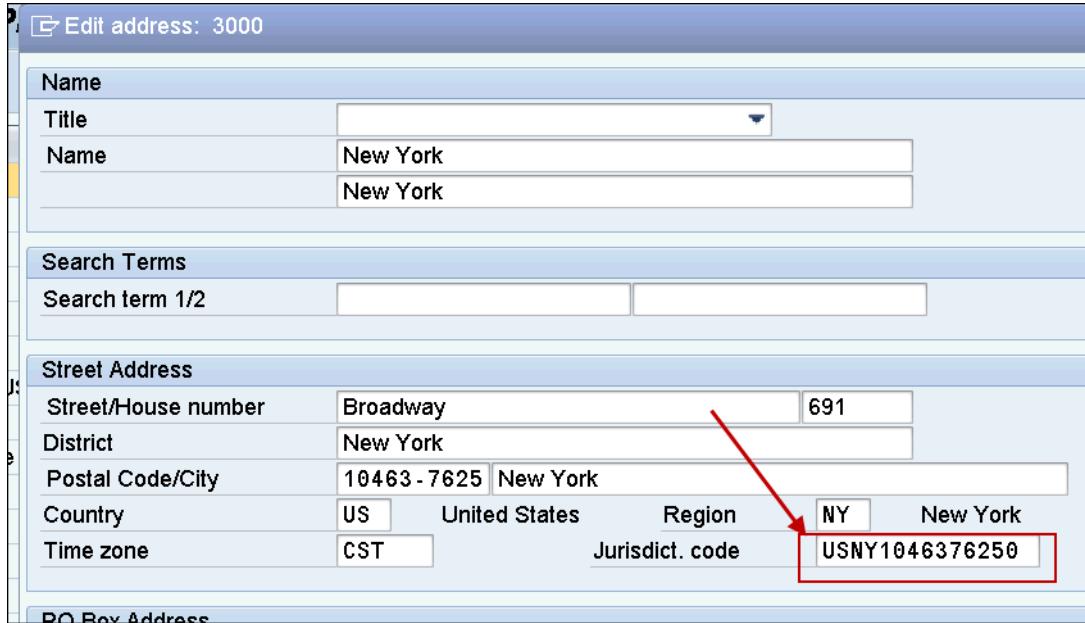


2. Set cursor on **Assign Delivering Plants for Tax Determination**, then select **Start**.



3. Highlight the **Plant** code on which you want to maintain the jurisdiction code.

4. Select the address icon  to get to the address details.
5. Provide the address and press **ENTER**. ONESOURCE Indirect Tax must return the jurisdiction code.



The screenshot shows the SAP 'Edit address' dialog box with the following details:

Name	
Title	<input type="text"/>
Name	New York
	New York

Search Terms	
Search term 1/2	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>

Street Address	
Street/House number	Broadway <input type="text" value="691"/>
District	New York
Postal Code/City	10463 - 7625 New York
Country	US United States
Time zone	CST
Region	NY New York
Jurisdct. code	<input type="text" value="USNY1046376250"/>

6. Save your work.
7. Repeat for all applicable plants you use for end-to-end testing.

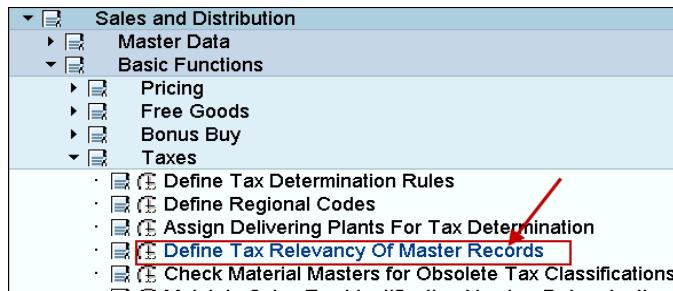


ONESOURCE Indirect Tax recommends that you provide the complete Postal Code, including the +4 portion, to get the unique jurisdiction code.

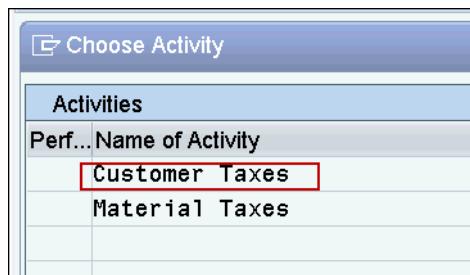
DEFINING TAX RELEVANCE OF CUSTOMER MASTER RECORDS

This configuration is required to set up a tax-relevant flag which you will use in the Customer Master. You will maintain those flags here. ONESOURCE Indirect Tax recommends that you use 1 as the Taxable flag. ONESOURCE Indirect Tax also recommends that you maintain every customer and material as taxable in SAP and let Determination decide taxability.

1. From IMG, navigate to **Sales and Distribution > Basic Functions > Taxes > Define Tax Relevancy of Master Records**.



2. Click on **Define Tax Relevancy of Master Records**, then **Start**. 



3. Double-click **Customer Taxes**.
4. Maintain the **Tax Class** as 1.

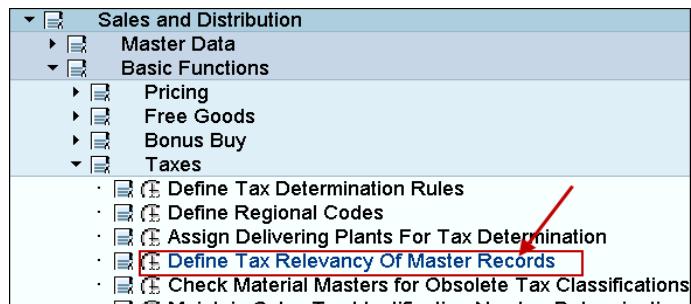
Change View "Customer Taxes": Overview				
 New Entries     				
Tax categ.	Name	Tax class.	Description	
UTXJ	Tax Jurisdict.Code	1	Liable for Tax	

5. Save your work.

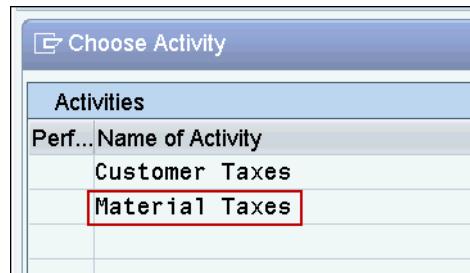
DEFINING TAX RELEVANCE OF MATERIALS MASTER RECORDS

This configuration is required to set up a tax-relevant flag you use in the Sales Organization view of the Material Master. You will maintain those flags here. ONESOURCE Indirect Tax recommends that you use 1 as the Taxable flag. ONESOURCE Indirect Tax also recommends that you maintain every customer and material as taxable in SAP and let Determination decide taxability.

1. From IMG, navigate to **Sales and Distribution > Basic Functions > Taxes > Define Tax Relevancy of Master Records**.



2. on **Define Tax Relevancy of Master Records**, then select **Start**. 



3. Highlight **Material Taxes** and then double-click it.

4. Assign the tax indicator.

Change View "Material Taxes": Overview				
     				
Tax categ.	Name	Tax class.	Description	
UTXJ	Tax Jurisdct.Code	1	Taxable	

5. Save your work.

MM CONFIGURATIONS

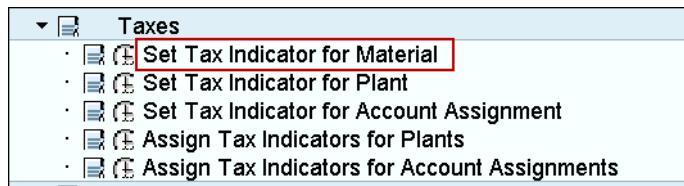
MM configurations require the following procedures:

- **SETTING THE TAX INDICATOR FOR MATERIALS (page 36)**
- **SETTING THE TAX INDICATOR FOR PLANT (page 37)**
- **SETTING THE TAX INDICATOR FOR ACCOUNT ASSIGNMENT (page 38)**
- **ASSIGNING THE TAX INDICATOR FOR PLANT (page 39)**
- **ASSIGNING THE TAX INDICATOR FOR ACCOUNT ASSIGNMENT (page 40)**

SETTING THE TAX INDICATOR FOR MATERIALS

This configuration assigns a tax indicator on the purchasing view of material master. This flag will be used to determine the tax code.

1. From IMG, navigate to **Materials Management > Purchasing > Taxes > Set Tax Indicator for Material**.



2. Set the cursor on **Set Tax Indicator for Material**, then select **Start**. 
3. Assign the tax indicator to country **US**.

Change View "Determination of Tax"		
 New Entries      		
Dst.Cntry	Material	Description
US	1	taxable

4. Assign the tax indicator to country **CA**.

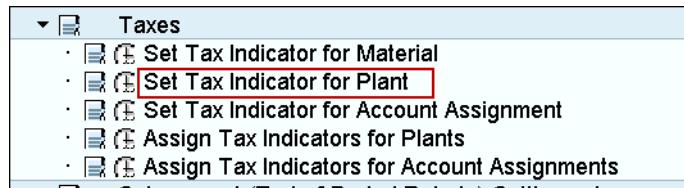
Change View "Determination of Tax"		
 New Entries      		
Dst.Cntry	Material	Description
CA	1	Taxable

5. Save your work.

SETTING THE TAX INDICATOR FOR PLANT

In this configuration, you maintain the taxable flags for all countries to which your plants belong.

1. From IMG, navigate to **Materials Management > Purchasing > Taxes > Set Tax Indicator for Plant**.



2. Set the cursor on **Set Taxes Indicator for Plant**, then select **Start**. 
3. Assign the taxable indicator 1 for the country **US**.

Change View "Determination of Tax Indicator: Maintain Plant Indicator"			
 New Entries     			
Dst.Cntry	Plant Tax ID	Description	
US	1	Taxable	

4. Assign the taxable indicator 1 for the country **CA**.

Change View "Determination of Tax Indicator: Maintain Plant Indicator"			
 New Entries     			
Dst.Cntry	Plant Tax ID	Description	
CA	1	Taxable	

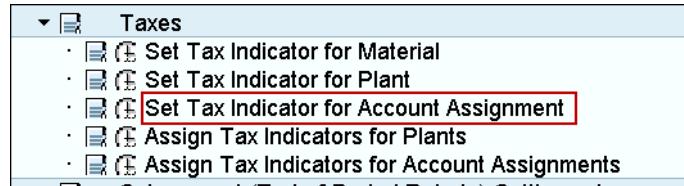
5. Save your work.

SETTING THE TAX INDICATOR FOR ACCOUNT ASSIGNMENT

This configuration is required to set a taxable indicator for account assignment.

1. From IMG, navigate to **Materials Management > Purchasing > Taxes > Set Tax Indicator for Account Assignment**.

2. Set the cursor on **Set Tax Indicator for Account Assignment**, then select **Start**. 



3. Set the tax indicator for **US**.

Change View "Determine Tax Code: Maintain Account Assignment Indicator"		
 New Entries     		
Dst.Cntry	Tax Ind. AccAss.	Description
US	1	Taxable

4. Set the tax indicator for **CA**.

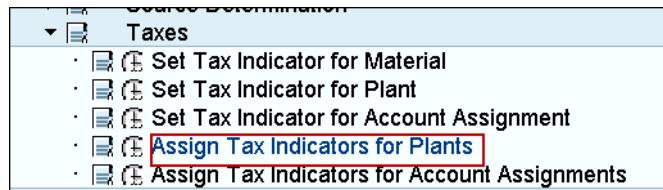
Change View "Determine Tax Code: Maintain Account Assignment Indicator"		
 New Entries     		
Dst.Cntry	Tax Ind. AccAss.	Description
CA	1	Taxable

5. Save your work.

ASSIGNING THE TAX INDICATOR FOR PLANT

In this configuration you assign the tax indicator to the plant that you created in the previous configuration. You can use this indicator to determine the tax code.

1. From IMG, navigate to **Materials Management > Purchasing > Taxes > Assign Tax Indicator for Plant**.



2. Set the cursor on **Assigning the Tax Indicator for Plant**, then select **Start**. 
3. Assign the tax indicator to the plant. Remember to complete this for all plants.

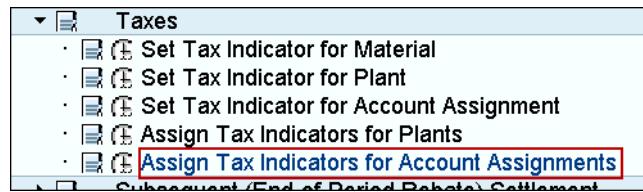
Change View "Assignment of Tax Indicator to Plant": Overview			
	Plant	Name 1	Plant Tax ID
	3000	New York	1

4. Save your work.

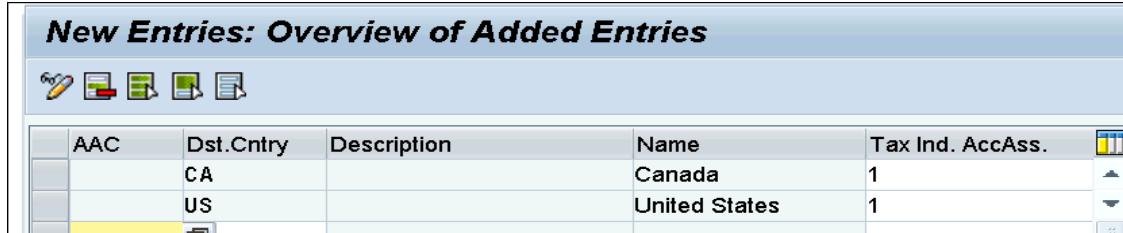
ASSIGNING THE TAX INDICATOR FOR ACCOUNT ASSIGNMENT

In this configuration, you assign the tax indicator to the account.

1. From IMG, navigate to **Materials Management > Purchasing > Taxes > Assign Tax Indicator for Account Assignments**.



2. Set the cursor on **Assign the Tax Indicators for Account Assignments**, then select **Start**.
3. Assign the tax indicator to each of the combinations of Account Assignment code and destination country. Set Tax Ind. AccAss. to code 1 (taxable) for each combination.



New Entries: Overview of Added Entries					
	AAC	Dst.Cntry	Description	Name	Tax Ind. AccAss.
		CA		Canada	1
		US		United States	1

4. Save your work.

MAINTAINING MASTER DATA

Once you have done the necessary configurations in SD and MM with tax indicators, you need to assign those tax indicators in the material master and customer master.

In SD, based on these tax indicators, tax codes are determined in the pricing procedure. You also need to maintain the condition type *UTXJ* with the appropriate tax codes based on these indicators. *UTXJ* is the condition type used in the pricing procedure for tax code determination.

The following procedures describe how to assign tax indicators and maintain the condition type for tax code determinations:

- **ASSIGNING TAX INDICATORS IN THE MATERIAL MASTER SALES ORGANIZATION VIEW (page 41)**
- **ASSIGNING TAX INDICATORS IN THE MATERIAL MASTER PURCHASING VIEW (page 43)**
- **ASSIGNING TAX INDICATORS IN THE CUSTOMER MASTER (page 45)**
- **MAINTAINING JURISDICTION CODES (page 46)**
- **MAINTAINING CONDITION TYPE UTXJ TO DETERMINE THE TAX CODE (page 48)**
- **MAINTAINING COMMODITY CODES ON THE MATERIAL MASTER (page 53)**

ASSIGNING TAX INDICATORS IN THE MATERIAL MASTER SALES ORGANIZATION VIEW

Transaction: MM01/MM02

1. Enter the Material number.

Material	S - 1002
----------	----------

2. Select **Sales: Sales Org. Data 1** and press ENTER.

View
Basic Data 1
Basic Data 2
Classification
Sales: Sales Org. Data 1

3. Enter the **Sales Organization** and **Distribution Channel**.

Organizational levels	
Plant	<input type="text"/>
Sales Org.	3000
Distr. Channel	10

Org. levels/profiles only on request

4. Hit Enter.

Co...	Country	Tax...	Tax category	Tax classification
US	United States	UTXJ	Tax Jurisdict.Code	1 Taxable

Entry 14 of 14

5. Save your work and repeat this for all of the sales area and country codes extended to this material. Make sure you have a line for both US and Canada country codes on each part number for this procedure.

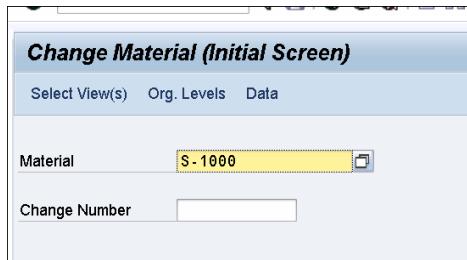


There are tools available that your Professional Services Representative can offer for mass update of all part number and sales organization extensions. Talk to your ONESOURCE Indirect Tax representative for more details and assistance in this maintenance process.

ASSIGNING TAX INDICATORS IN THE MATERIAL MASTER PURCHASING VIEW

Transaction: MM01/MM02

1. Enter the Material number.



2. Select the Purchasing view.



3. Enter the Plant code.



4. Enter the Tax Ind F. Material.

Change Material S-1000 (Finished product)

Additional Data Org. Levels Check Screen Data

Sales text Purchasing Foreign trade import Purchase order text MRP 1 MRP 2

Material	S - 1000	Pump PRECISION 100	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Plant	3000	New York	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
General Data			
Base Unit of Measure	EA	Each	Order Unit <input type="checkbox"/> Var. OUn
Purchasing Group	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Material Group 00120
Plant-sp.matl status	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Valid from
Tax ind. f. material	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	Qual.f.FreeGoodsDis. <input type="checkbox"/>
Material freight grp	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Autom. PO
OB Management <input type="checkbox"/>			

5. Save your work and repeat this procedure for all of the plants extended to this material.

ASSIGNING TAX INDICATORS IN THE CUSTOMER MASTER

Transaction: XD01/XD02

1. Enter the **Customer number, Sales Organization, Distribution Channel, and Division**.

2. To maintain the tax indicators, you must be in the **Sales Area Data > Billing Tab**.

3. Save your work and repeat this process for all of the sales areas to which this customer has been extended. You will need to enter lines for both US and Canada as shown above in the taxes table.



There are tools available that your Professional Services Representative can offer for mass update of all part number and sales organization extensions. Talk to your ONESOURCE Indirect Tax representative for more details and assistance in this maintenance process.

MAINTAINING JURISDICTION CODES

Any address location used for tax calculation must contain a jurisdiction code. Based on the address, Determination determines the jurisdiction code and returns it to the calling transaction.

1. Customer Master: Transaction **XD01/XD02**.

Customer Change: Initial Screen

Customer: 3001 US Auto Services Ltd

Company code:

Sales area

Sales Organization: USA Philadelphia
Distribution Channel: Final customer sales
Division: Cross-division

Buttons: All sales areas... Customer's sales areas...

2. Enter the **Customer Master Number** and press **ENTER**.
3. You must be in the address tab to maintain the jurisdiction code. Type the complete address and press **ENTER**.

Change Customer: General Data

Customer: 3001 US Auto Services Ltd Burbank

Address Tab:

- Street/House number: 2130N Glenoaks Blvd
- District: Los Angeles
- Postal Code/City: 91504-2827 Burbank
- Country: US United States Region: CA California
- Time zone: PST Tax Jurisdctn: USCA9150428270
- Transportation zone: 0000000004 Pacific

4. ONESOURCE Indirect Tax will determine the jurisdiction code for you.

The screenshot shows the SAP 'Change Customer: General Data' interface. The 'Address' tab is selected. In the 'Street Address' section, the 'Tax Jurisdictn' field is highlighted with a red box and an arrow, containing the value 'USCA9150428270'. Other fields in this section include Street/House number (2130N Glenoaks Blvd), District (Los Angeles), Postal Code/City (91504-2827 Burbank), Country (US), Region (CA California), Time zone (PST), and Transportation zone (0000000004 Pacific). The 'Name' section shows 'Title' and 'Name' fields, and the 'Search Terms' section shows 'Search term 1/2' (SABRIX). The 'Internal. versions' tab is also visible.

5. Save your work.

Be sure to maintain the jurisdiction code on all the address elements in your transaction, such as plant, sales organization, cost center, vendor, and customer.



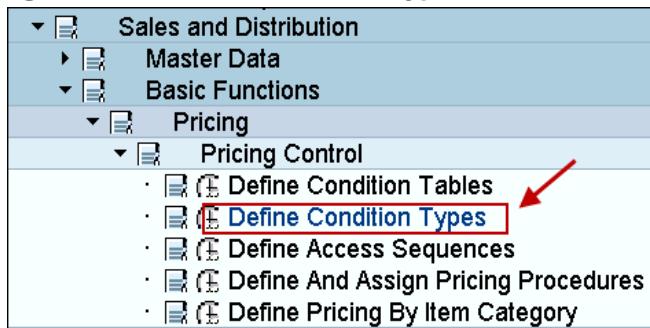
An ABAP code can do mass maintenance of jurisdiction codes. Refer to OSS Note 409562 *Mass adjustment of jurisdiction codes in address data*. Contact ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Professional Services for information on using this code.

MAINTAINING CONDITION TYPE UTXJ TO DETERMINE THE TAX CODE

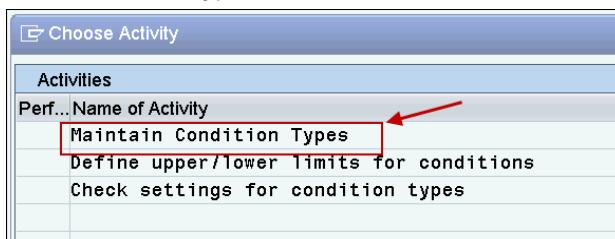
SAP determines the tax code in SD (A/R) transactions through the condition Type *UTXD* in the pricing procedure, using an access sequence of *UTX1*. *UTXD* refers to the *UTXJ* condition type; *UTXJ* has the same access sequence as *UTXD* (*UTX1*). Maintain your tax codes using the *UTXJ* condition type, with the access sequence *UTX1*. Use the condition table **2 - Domestic Taxes** to maintain your Tax Codes.

Because ONESOURCE Indirect Tax determines taxability and non-taxability, it is a best practice to maintain your customers and materials as taxable in SAP.

1. From IMG customizing (SPRO), navigate to **Sales and Distribution > Basic Functions > Pricing > Pricing Control > Define Condition Types**.



2. Double-click Maintain Condition types.



3. From the Condition Type screen use the Position button to go to UTXD and display the record.

The image shows the 'Conditions: Condition Types' overview screen. The table has columns: CTyp, Condition Type, Condition class, and Calculation type. A record for 'UTXD' is selected and highlighted with a yellow box. The 'New Entries' button is highlighted with a red box and an arrow pointing to it.

Change View "Conditions: Condition Types": Overview				
	CTyp	Condition Type	Condition class	Calculation type
	UTXD	US Tax per document	Taxes	Percentage
	UTXV	US Tax per document	Taxes	Percentage

4. Select the line and hit the details button to display the detail screen. Which shows *UTXD* referring to the *UTXJ* condition type.

Change View "Conditions: Condition Types": Details

Condit. type **UTXD** US Tax per document Access seq. **UTX1** State Tax USA (PST CN) **Records for access**

Control data 1

Cond. class	D Taxes	Plus/minus	<input type="checkbox"/> positive a
Calculat.type	A Percentage		
Cond.category	1 Tax JurDic level 1 (with license check)		
Rounding rule	Commercial		
StrucCond.			

Group condition

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group cond.	GrpCond.routine	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> RoundDiffComp		

Changes which can be made

Manual entries	<input type="checkbox"/> Not possible to process manually	<input type="checkbox"/> Amount/percent	<input type="checkbox"/> Qty relation
<input type="checkbox"/> Header condit.	<input type="checkbox"/> Delete	<input type="checkbox"/> Value	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Item condition			

Master data

valid from	<input type="checkbox"/> Today's date	PricingProc	<input type="checkbox"/>
Valid to	<input type="checkbox"/> 31.12.9999	delete fr. DB	<input type="checkbox"/> Do not delete (set the deletion flag)
RefConType	UTXJ	<input type="checkbox"/> Condition index	
RefApplicatio	<input type="checkbox"/> v	<input type="checkbox"/> Condit.update	

Scales

5. Make sure that the detail screen for *UTXD* is as shown above and save your work.

6. Go to **IMG Sales and Distribution > Basic Functions > Pricing > Price Control > Define Access Sequences**.

7. Display the access sequence *UTX1* by selecting it from the list of table entries. Highlight it and click on the access sequence option on the left of the screen to display the table below. Make sure it is set correctly. It should appear as shown below.

This shows the access sequence *UTX1* with the condition tables it uses.

Change View "Accesses": Overview

Access sequence **UTX1** State Tax USA (PST CND)

Dialog Structure

- Access sequences
- Accesses
- Fields

Overview Accesses

No.	Tab	Description	Requirement	Exclusive
8	78	Partner Country / Destination Country	8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
10	40	Country/State/Customer Classif.1/Material Classification 1		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
20	2	Domestic Taxes		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

8. Next highlight the domestic taxes line and select the fields option to display the table. This shows the fields of the condition table 2. Again make sure this table is shown as below or make changes and save your work. Entry should display as seen here.

Change View "Fields": Overview

Condition	I/O	Docmt Struc...	Doc.field	Long field label	Spec. Val. Source
ALAND	→ KOMK	ALAND	Country		
TAXK1	→ KOMK	TAXK1	TaxClass1-Cust.		
TAXM1	→ KOMP	TAXM1	Tax class. material		

9. You can use transaction **VK11/VK12** to maintain the tax code on condition type **UTXJ**.

Change Condition Records

Condition type: UTXJ

Key Combination:

- Departure Country / Destination Country
- Country/State/Customer Classif.1/Material Classification 1
- Domestic Taxes

10. Enter **Condition Type UTXJ** and select **Domestic Taxes** (Condition Table 2)

11. Maintain the tax code.

Change Tax Jurisdct.Code Condition (UTXJ) : Overview

T.T.Name	Amount	Unit	Valid From	Valid to	Tax...	W/...	L...
1 1 Liable for Tax Taxable	100.000		08/23/2010	12/31/9999	01		L

12. Save your work.

DETERMINING TAX CODE THROUGH PRICING

In MM (A/P) transactions, the tax code can be determined through the pricing procedure. The pricing procedure must have a condition type NAVS with Access Sequence 0003 (Access Sequence 0003 has several condition tables).

1. In IMG navigate to **Materials Management > Purchasing > Conditions > Define Price Determination Process > Define Condition Types**. Locate NAVS in the table list and display the details.
2. The Condition Type NAVS with Access Sequence 0003.

Change View "Conditions: Condition Types": Details																													
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> New Entries </div>																													
Condit. type	NAVS Non-Deductible Tax		Access seq.	0003	Tax Classification																								
Records for access																													
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Check value	<input type="checkbox"/> None	Unit of meas.	<input type="checkbox"/>																										
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3. To review the Access Sequence 0003 navigate in IMG to: **Materials Management > Purchasing > Conditions > Define Price Determination Process > Define Access Sequence**.
4. Select from the list 0003 and double click on Accesses within the Dialog Structure. Next select line 50 and double click on Fields within the Dialog Structure
5. Access Sequence *0003* with Condition Table *80*.

Condition	I/O	Docmt Struc...	Doc.field	Long field label	Spec. Val. Source
LLAND	◀ KOMK	LAND1	Destination Country		
TAXIM	◀ KOMP	TAXIM	Tax ind. f. material		

6. You can use transactions **MEK1** and **MEK2** to maintain tax codes on Condition Type NAVS.

7. Enter Condition Type NAVS and select **Taxes: Material** (Condition Table 80).

Taxes: Material							
Tax ind.	Name	Amount	Unit	Valid From	Valid to	Tax Code	W/...
1		100.00			12/31/9999	I1	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>							

8. Maintain the tax code as shown above.
9. Save your work.

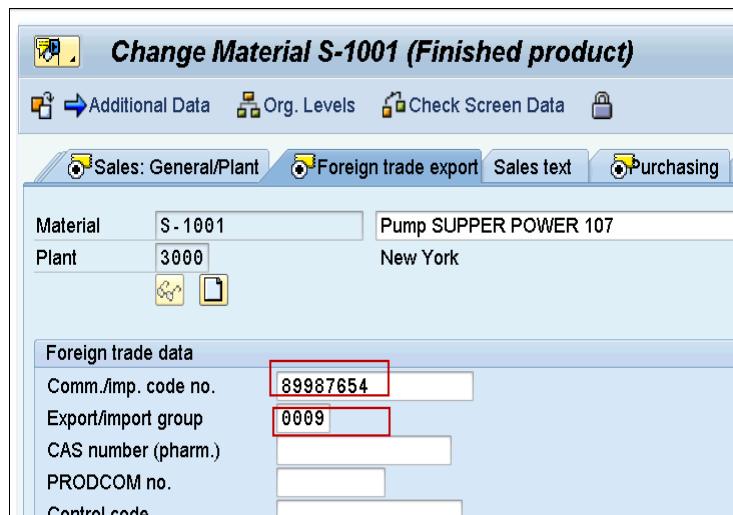
 You can also use other Condition Tables to maintain the tax codes depending upon your business needs.

MAINTAINING COMMODITY CODES ON THE MATERIAL MASTER

There are various ways you can configure product mappings when you are using Determination.

If you want to pass a Commodity Code from SAP to Determination, you must maintain the Commodity Code in the **Foreign trade export** on the Material Master view.

1. In the **MM01** or **MM02** transaction, enter the **Material Number** and **Plant** and access the **Foreign trade export** page:



The screenshot shows the SAP MM01 transaction for material S-1001. The 'Sales: General/Plant' tab is selected. In the 'Foreign trade data' section, the 'Commodity/Imp. code no.' field contains '89987654' and the 'Export/import group' field contains '0009'. Both of these fields are highlighted with red boxes.



You need to include ABAP code in the Tax user exit to query this code from the Material Master and populate one of ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Custom Attributes. Within Determination, you then need to create a TransEditor to move the Custom Attribute to the Commodity Code field.

DEVELOPING ENHANCEMENTS FOR EXTERNAL TAX CALCULATION

You may need to make enhancements in the Tax user exit to provide required data elements to Determination for accurate tax calculation.

To ensure proper tax calculation, we recommend that you add the following code to the Tax user exit in enhancement **FYTX0002**. Consult Appendix C of the *R/3 Tax Interface Configuration Guide* for additional information about using this enhancement.

All of these changes depend on your organization's needs and processes. Please consult ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Professional Services for assistance if needed.

1. Derive Point of Order Origin (POO) address from Sales Organization of the order:

- Add the field **VKORG** to table **CI_TAX_INPUT_USER** in transaction **SE11**.
- Add the following code to program **ZXFYTU03** in transaction **SE38**:

```
* Get jurisdiction of sales org. for POO
  data: adrnr type tvko-adrnr,
         txjcd type sadr-txjcd.
* Find address number of sales org.
  select single adrnr from tvko into adrnr
    where vkorg = i_input_user-vkorg.
* Read tax jurisdiction code of sales org.
  if sy-subrc = 0.
    select single taxjurcode from adrc into txjcd
      where addrnumber = adrnr
        and date_from <= sy-datum
        and nation      = ' '.
* Replace tax jur. code with sales org. one
  if sy-subrc = 0.
    ch_user_changed_fields-txjcd_poo = txjcd.
  endif.
endif.
```

Instead of using the Sales Organization, your organization might like to use the Sales Office or Sales Employee instead. Please consult your IT expert or ask our Professional Services department to assist you if needed.

2. Provide freight amount of sales order to tax interface for accurate tax calculation:

- Add the field **KZWI4** to table **CI_TAX_INPUT_USER** in transaction **SE11**.
- Add the following code to program **ZXFYTU03** in transaction **SE38**:

```
ch_user_changed_fields-freight_am = i_input_user-kzwi4.
```

For additional information on freight handling in the SAP interface see Appendix D of the *R/3 Tax Interface Configuration Guide*.

3. Create Point of Title Transfer (PoTT) Mapping:

- Add the field **INCO1** to table **CI_TAX_INPUT_USER** in transaction **SE11**.
- Use this user exit code to map Incoterms to PoTT.

```
CASE I_INPUT_USER-INCO1.  
  WHEN 'DAF' OR 'DES' OR 'DEQ' OR 'DDU' OR 'DDP'.  
    CH_USER_CHANGED_FIELDS-PTP_IND = 'D'.      "Destination  
    WHEN 'EXW'.          "Ex works  
    CH_USER_CHANGED_FIELDS-PTP_IND= 'O'.      "Origin  
    WHEN 'FCA' OR 'FAS' OR 'FOB' OR 'CFR' OR 'CIF' OR 'CPT' OR 'CIP'.  
    CH_USER_CHANGED_FIELDS-PTP_IND= 'I'.      "In transit  
    WHEN OTHERS.  
    CH_USER_CHANGED_FIELDS-PTP_IND = 'I'.      "In transit  
  ENDCASE.
```


SAMPLE ORDER-TO-CASH SCENARIO

This chapter provides a simple example of the complete Order-to-Cash process once Determination and Integration have been integrated with SAP.

- **CREATING A SALES ORDER (page 57)**
- **CREATING A BILLING DOCUMENT (page 60)**
- **VIEWING TAXES IN SAP TABLES (page 62)**
- **COPYING THE DOCUMENT CONDITION (page 62)**
- **POSTING THE BILLING DOCUMENT TO THE GL (page 64)**

CREATING A SALES ORDER

This process uses Transaction **VA01** to create a sales order for company 3000.

Create Sales Order: Initial Screen

Order Type or

Organizational Data

Sales Organization	3000
Distribution Channel	10
Division	00
Sales Office	<input type="text"/>
Sales Group	<input type="text"/>

1. Select the line item.

Create Standard Order: Overview

Standard Order Net value 100.00 USD

Sold-To Party 3001 US Auto Services Ltd / 2130N Glenoaks Blvd / Burbank CA 91504-28¹

Ship-To Party 3001 US Auto Services Ltd / 2130N Glenoaks Blvd / Burbank CA 91504-28¹

PO Number PO date

Sales Item overview Item detail Ordering party Procurement Shipping Reason for rejection

Req. deliv.date	<input type="text"/> D 12/29/2011	Deliver.Plant	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Complete delv.		Total Weight	<input type="text"/> 125 LB
Delivery block	<input type="text"/>	Volume	<input type="text"/> 50 L
Billing block	<input type="text"/>	Pricing date	<input type="text"/> 12/19/2011
Payment card	<input type="text"/>	Exp.date	<input type="text"/>
Card Verif.Code	<input type="text"/>		
Payment terms	<input type="text"/> 0001 Special Payment Term Incoterms	CIF	Cost, Insurance and Freight
Order reason	<input type="text"/>		

All items

Item	Material	Order Quantity	Un	Description	S	Customer Material Numb
<input type="text"/> 10S - 1001		<input type="text"/> 1 EA		Pump SUPPER POWER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

2. Select **GoTo > Header > Conditions** to view the taxes calculated by the Determination.

Create Standard Order: Header Data

Standard Order: Purchase order no.:
Sold-to party: US Auto Services Ltd / 2130N Glenoaks Blvd / Burbank CA 91504-:

Sales Shipping Billing Document Payment cards Accounting Conditions Account assignment Partner

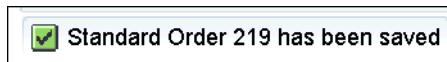
Net	100.00	USD
Tax	8.75	

Pricing Elements

N...CnTy Name	Amount	Crcy	per	UoM	Condition value	Curr.	St
PR00 Price					100.00	USD	
Gross Value					100.00	USD	
Discount Amount					0.00	USD	
Rebate Basis					100.00	USD	
Rebate Basis					100.00	USD	
Net Value for Item					100.00	USD	
Net Value 2					100.00	USD	
UTXD US Tax per document	100.000	%			100.00	USD	
UTXE US Tax per document	0.000	%			0.00	USD	
XR1 Tax Jur Code Level 1					6.25	USD	
XR2 Tax Jur Code Level 2					0.00	USD	
XR3 Tax Jur Code Level 3					1.00	USD	
XR4 Tax Jur Code Level 4					0.00	USD	
XR5 Tax Jur Code Level 5					1.50	USD	
XR6 Tax Jur Code Level 6					0.00	USD	

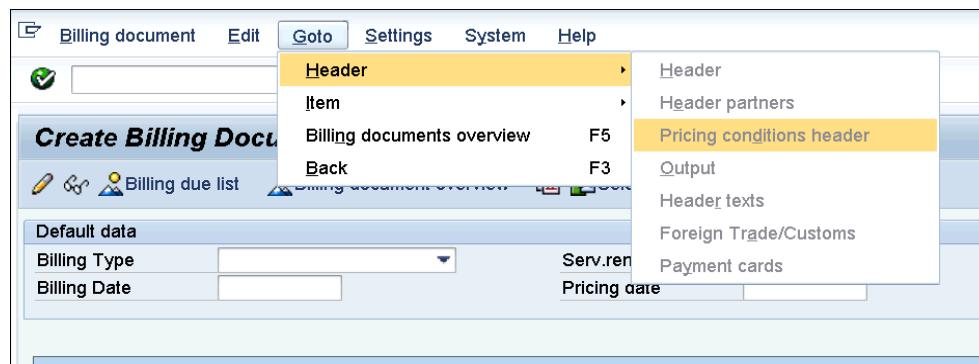
Condition rec.

3. Select **Save** to create a Sales Order.



CREATING A BILLING DOCUMENT

This process uses Transaction **VF01**. The last created order number is displayed by default. Hit Enter. Select the line item and then from the menu bar, select **GoTo > Header > Pricing Conditions Header** to view the taxes calculated by Determination.



Billing Invoice (F2) (F2) Create : Header data

Billing items Output

Invoice (F2) \$00000001
Payer 3001 US Auto Services Ltd / 2130N Glenoaks Blvd / US - 91504-2827 Bur
Created by RICKP Created on 12/19/2011 Time 16:26:57

Header Head.prttrs Conditions ForTrade/Customs Head.text

Net	100.00	USD
Tax	8.75	

Pricing Elements

N...CnTy	Name	Amount	Crcy	per	UoM	Condition value	Curr.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PR00	ce					100.00	USD
	Gross Value					100.00	USD
	Discount Amount					0.00	USD
	Rebate Basis					100.00	USD
	Rebate Basis					100.00	USD
	Net Value for Item					100.00	USD
	Net Value 2					100.00	USD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UTXD	US Tax per document	100.000	%			100.00	USD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UTXE	US Tax per document	0.000	%			0.00	USD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> XR1	Tax Jur Code Level 1					6.25	USD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> XR2	Tax Jur Code Level 2					0.00	USD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> XR3	Tax Jur Code Level 3					1.00	USD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> XR4	Tax Jur Code Level 4					0.00	USD

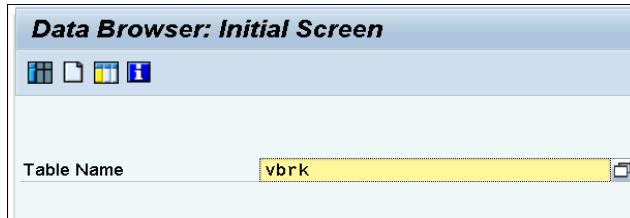
Condition rec. Activate Update

4. Select **Save** to create a Billing Document. You will see a message similar to:

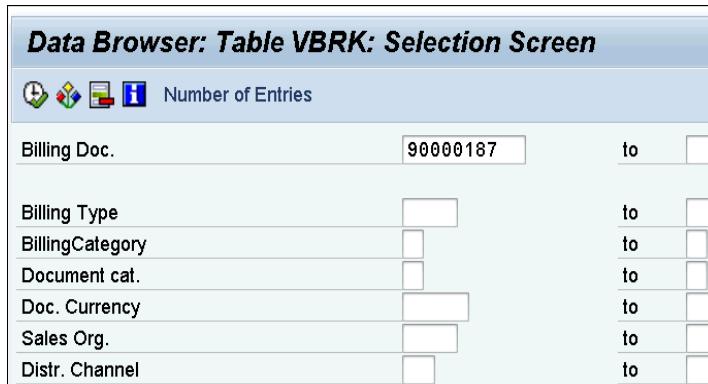
 Document 90000187 has been saved

VIEWING TAXES IN SAP TABLES

This process uses Transaction **SE16** and Table VBRK.



1. Copy the billing document (in this scenario, 90000187).

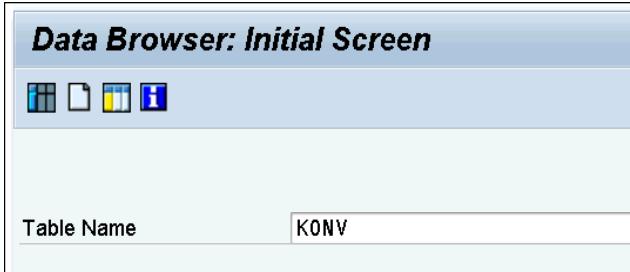


2. Click **Execute**. The following screen appears.

Data Browser: Table VBRK Select Entries 1										
  Check Table...										
Table: VBRK Displayed Fields: 18 of 99 Fixed Columns: 2 List Width 0250										
Client	Billing Doc.	Billing Type	BillingCategory	Document cat.	Doc. Currency	Sales Org.	Distr. Channel	Pric. procedure	Doc. condit.	
400	0090000187	F2	L	M	USD	3000	10	RVAXUD	0000000465	

COPYING THE DOCUMENT CONDITION

This process uses Transaction **SE16** to see that data stored in the **ZZ** fields in table KONV.



1. Copy the Document Condition (in this scenario, 0000000465).

Data Browser: Table KONV: Selection Screen

Number of Entries

Doc. condition	0000000465	to
Item		to
Step number		to
Counter		to
Width of Output List	250	
Maximum No. of Hits	200	

2. Select Execute.

Data Browser: Table KONV Select Entries 12

Check Table...

Table: KONV
Displayed Fields: 18 of 65 Fixed Columns: 5 List Width 0250

Client	Doc. condition	Item	Step number	Counter	Application	Condition type	CondPricingDate	Cal...
400	0000000465	000010	011	01	V		12/19/2011	C
400	0000000465	000010	910	01	V		12/29/2011	A
400	0000000465	000010	911	01	V		12/19/2011	A
400	0000000465	000010	912	01	TX		12/29/2011	A
400	0000000465	000010	913	01	TX		12/29/2011	A
400	0000000465	000010	914	01	TX		12/29/2011	A
400	0000000465	000010	915	01	TX		12/29/2011	A
400	0000000465	000010	916	01	TX		12/29/2011	A
400	0000000465	000010	917	01	TX		12/29/2011	A
400	0000000465	000010	930	01	V		SKTO	12/19/2011
400	0000000465	000010	931	01	V		ZDIC	12/19/2011
400	0000000465	000010	960	01	V		EDI1	12/19/2011

3. Select on any line item to see the data stored in detail.

Table KONV Display

Check Table...

Client	400
Doc. condition	0000000465
Item	10
Step number	11
Counter	1
Application	V
Condition type	PR00
CondPricingDate	12/19/2011
Calculat.type	C
Cond.base value (KAWRT)	10.00
Amount	100.00
Currency	USD
Cond.exch.rate	1.00000
Pricing unit	1
Condition unit	EA
Numer.for conv.	1

Table KONV Display	
Check Table...	
Den. for conv.	1
Condit.category	
Statistical	
Scale type	
Accruals	(KRUEK)
Inv.list cond.	
Condit.origin	A
Group condition	
Condit.update	
Access	10
Cond.record no.	0000035105
SequNo of cond.	1
Account key	ERL
G/L Account	800666
Tax Code	01
Accruals	(KVSL2)
Provision acc.	800500
W/tax code	
Vendor	
Customer	
CondRoundDiff.	0.00
Condition value	(KWERT)
Condition value	100.00
Cond.control	D
Inactive	

POSTING THE BILLING DOCUMENT TO THE GL

This process uses Transaction **VF02**. To post the billing document to General Ledger, release the document to accounting and then post to GL.

Change Billing Document

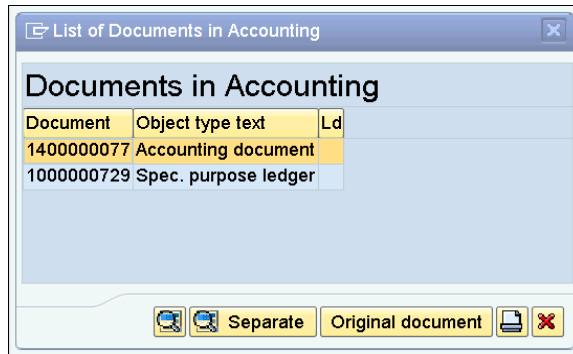
1. Select **ReleaseToAccounting (Shift+F4)** **ReleaseToAccounting (Shift+F4)** to release the document to accounting.

You will see a message similar to "The document has already been passed on to accounting"

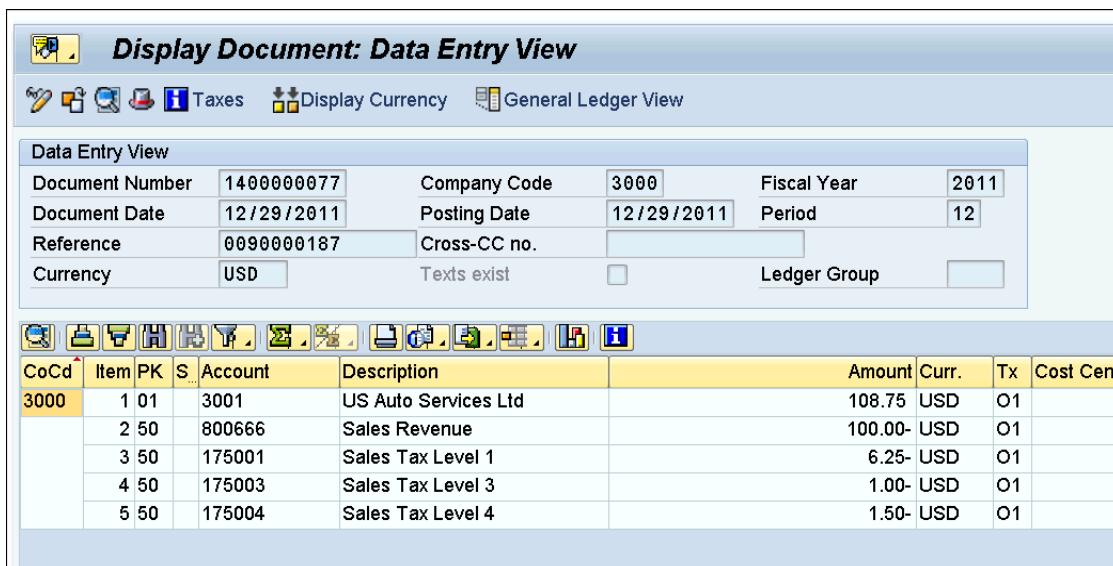
The document has already been passed on to accounting

2. Select Accounting  to post to the GL.

3. Select the **Accounting Document** and double click it.



4. The document is now posted to the GL.



CoCd	Item	PK	S	Account	Description	Amount	Curr.	Tx	Cost Cent
3000	1 01			3001	US Auto Services Ltd	108.75	USD	O1	
	2 50			800666	Sales Revenue	100.00-	USD	O1	
	3 50			175001	Sales Tax Level 1	6.25-	USD	O1	
	4 50			175003	Sales Tax Level 3	1.00-	USD	O1	
	5 50			175004	Sales Tax Level 4	1.50-	USD	O1	

SEPARATING RECOVERABLE AND NON-RECOVERABLE TAXES

ONESOURCE Indirect Tax can separate non-recoverable taxes from recoverable taxes. This feature is most applicable to EU VAT, but can be applied conceptually to any VAT regime, such as Canada GST.

This chapter describes the SAP configurations needed to post the recoverable and non-recoverable taxes in separate G/L accounts. Your configurations on account key and G/L may differ according to your business needs.

Please test transactions end-to-end to ensure that G/L accounts and ONESOURCE Indirect Tax audit database are updated correctly.

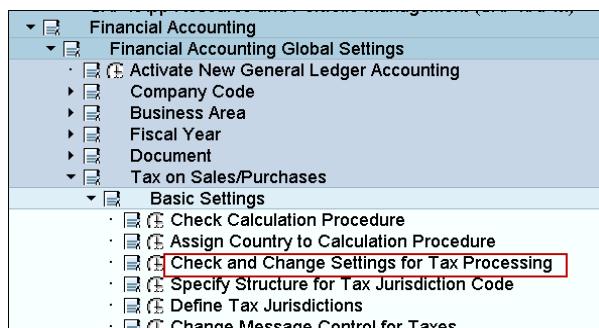
SEPARATING CANADIAN NON-RECOVERABLE TAXES FROM RECOVERABLE TAXES



In addition to following the procedures described here, ONESOURCE Indirect Tax recommends that you obtain accounting and consulting help from your SAP IT team to ensure that these configurations meet your needs and that G/L posting is performed correctly.

DEFINING THE NEW ACCOUNT KEY MW5

1. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchases > Basic Settings > Check and Change Settings for Tax Processing**



2. Select **Check and Change Settings for Tax Processing**, then **Start**.
3. Select the account key **MW4** and select **Edit > Copy As** from the menu.



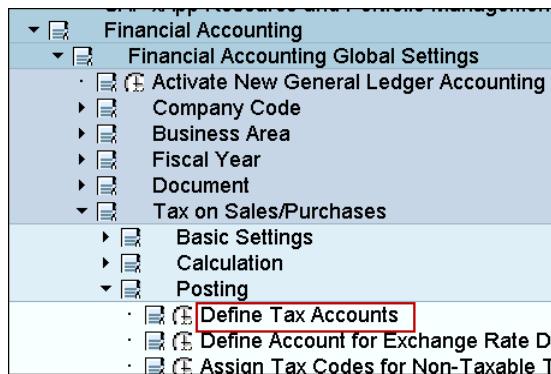
4. Change *MW4* to *MW5* and save your work.

Change View "Tax Processing in Accounting"

Process	MW5
General details	
Description	Sales tax 5
Tax type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Output tax
Not deductible	<input type="checkbox"/>
Posting indic.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Separate line item
Not discnt rel.	<input type="checkbox"/>

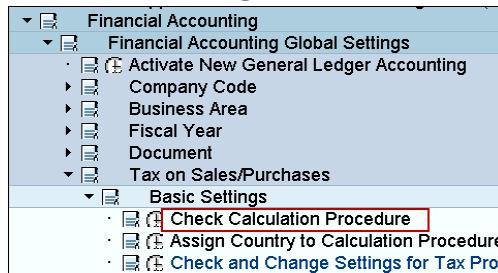
ASSIGNING THE G/L ACCOUNT NUMBER TO THE ACCOUNT KEY

1. Verify that your accounting department has provided the correct account number to complete this configuration.
2. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchases > Posting > Define Tax Accounts**.

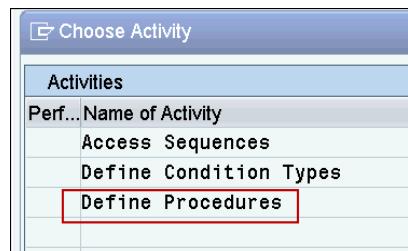


REPLACING MW4 WITH MW5 ON CONDITION TYPE XP5U IN THE TAX PROCEDURE

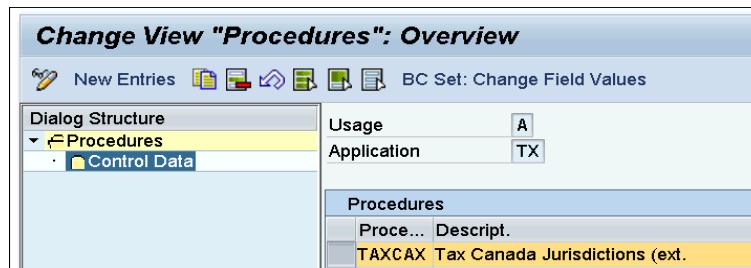
1. From IMG, navigate to **Financial Accounting > Financial Accounting Global Settings > Tax on Sales/Purchases > Basic Settings > Check Calculation Procedure**



2. Select **Check Calculation Procedure**, then select **Start**.



3. Double-click **Define Procedure**.



4. Select **TAXCAX** and double-click **Control Data** in the left hand portion of this screen.

Procedure	TAXCAX Tax Canada Jurisdictions (ext.)																					
Control Data																						
Reference Step Overview																						
Step	Cou...	CTyp	Description	Fro	To	Ma...	Re...	Stat...	P.SuTot	Reqt	CalType											
350	0	XP5E	A/P Sales Tax 5 Exp	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		305	VS4											
360	0	XP6E	A/P Sales Tax 6 Exp	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		306	VS4											
400	0		Self-assessment			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>														
410	0	XP1U	A/P Sales Tax 1 Use	210		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		311	MW1											
420	0	XP2U	A/P Sales Tax 2 Use	220		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		312	MW2											
430	0	XP3U	A/P Sales Tax 3 Use	230		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		313	MW3											
440	0	XP4U	A/P Sales Tax 4 Use	240		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		314	MW4											
450	0	XP5U	A/P Sales Tax 5 Use	250		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		315	MW4											
460	0	XP6U	A/P Sales Tax 6 Use	260		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		316	MW4											
500	0		Acrued			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>														
510	0	XR1	A/R Sales Tax 1	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		301	MW1											
520	0	XR2	A/R Sales Tax 2	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		302	MW2											
530	0	XR3	A/R Sales Tax 3	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		303	MW3											
540	0	XR4	A/R Sales Tax 4	100		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		304	MW4											

5. Locate the condition type **XP5U** and replace *MW4* with *MW5*

Procedure **TAXCAX** Tax Canada Jurisdictions (ext.)

Control Data

Reference Step Overview

Step	Cou...	CTyp	Description	Fro	To	Ma...	Re...	Stat...	P.Su	Tot	Reqt	CalType	BasTy...	AccKey	Accruals	
330	0	XP3E	A/P Sales Tax 3 Exp.	100							303		VS3			
340	0	XP4E	A/P Sales Tax 4 Exp.	100							304		VS4			
350	0	XP5E	A/P Sales Tax 5 Exp	100							305		VS4			
360	0	XP6E	A/P Sales Tax 6 Exp	100							306		VS4			
400	0		Self-assessment													
410	0	XP1U	A/P Sales Tax 1 Use	210							311		MW1			
420	0	XP2U	A/P Sales Tax 2 Use	220							312		MW2			
430	0	XP3U	A/P Sales Tax 3 Use	230							313		MW3			
440	0	XP4U	A/P Sales Tax 4 Use	240							314		MW4			
450	0	XP5U	A/P Sales Tax 5 Use	250							315		MW5			
460	0	XP6U	A/P Sales Tax 6 Use	260							316		MW4			
500	0		Acrued													
510	0	XR1	A/R Sales Tax 1	100							301		MW1			
520	0	XR2	A/R Sales Tax 2	100							302		MW2			

Position... Entry 13 of 30



ONESOURCE Indirect Tax has already mapped Non-Recoverable taxes to the fifth bucket in the *taxMappings.xml* file, which is a integral part of Integration code. If you are using this jurisdiction level for any other purpose, you must configure a different condition type to receive the non-recoverable taxes. You must also do a corresponding mapping in the *taxMappingsExtension.xml* file.

