

ONESOURCE INDIRECT TAX DETERMINATION

INSTALLATION GUIDE

ORACLE DATABASE AND IBM WEBSPHERE

5.13.X.X

Document Version 4

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DOCUMENT HISTORY

VERSION NUMBER	VERSION DATE	SUMMARY
1	February 2021	Created first version of this guide for ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Determination 5.13.x.x.
2	January 26, 2022	Updated the supported Java versions to include version 1.11.
3	April 6, 2022	Time Eviction Cache support.
4	September 9, 2022	Updates to Clustering and Time Eviction Caching processes.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction	1
Who Should Read This Guide?	1
Resources	1
Style Conventions	3
Prerequisites	5
Review System Requirements	5
Java	5
Gathering Administrative Information	5
Download the Software	6
Configuring Your Database	9
Database Initialization Parameters	9
Database Character Set	9
Oracle Tablespace and Users	9
Preparing Oracle for XA Transactions	11
Configuring IBM WebSphere	13
Configuring Authentication	14
Configuring The WebSphere Environment Variable	17
Modifying the Log Level	19
Modifying Transaction Timeouts	21
Creating the Oracle JDBC Provider	23
Creating the Tax Data Source	26
Modifying the Tax Data Source	31
Creating the Audit Data Source	34
Modifying the Audit Data Source	39
Configuring the Java Virtual Machine	42
Enabling Automatic Tax Data Downloads (Optional)	45
Exporting the Customer Center Certificate	45
Configuring the Certificate in WebSphere	45
Configuring CSRFGuard	48
Deploying the Application	49
Loading the Application	49
Selecting Installation Options	50

Configuring Class Loading	59
Setting a Custom Property	61
Duplicate Users	65
Running the Implementer	67
Starting the Installation	67
Checking the Installation Results	67
Installing Tax Content	69
Importing Content into Determination	69
Creating and Configuring a Company	70
Testing Your Installation	71
Clustering	73
Prerequisites	73
Determination Parameters	74
Properties File	75
UDP Multicast with Default Settings	75
UDP Multicast with Non-Default IP and Port Number	76
TCP Transport with Static List of Nodes (TCPPING)	77
Cluster XML File	79
Cluster Test	80
Time Eviction Cache	81
Performing Additional Configurations	83

INTRODUCTION

The ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Determination software is a highly scalable and reliable taxing service for all business applications needing consolidated tax determination, calculation, and recording. A three-tier application built on industry standard Java technology and state-of-the-art design principles, the Determination software is designed to optimize performance, reliability, interoperability, manageability, and security.

This guide explains how to install Determination version 5.13.x.x.

WHO SHOULD READ THIS GUIDE?

The installation requires the coordination of people in various roles. If you are responsible for overseeing the installation, make this guide available to the following contributors:

- Database administrator
- Application server administrator
- IT administrator
- Tax professional

RESOURCES

Several resources help you become familiar with ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Determination and master its features. Help is installed with the application. All documents are posted on the [ONESOURCE Customer Center](#). To locate documents specific to your application, enter the search term "Determination documentation."

DETERMINATION RESOURCES	
Resource	Description
Help	This Help system gives assistance within Determination. Use Help after Determination is installed and configured.
Installation Guide	This guide is intended for technical users and contains complete details about how to install and configure Determination.
Platform Support	This describes the combinations of operating systems, databases, and application servers on which Determination operates.

DETERMINATION RESOURCES

Resource	Description
Product Support Lifecycle	This lists the end-of-life dates for products in the ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Suite.
Upgrade Guide	This guide describes the procedures for upgrading an instance of Determination and refers to configuration information in the <i>Installation Guide</i> .
Customization Guide	This guide is intended for technical users. It describes types of customization and shows examples.
Data Dictionary	This resource is intended for technical users. It contains a list of all the fields in the Determination database.
Sizing Guide	This guide is intended for technical users. It contains an architectural overview and discusses components, database, and server sizing.

Still can't find what you're looking for? Try these additional resources:

ONESOURCE RESOURCES

Resource	Description
ONESOURCE Customer Center https://tax.thomsonreuters.com/support/onesource/customer-center/	Search for answers in the Knowledge Base, enter product support tickets, and track support ticket history for you and your organization.
Indirect Tax Customer Center https://customercenter.sabrix.com/	Download ONESOURCE Indirect Tax software.
Other ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Products and Services https://tax.thomsonreuters.com/products/brands/onesource/indirect-tax/	Browse descriptions of other ONESOURCE Indirect Tax products and services.
Documentation Feedback onesource.indirect.tax.fb@thomsonreuters.com	Send feedback about ONESOURCE Indirect Tax documentation.

STYLE CONVENTIONS

We use the following special formatting throughout this guide:

Bold text indicates most user interface elements, such as:

- Data you are expected to enter, such as in a text field
- Pages, buttons, tabs, and field names
- Dialog boxes, drop-down lists, selections within lists, and check box titles
- Windows
- Menu items

Italic text indicates the following:

- File and folder names
- Java classes, PL/SQL objects and executable files
- Document titles

CAPITAL text indicates keyboard commands, such as ENTER, or database components.

`Courier` text indicates command-line input/output.

<brackets> indicate user entry. For example, <host> indicates you should replace the text and angle brackets with your server name.

Book titles are shown in italics and sections within a book are in quotation marks, such as "Starting the Installation" in the *ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Determination Installation Guide*.



This pencil symbol indicates suggestions or additional information.



This warning symbol indicates important text that you should review before proceeding.

↵ This carriage return symbol indicates that a single line of code is divided into multiple lines so you can read it. If you copy and paste code with these symbols, be sure to keep the code before and after the carriage return on the same line.

```
1  /* Code snippets have numbered lines with a gray background. */  
2  /* Be cautious if you copy lines from the code snippets-the l  
   ine numbers are included! */
```

PREREQUISITES

Complete the following tasks before you attempt to install and configure ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Determination:

[Review System Requirements \(page 5\)](#)

[Java \(page 5\)](#)

[Gathering Administrative Information \(page 5\)](#)

[Download the Software \(page 6\)](#)

REVIEW SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

ONESOURCE Determination has detailed requirements for the following:

- Computer hardware
- Operating system
- Database
- Application server/web container

To confirm you are using supported components, review platform support and product support lifecycle information listed in the [ONESOURCE Customer Center](#).

JAVA

Determination requires an application server to host its various components, and the application server must use Oracle Java (1.8 or 1.10 or 1.11) or Amazon Corretto (1.8.x or 11). Search the ONESOURCE Customer Center to find the platform support information specific to your product version. If your application server does not provide its own version of Java or Amazon Corretto, you must install it separately.

GATHERING ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

To install the Determination software, you need to gather certain administrative information. Before you begin the installation, add your values to the table below:

RESOURCES		
Type	Where to Find	Your Values(s)
Customer Center credentials	Thomson Reuters Customer Support	
Oracle RDBMS server name and service name	Oracle DBA	
Administration credentials for Oracle database	Oracle DBA	
Administration console URL of the IBM WebSphere Application Server	Application Server Administrator	
Administration credentials for the IBM WebSphere Application Server	Application Server Administrator	
Name of the server hosting IBM WebSphere and the Port for the Determination software	Application Server Administrator	

DOWNLOAD THE SOFTWARE

To download and install the software, get the *ONESOURCEIDTDetermination_513xx.zip* file from the Indirect Tax Customer Center:

1. Open the Indirect Tax Customer Center at <https://customercenter.sabrix.com/>.
2. Log on using the username and password provided by Customer Support.
3. Find Determination in the **Available Products** list and verify that **Installed Version** is set to **None**.
4. Select **Download** for Determination.

5. Save the file.
6. Unzip the *ONESOURCEIDTDetermination_513xx.zip* file.

CONFIGURING YOUR DATABASE

This guide covers the installation of Determination in the Oracle RDBMS. Once you have confirmed that you are using the correct database version for this release of Determination, review the following:

DATABASE INITIALIZATION PARAMETERS

Set the appropriate database initialization parameters for Determination. Contact Oracle if you need assistance setting these in your environment.



Set the Oracle parameter `OPEN_CURSORS` to 3000 to ensure the Determination installation completes successfully.

DATABASE CHARACTER SET

Configure the database to use a UTF8-compatible database character set. If you use the AL16UTF16 character set (default), multi-byte character handling performance will be optimized. You need to either install or upgrade the database to meet this requirement.

ORACLE TABLESPACES AND USERS

Oracle tablespaces and users must be created before you install Determination. You can use the .sql scripts provided in the downloaded .zip file to perform this task.

For production environments, you should create separate tablespaces to contain tax and audit data (SBXTAX and SBXAUD). If you accept the setup script defaults, these tablespaces are created automatically. The setup script also creates the users SBXTAX and SBXAUD. These user names are referred to throughout this document.



The tablespace creation script also enables you to create a single tablespace to hold all data. While this configuration may be desirable for a test environment, we do not recommend this for a production environment.

To create the required tablespace(s) and users:

1. On the system hosting the Oracle database, open a command prompt or terminal window.
2. Go to the directory containing the downloaded .sql scripts.

3. Log into SQL*Plus as SYS or SYSDBA.

4. Execute the following setup script:

```
@OracleDBSetup.sql
```



This script executes both the tablespace and user creation scripts. You can also execute these scripts separately, if desired.

5. Enter the path to the Determination datafile directory (without a trailing separator). The default shown is the directory containing default Oracle tablespaces on your system. Press ENTER to accept the default, or enter a new path name.
6. Enter the path separator for your platform (" / " for Unix and Linux or " \ " for Microsoft Windows). The default should already be selected.
7. Enter values for the Tax and, optionally, the Audit schemas.
 - To accept the defaults (SBXTAX and SBXAUD are shown in this guide), press ENTER at each prompt.
 - To create a new schema, enter its name at each prompt.
 - To skip the schema creation, enter the value of **none** at each prompt.
8. Messages appear as the tablespaces are created.
9. You are prompted to verify the locations of the tablespaces created earlier. If you accepted the defaults above, the prompts will appear as the following:

Tablespace for Sabrix tax data [SBXTAX]:

Tablespace for Sabrix audit data [SBXAUD]:

Temporary Tablespace for Sabrix users [TEMP]:
10. You are prompted to create the user for the Tax schema. Press ENTER to specify the default (SBXTAX is used in this guide) or enter another desired name.
11. If you chose to create a separate Audit schema, press ENTER to specify the default user name (SBXAUD is used in this guide) or enter another desired name.
12. Enter a profile name for each user when prompted. If you are unsure which profile to use, enter **default**.
13. Messages appear as the user(s) are created.

PREPARING ORACLE FOR XA TRANSACTIONS

To ensure that your Determination installation handles XA transactions, execute the following database grants for both the Tax (SBXTAX) and Audit (SBXAUD) users. Replace **SBXTAX** and **SBXAUD** with the Tax and Audit schemas from your environment:

```
1 GRANT SELECT ON sys.dba_pending_transactions TO SBXTAX;  
2 GRANT SELECT ON sys.pending_trans$ TO SBXTAX;  
3 GRANT SELECT ON sys.dba_2pc_pending TO SBXTAX;  
4 GRANT EXECUTE ON sys.dbms_xa TO SBXTAX;  
  
1 GRANT SELECT ON sys.dba_pending_transactions TO SBXAUD;  
2 GRANT SELECT ON sys.pending_trans$ TO SBXAUD;  
3 GRANT SELECT ON sys.dba_2pc_pending TO SBXAUD;  
4 GRANT EXECUTE ON sys.dbms_xa TO SBXAUD;
```


CONFIGURING IBM WEBSPHERE

Before you proceed to the following tasks, ensure that you have a supported version of WebSphere by reviewing platform support information listed in the [ONESOURCE Customer Center](#).

When WebSphere is installed and ready for Determination configuration, complete the following:

[Configuring Authentication \(page 14\)](#)

[Configuring The WebSphere Environment Variable \(page 17\)](#)

[Modifying the Log Level \(page 19\)](#)

[Modifying Transaction Timeouts \(page 21\)](#)

[Creating the Oracle JDBC Provider \(page 23\)](#)

[Creating the Tax Data Source \(page 26\)](#)

[Modifying the Tax Data Source \(page 31\)](#)

[Creating the Audit Data Source \(page 34\)](#)

[Modifying the Audit Data Source \(page 39\)](#)

[Configuring the Java Virtual Machine \(page 42\)](#)

[Enabling Automatic Tax Data Downloads \(Optional\) \(page 45\)](#)

[Exporting the Customer Center Certificate \(page 45\)](#)

[Configuring the Certificate in WebSphere \(page 45\)](#)

[Configuring CSRFGuard \(page 48\)](#)

[Deploying the Application \(page 49\)](#)

[Loading the Application \(page 49\)](#)

[Selecting Installation Options \(page 50\)](#)

[Configuring Class Loading \(page 59\)](#)

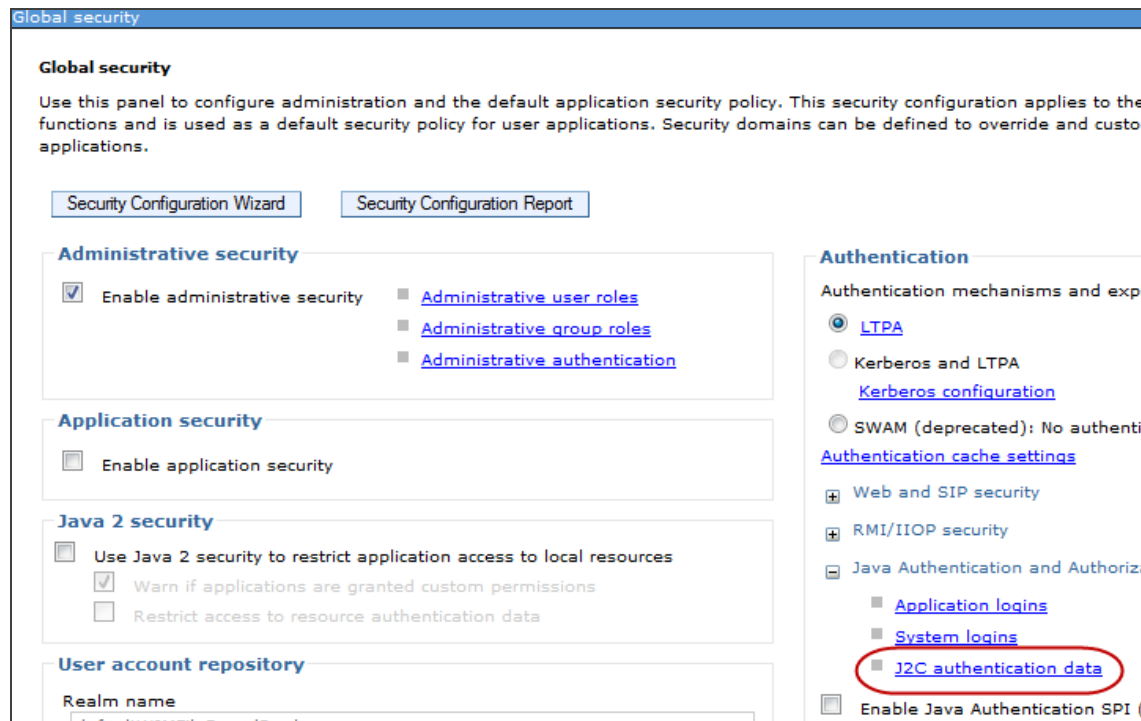
[Setting a Custom Property \(page 61\)](#)

CONFIGURING AUTHENTICATION

Configure user name and password combinations that will be referenced by the JDBC data sources you create. Configure both SBXTAX and SBXAUD, which are described in [Oracle Tablespaces and Users \(page 9\)](#).

To configure authentication:

1. Log on to the IBM WebSphere Integrated Solutions Console.
2. Using the list on the left side of the console, go to **Security > Global security**.
3. Expand the **Java Authentication and Authorization Service** in the **Authentication** section.
4. Click **J2C authentication data**.



5. Click **New**.
6. Enter data to create the Tax user as shown in the following table:

Global security

[Global security](#) > [JAAS - J2C authentication data](#)

Specifies a list of user identities and passwords for Java(TM) 2 connector security to use.

☒ Prefix new alias names with the node name of the cell (for compatibility with earlier releases)

Apply

Preferences

New... Delete

Select Alias User ID Description

None

Total 0

Global security

[Global security](#) > [JAAS - J2C authentication data](#) > [New...](#)

Specifies a list of user identities and passwords for Java(TM) 2 connector security to use.

General Properties

* Alias
SBXTAX

* User ID
SBXTAX

* Password

Description
User associated with the Tax Data Source

Apply OK Reset Cancel

PROMPT	VALUE
Alias	SBXTAX
User ID	SBXTAX
Password	Enter the password for SBXTAX
Description	Enter this description: User associated with the Tax Data Source

- Click OK, and then click **Save directly to the master configuration**.
- Click **New** to create the Audit user.

9. Create the Audit user by entering the following data:

Global security

[Global security](#) > [JAAS - J2C authentication data](#)

Specifies a list of user identities and passwords for Java(TM) 2 connector security to use.

☒ Prefix new alias names with the node name of the cell (for compatibility with earlier releases)

Apply

Preferences

New... Delete

Select

Alias ▾

User ID ▾

Description

You can administer the following resources:

☐

[U0126623-W7BNode01/SBXTAX](#)

SBXTAX

User ass

Total 1

Global security

[Global security](#) > [JAAS - J2C authentication data](#) > [New...](#)

Specifies a list of user identities and passwords for Java(TM) 2 connector security to use.

General Properties

* Alias

SBXAUD

* User ID

SBXAUD

* Password

Description

User associated with the Audit Data Source

Apply OK Reset Cancel

PROMPT	VALUE
Alias	SBXAUD
User ID	SBXAUD
Password	Enter the password for SBXAUD
Description	Enter this description: User associated with the Audit Data Source

- Click OK, and then click **Save directly to the master configuration**.

CONFIGURING THE WEBSHERE ENVIRONMENT VARIABLE

Configure an environment variable by completing the following:

- In the console, go to **Environment > WebSphere variables**.
- Set the scope of the data sources as desired.



Select the same scope throughout installation.

- Click **DB2UNIVERSAL_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH** in the name column. If you do not see **DB2UNIVERSAL_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH** for your scope, click **New**.

WebSphere Variables

Use this page to define substitution variables. Variables specify a level of indirection for some system-defined values, such as `APP_INSTALL_ROOT`. Values at one scope level can differ from values at other level values, the more granular scope value overrides values at greater scope levels. Therefore, server variables override node variables which override cell variables.

Scope: Cell=U0126623-W7ANode01Cell, Node=U0126623-W7ANode01

Scope specifies the level at which the resource definition is visible. For detailed information on what scope is and how it works, [see the scope settings help](#).

Node=U0126623-W7ANode01

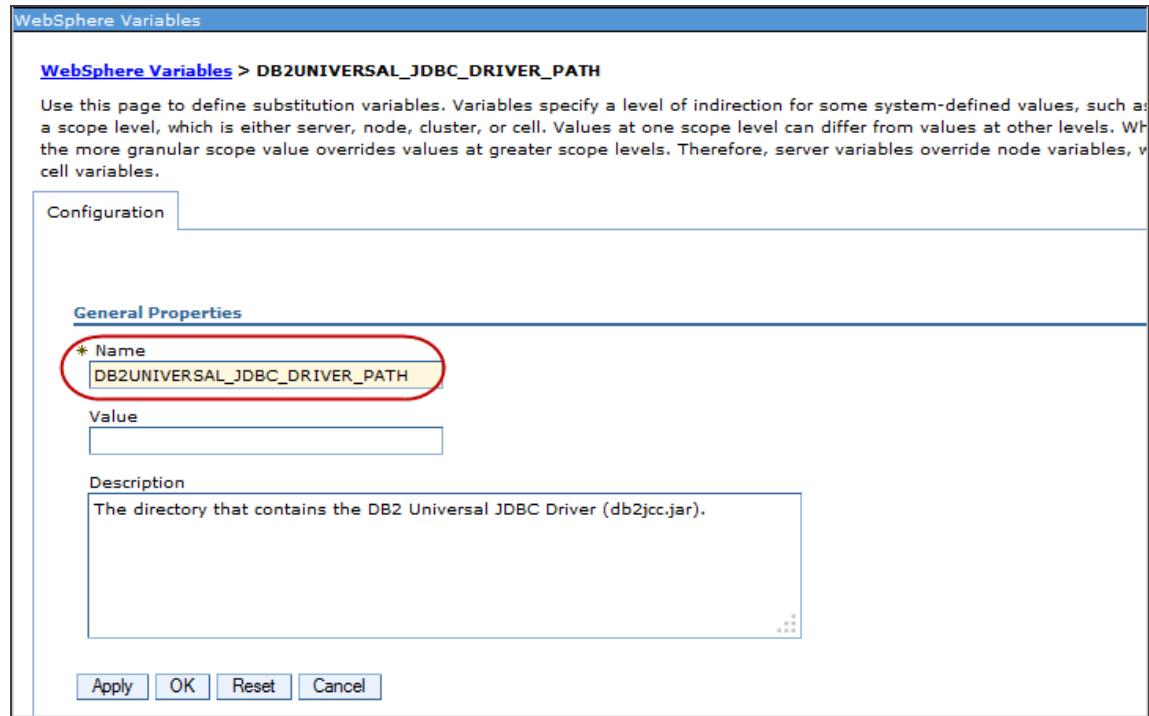
Preferences

New... Delete

☐ ☐ ☐ ☐

Select	Name	Value	Scope
You can administer the following resources:			
<input type="checkbox"/>	APP_INSTALL_ROOT	<code>\${USER_INSTALL_ROOT}/installedApps</code>	Node=U
<input type="checkbox"/>	CONNECTJDBC JDBC DRIVER_PATH		Node=U
<input type="checkbox"/>	CONNECTOR_INSTALL_ROOT	<code>\${USER_INSTALL_ROOT}/installedConnectors</code>	Node=U
<input type="checkbox"/>	DB2390 JDBC DRIVER_PATH		Node=U
<input type="checkbox"/>	DB2UNIVERSAL JDBC DRIVER NATIVEPATH		Node=U
<input type="checkbox"/>	DB2UNIVERSAL JDBC DRIVER_PATH		Node=U

- Add **DB2UNIVERSAL_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH** if it is not already in the **Name** field.



The image shows a screenshot of the 'WebSphere Variables' configuration window. The title bar reads 'WebSphere Variables'. Inside, the breadcrumb is 'WebSphere Variables > DB2UNIVERSAL_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH'. A paragraph explains that variables specify a level of indirection for system-defined values, with scope levels being server, node, cluster, or cell. Below this is a 'Configuration' tab. Under the 'General Properties' section, the 'Name' field is highlighted with a red oval and contains the text 'DB2UNIVERSAL_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH'. The 'Value' field is empty. The 'Description' field contains the text 'The directory that contains the DB2 Universal JDBC Driver (db2jcc.jar)'. At the bottom are buttons for 'Apply', 'OK', 'Reset', and 'Cancel'.

WebSphere Variables

[WebSphere Variables](#) > DB2UNIVERSAL_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH

Use this page to define substitution variables. Variables specify a level of indirection for some system-defined values, such as a scope level, which is either server, node, cluster, or cell. Values at one scope level can differ from values at other levels. When the more granular scope value overrides values at greater scope levels. Therefore, server variables override node variables, and node variables override cell variables.

Configuration

General Properties

* Name
DB2UNIVERSAL_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH

Value

Description
The directory that contains the DB2 Universal JDBC Driver (db2jcc.jar).

Apply OK Reset Cancel

5. Enter the path to your JDBC driver **jar** file in the **Value** field. The directory shown below is an example and would be different for your environment.

WebSphere Variables

WebSphere Variables > DB2UNIVERSAL_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH

Use this page to define substitution variables. Variables specify a level of indirection for some system-defined values, such as a scope level, which is either server, node, cluster, or cell. Values at one scope level can differ from values at other levels. When the more granular scope value overrides values at greater scope levels. Therefore, server variables override node variables, and cell variables.

Configuration

General Properties

* Name
DB2UNIVERSAL_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH

Value
/opt/ibm/db2/jdbc

Description
The directory that contains the DB2 Universal JDBC Driver (db2jcc.jar).

Apply OK Reset Cancel

6. Click OK, and then click **Save directly to the master configuration**.

MODIFYING THE LOG LEVEL

By default, the log level for JGroups is set at a level that fills Determination log files and the console with extraneous data. You can change the level to avoid this situation:

1. In the console, go to **Troubleshooting > Logs and Trace**.
2. Click on your server.

Logging and tracing

Logging and tracing

Use this page to specify how the server handles log records. You can select an application server to enable or disable a system log, and choose a format for log content. You can also specify a log detail level for components and groups of components.

Preferences

Server Node Host Name Version

You can administer the following resources:

server1	U0126623-W7ANode01	U0126623-W7A.TLR.Thomson.com	Base 8.5.0.1
----------------	--------------------	------------------------------	--------------

Total 1

3. Click **Change Log Detail Levels**.

Logging and tracing

[Logging and tracing](#) > **server1**

It is recommended that you switch to High Performance Extensible Logging (HPEL) if you have no existing procedures that process log events.

[Switch to HPEL Mode](#)

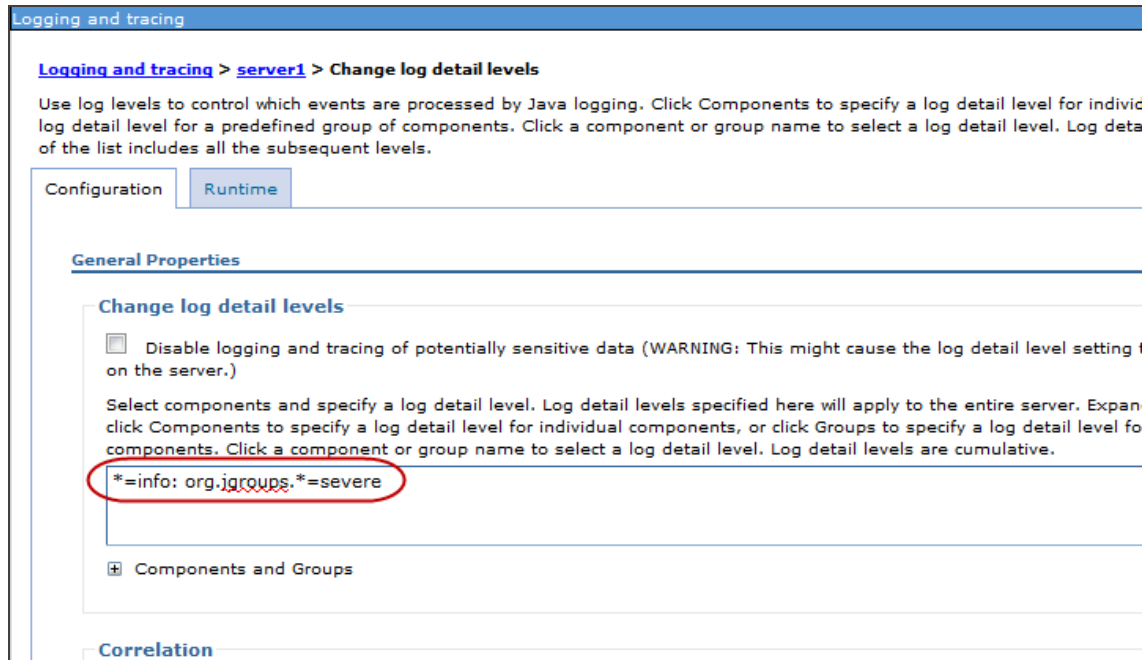
Use this page to select a system log to configure, or to specify a log detail level for components and groups of components. Events are processed by Java logging.

General Properties

- [Diagnostic Trace](#)
- [JVM Logs](#)
- [Process Logs](#)
- [IBM Service Logs](#)
- [Change log detail levels](#)**
- [NCSA access and HTTP error logging](#)

4. In the **Configuration** tab, add the following line in the text entry field above the listed log contexts:

`*=info: org.jgroups.*=severe`



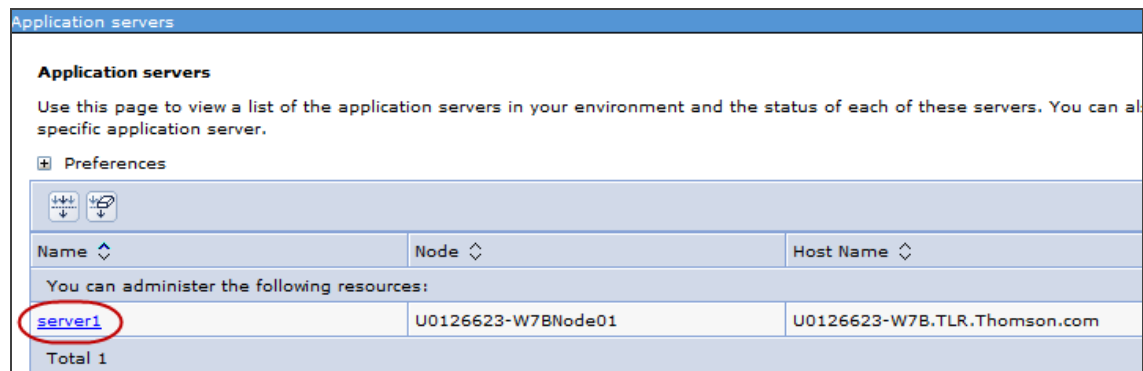
5. Click OK, and then click **Save directly to the master configuration**.

Repeat this procedure for each server in the cluster because the change will not be automatically propagated to other cluster nodes.

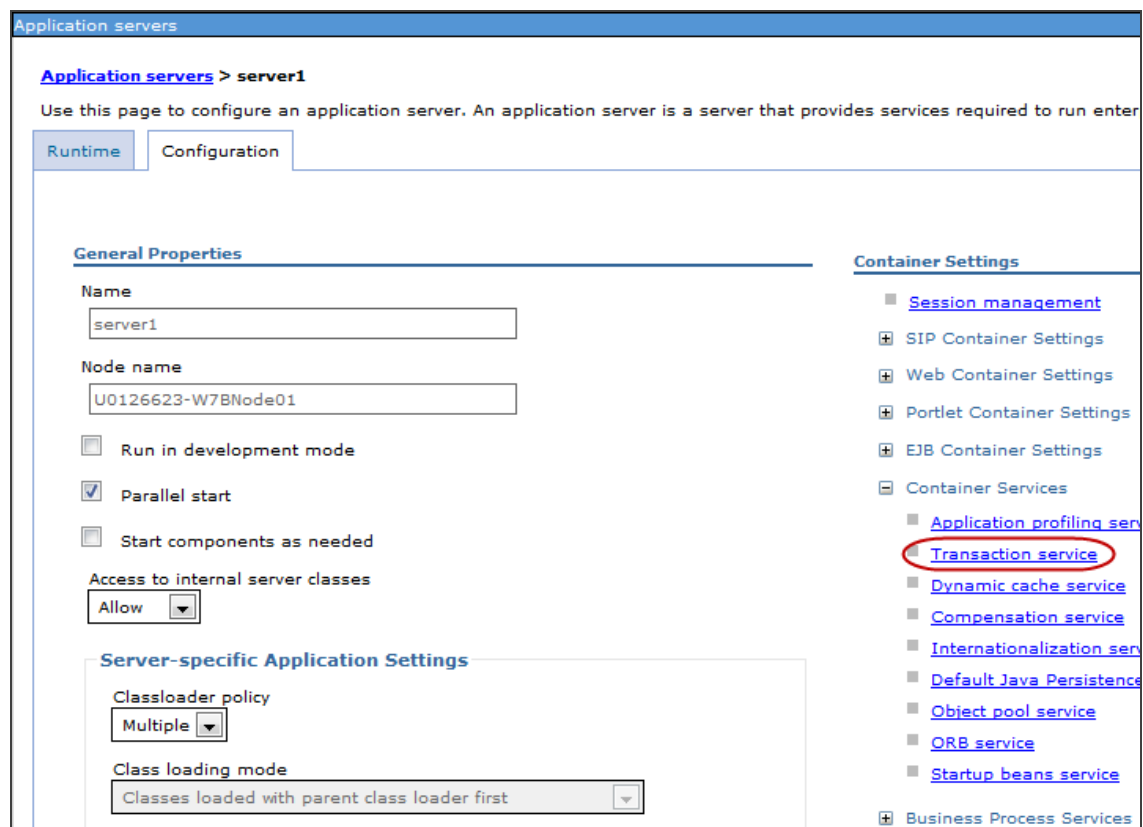
MODIFYING TRANSACTION TIMEOUTS

Increase the transaction timeouts by completing the following:

1. Go to **Servers > Server Types > WebSphere application servers**.
2. Click your server.



- Under **Container Settings > Container Services**, click **Transaction service**.



- Change the timeouts as shown in the following table:

Application servers

[Application servers](#) > [server1](#) > Transaction service

Use this page to specify settings for the transaction service. The transaction service is a server runtime component that can coordinate managers to ensure atomic updates of data. Transactions are started and ended by applications or the container in which the

Runtime Configuration

General Properties

Transaction log directory

* Total transaction lifetime timeout 600 seconds

* Async response timeout 30 seconds

* Client inactivity timeout 60 seconds

* Maximum transaction timeout 3600 seconds

Heuristic retry limit 0 retries

Heuristic retry wait 0 seconds

☐ Enable logging for heuristic reporting

PROMPT	VALUE
Total transaction lifetime timeout	600
Maximum transaction timeout	3600

- Click OK, and then click **Save directly to the master configuration**.

CREATING THE ORACLE JDBC PROVIDER

Create the Oracle JDBC Provider by completing the following.

- From the console, go to **Resources > JDBC > JDBC Providers**.
- Set the scope that is appropriate to your environment, and then click **New**.

JDBC providers

Use this page to edit properties of a JDBC provider. The JDBC provider object encapsulates the specific JDBC driver implementation of your environment. Learn more about this task in a [guided activity](#). A guided activity provides a list of task steps and topics.

Scope: Cell=U0126623-W7ANode01Cell, Node=U0126623-W7ANode01

Scope specifies the level at which the resource definition is visible. For detailed information on what scope is and how it works, [see the scope settings help](#).

Node=U0126623-W7ANode01

Preferences

New... Delete

Select Name Scope Description

None

Total 0

- Update the fields in the table below, and then click **Next**.

Create a new JDBC Provider

Create a new JDBC Provider

→ **Step 1: Create new JDBC provider**

Step 2: Enter database class path information

Step 3: Summary

Create new JDBC provider

Set the basic configuration values of a JDBC provider, which encapsulates the specific classes that are required to access the database. The wizard fills in the name and different values.

Scope
cells:U0126623-W7BNode01Cell:nodes:U0126623-W7BNode01

* Database type
Oracle

* Provider type
Oracle JDBC Driver

* Implementation type
XA data source

* Name
Oracle JDBC Driver (XA)

Description
Oracle JDBC Driver (XA)

FIELD	VALUE
Database type	Oracle
Provider type	Oracle JDBC Driver
Implementation type	XA data source
Name	Oracle JDBC Driver (XA)
Description	Oracle JDBC Driver (XA)

- Specify the directory location of the JDBC driver. The directory shown below is an example and would be different in your environment.



Determination requires the latest JDBC driver version for your database. Locate *ojdbc8.jar*, the Oracle JDBC driver.

Create a new JDBC Provider

Create a new JDBC Provider

Step 1: Create new JDBC provider

→ Step 2: Enter database class path information

Step 3: Summary

Enter database class path information

Set the class path for the JDBC driver class files, which WebSphere(R) Application provider. This wizard page displays a default list of jars and allows you to set the directory locations of the files. Use complete directory paths when you type the JD C:\SQLLIB\java on Windows(R) or /home/db2inst1/sqlib/java on Linux(TM).

Entries are separated by using the ENTER key and must not contain path separate value is specified for you, you may click Next to accept the value.

Class path:

Directory location for "ojdbc6.jar" which is saved as WebSphere variable \${ORACLE_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH}

Previous Next Cancel

- Click **Next**.

- If the summary is correct, click **Finish**.

Create a new JDBC Provider

Step 1: Create new JDBC provider
Step 2: Enter database class path information
→ **Step 3: Summary**

Summary

Summary of actions:

Options	Values
Scope	cells:U0126623-W7BNode01Cell:nodes
JDBC provider name	Oracle JDBC Driver (XA)
Description	Oracle JDBC Driver (XA)
Class path	\${ORACLE_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH}/ojdbc
\${ORACLE_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH}	C:\app\U0126623\product\11.2.0\dbh
Implementation class name	oracle.jdbc.xa.client.OracleXADataSource

Previous Finish Cancel

- Click **Save directly to the master configuration**.

CREATING THE TAX DATA SOURCE

Create the Tax data source by completing the following.

- Go to **Resources > JDBC > JDBC providers**, and click **Oracle JDBC Driver (XA)**.

JDBC providers

Use this page to edit properties of a JDBC provider. The JDBC provider object encapsulates the specific JDBC driver implementation of your environment. Learn more about this task in a [guided activity](#). A guided activity provides a list of task steps and a topic.

Scope: Cell=U0126623-W7BNode01Cell, Node=U0126623-W7BNode01

Scope specifies the level at which the resource definition is visible. For detailed information on what scope is and how it works, [see the scope settings help](#).

Node=U0126623-W7BNode01

Preferences

New... Delete

Select Name Scope Description

You can administer the following resources:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Oracle JDBC Driver (XA)	Node=U0126623-W7BNode01	Oracle J
-------------------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------	----------

Total 1

- Click **Data Sources** in the **Additional Properties** section.

JDBC providers

Messages

Modifying the implementation class name will eliminate the ability to create data sources and data from templates.

JDBC providers > Oracle JDBC Driver

Use this page to edit properties of a Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) provider. The JDBC provider object encapsulates the for access to the specific vendor database of your environment.

Configuration

General Properties

* Scope
cells:U0126623-W7ANode01Cell:nodes:U0126623-W7ANode01

* Name
Oracle JDBC Driver

Additional Properties

Data sources

Data sources (Web)

- Click **New**.

JDBC providers > Oracle JDBC Driver (XA) > Data sources

Use this page to edit the settings of a datasource that is associated with your selected JDBC provider. The datasource object s accessing the database. Learn more about this task in a [guided activity](#). A guided activity provides a list of task steps and mo

Preferences

New... Delete Test connection Manage state...

Icons: Check, Copy, Paste, Add, Remove

Select	Name	JNDI name	Scope	Provider
None				
Total 0				

- Enter the basic data source information, and then click **Next**.

Create a data source

Create a data source

→ Step 1: Enter basic data source information

Step 2: Enter database specific properties for the data source

Step 3: Setup security aliases

Step 4: Summary

Enter basic data source information

Set the basic configuration values of a datasource for association with your JDBC physical connections between the application server and the database.

Requirement: Use the Datasources (WebSphere(R) Application Server V4) console the Enterprise JavaBeans(TM) (EJB) 1.0 specification or the Java(TM) Servlet 2.2 s

Scope
cells:U0126623-W7ANode01Cell:nodes:U0126623-W7ANode01

JDBC provider name
Oracle JDBC Driver

* Data source name
Sabrix Tax Data Source

* JNDI name
sabrix.TaxDataSource

Next Cancel

FIELD	VALUE
Data source name	Sabrix Tax Data Source
JNDI name	sabrix.TaxDataSource

5. Add the database properties, and then click **Next**.

Create a data source

Create a data source

Step 1: Enter basic data source information

→ Step 2: Enter database specific properties for the data source

Step 3: Setup security aliases

Step 4: Summary

Enter database specific properties for the data source


Set these database-specific properties, which are required by the database vendor that are managed through the datasource.

Name	Value
* URL	jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:o

* Data store helper class name
Oracle11g data store helper

☐ Use this data source in container managed persistence (CMP)

Previous Next Cancel

FIELD	VALUE
URL	<p>Insert the following string into the Value field, and then change the bold items so they are appropriate for your environment:</p> <p>jdbc:oracle:thin:@host:port:service</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replace host with the name of the server running the Oracle database. • Replace port with the database port number (for example, 1521). • Replace service with the name of your database service. <p> For Oracle Database 19c (19.6) Enterprise Edition platforms - support starting as of Determination 5.12.1.0 and above - the URL should be:</p> <p>jdbc:oracle:thin:@host:port/service</p>
Data Store Helper Class Name	Oracle11g data store helper.
Container Managed Persistence	Clear this check box.

6. Set up your security aliases, and then click **Next**.

Create a data source

Create a data source

Step 1: Enter basic data source information

Step 2: Enter database specific properties for the data source

→ **Step 3: Setup security aliases**

Step 4: Summary

Setup security aliases

Select the authentication values for this resource.

Authentication alias for XA recovery
U0126623-W7BNode01/sbxtax

Component-managed authentication alias
U0126623-W7BNode01/sbxtax

Mapping-configuration alias
DefaultPrincipalMapping

Container-managed authentication alias
U0126623-W7BNode01/sbxtax

Note: You can create a new J2C authentication alias by accessing one of the following the wizard and your current wizard selections will be lost.

[Global J2C authentication alias](#)
[Security domains](#)

Previous Next Cancel

FIELD	VALUE
Authentication alias for XA recovery	Select the Tax user you created in Configuring Authentication (page 14) .
Component-managed authentication alias	Select the Tax user you created in Configuring Authentication (page 14) .
Mapping-configuration alias	Select DefaultPrincipalMapping .
Container-managed authentication alias	Select the Tax user you created in Configuring Authentication (page 14) .

7. If the summary is correct, click **Finish**. Otherwise, click **Previous** to correct your previous entries.

Create a data source

Create a data source

Step 1: Enter basic data source information

Step 2: Enter database specific properties for the data source

Step 3: Setup security aliases

→ Step 4: Summary

Summary

Summary of actions:

Options	Values
Scope	cells:U0126623-W7BN-W7BNode01
Data source name	Sabrix Tax Data Sour
JNDI name	sabrix.TaxDataSource
Select an existing JDBC provider	Oracle JDBC Driver (X
Implementation class name	oracle.jdbc.xa.client.C
URL	jdbc:oracle:thin:@loca
Data store helper class name	com.ibm.websphere.n
Use this data source in container managed persistence (CMP)	false
Authentication alias for XA recovery	U0126623-W7BNodeC
Component-managed authentication alias	U0126623-W7BNodeC
Mapping-configuration alias	DefaultPrincipalMappi
Container-managed authentication alias	U0126623-W7BNodeC

Previous

Finish

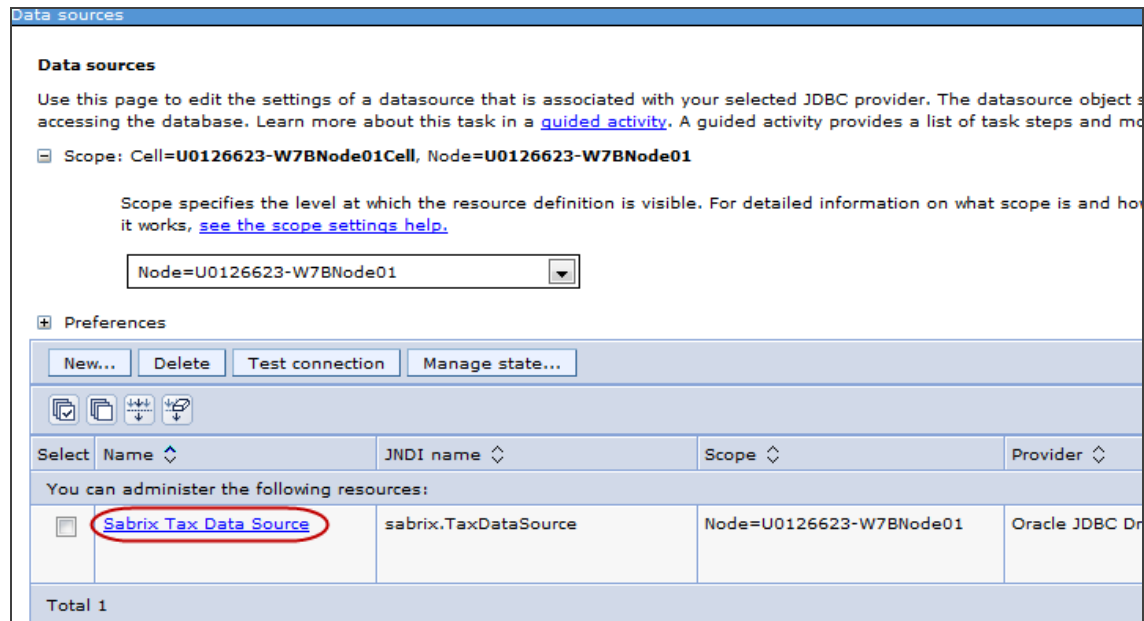
Cancel

- Click **Save directly to the master configuration**.

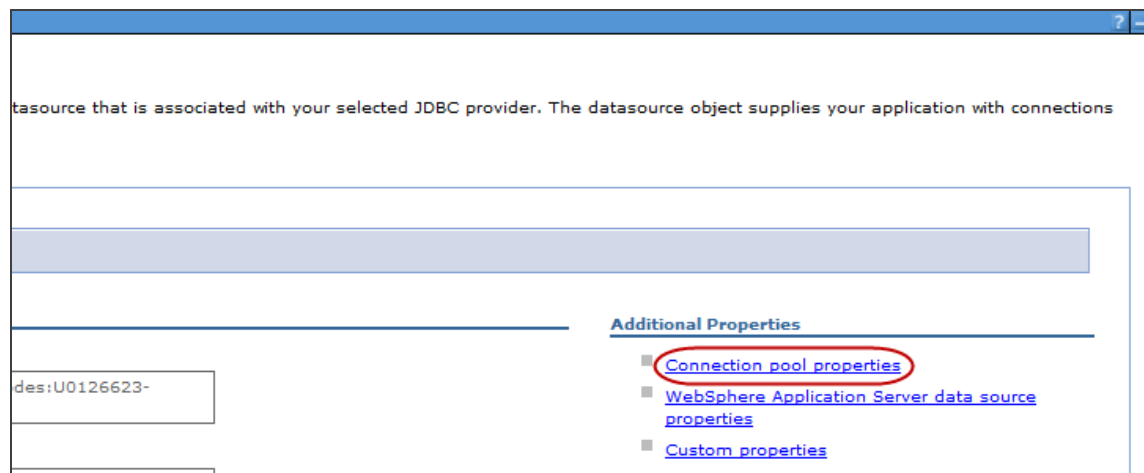
MODIFYING THE TAX DATA SOURCE

Modify the Tax data source by continuing in **Resources > JDBC > Data sources**.

1. Click **Sabrix Tax Data Source**.



2. Click **Connection pool properties** in the **Additional Properties** section.



3. Add the following general properties, and then click OK.

Data sources

[Data sources](#) > [Sabrix Tax Data Source](#) > **Connection pools**

Use this page to set properties that impact the timing of connection management tasks, which can affect the performance of carefully; your application requirements might warrant changing these values.

Configuration

General Properties	Additional Properties
<p>Scope</p> <p>cells:U0126623-W7BNode01Cell:nodes:U0126623-W7BNode01</p> <p>* Connection timeout 30 seconds</p> <p>* Maximum connections 64 connections</p> <p>* Minimum connections 16 connections</p> <p>* Reap time 30 seconds</p> <p>* Unused timeout 60 seconds</p> <p>* Aged timeout 0 seconds</p> <p>Purge policy EntirePool</p>	<p>■ Advanced connection pool</p> <p>■ Connection pool</p>

Apply OK Reset Cancel

FIELD	VALUE
Connection timeout	30
Maximum connections	64
Minimum connections	16
Reap time	30
Unused timeout	60
Aged timeout	0
Purge policy	EntirePool

- Click **Save directly to the master configuration**.

5. Select **Sabrix Tax Data Source**, and then click **Test Connection**.

Data sources

Use this page to edit the settings of a datasource that is associated with your selected JDBC provider. The datasource object is used for accessing the database. Learn more about this task in a [guided activity](#). A guided activity provides a list of task steps and more information.

Scope: Cell=U0126623-W7BNode01Cell, Node=U0126623-W7BNode01

Scope specifies the level at which the resource definition is visible. For detailed information on what scope is and how it works, [see the scope settings help](#).

Node=U0126623-W7BNode01

Preferences

New... Delete **Test connection** Manage state...

Select	Name	JNDI name	Scope	Provider
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix Tax Data Source	sabrix.TaxDataSource	Node=U0126623-W7BNode01	Oracle JDBC Dr

Total 1

6. If your test is successful, continue to the next section. Otherwise, revise your tax data source entries until you successfully complete the test.

CREATING THE AUDIT DATA SOURCE

Create the Audit data source by going to **Resources > JDBC > Data Sources**.

1. Select the appropriate scope, and then click **New**.

Data sources

Use this page to edit the settings of a datasource that is associated with your selected JDBC provider. The datasource object is used by the application to access the database. Learn more about this task in a [guided activity](#). A guided activity provides a list of task steps and more information.

Scope: Cell=U0126623-W7BNode01Cell, Node=U0126623-W7BNode01

Scope specifies the level at which the resource definition is visible. For detailed information on what scope is and how it works, [see the scope settings help](#).

Node=U0126623-W7BNode01

Preferences

New... Delete Test connection Manage state...

Select	Name	JNDI name	Scope	Provider
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix Tax Data Source	sabrix.TaxDataSource	Node=U0126623-W7BNode01	Oracle JDBC Dr

Total 1

2. Enter the basic data source information, and then click **Next**.

Create a data source

Step 1: Enter basic data source information

Step 2: Enter database specific properties for the data source

Step 3: Setup security aliases

Step 4: Summary

Enter basic data source information

Set the basic configuration values of a datasource for association with your JDBC provider. This step establishes the physical connections between the application server and the database.

Requirement: Use the Datasources (WebSphere(R) Application Server V4) console to create a new data source that complies with the Enterprise JavaBeans(TM) (EJB) 1.0 specification or the Java(TM) Servlet 2.2 specification.

Scope
cells:U0126623-W7ANode01Cell:nodes:U0126623-W7ANode01

JDBC provider name
Oracle JDBC Driver

* Data source name
Sabrix Audit Data Source

* JNDI name
sabrix.AuditDataSource

Next Cancel


FIELD	VALUE
Data source name	Sabrix Audit Data Source
JNDI name	sabrix.AuditDataSource

3. Select the option **Select an existing JDBC provider**, and then select **Oracle JDBC Driver (XA)**.

The screenshot shows the 'Create a data source' wizard with the title bar 'Create a data source'. The left sidebar lists five steps: Step 1: Enter basic data source information, Step 2: Select JDBC provider (highlighted with a yellow arrow), Step 3: Enter database specific properties for the data source, Step 4: Setup security aliases, and Step 5: Summary. The main panel is titled 'Select JDBC provider' and contains the text: 'Specify a JDBC provider to support the datasource. If you choose to create a new, same scope as the datasource. If you are selecting an existing JDBC provider, one are available from the list.' There are two radio buttons: 'Create new JDBC provider' (unselected) and 'Select an existing JDBC provider' (selected). Below the selected radio button is a dropdown menu showing 'Oracle JDBC Driver (XA)'. At the bottom are 'Previous', 'Next', and 'Cancel' buttons.

4. Click **Next**.
5. Add the database properties, and then click **Next**.

The screenshot shows the 'Create a data source' wizard with the title bar 'Create a data source'. The left sidebar lists five steps: Step 1: Enter basic data source information, Step 2: Enter database specific properties for the data source (highlighted with a yellow arrow), Step 3: Setup security aliases, and Step 4: Summary. The main panel is titled 'Enter database specific properties for the data source' and contains the text: 'Set these database-specific properties, which are required by the database vendor that are managed through the datasource.' Below this is a table with two columns: 'Name' and 'Value'. The first row has the name '* URL' and the value 'jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:o'. The second row has the name '* Data store helper class name' and a dropdown menu showing 'Oracle11g data store helper'. Below the table is a checkbox labeled 'Use this data source in container managed persistence (CMP)'. At the bottom are 'Previous', 'Next', and 'Cancel' buttons.

FIELD	VALUE
URL	<p>Insert the following string into the Value field, and then change the bold items so they are appropriate for your environment:</p> <p>jdbc:oracle:thin:@host:port:service</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replace host with the name of the server running the Oracle database. • Replace port with the database port number (for example, 1521). • Replace service with the name of your database service. <p> For Oracle Database 19c (19.6) Enterprise Edition platforms - support starting as of Determination 5.12.1.0 and above - the URL should be:</p> <p>jdbc:oracle:thin:@host:port/service</p>
Data Store Helper Class Name	Oracle11g data store helper.
Container Managed Persistence	Clear this check box.

6. Set up your security aliases, and then click **Next**.

Create a data source

Create a data source

Step 1: Enter basic data source information

Step 2: Select JDBC provider

Step 3: Enter database specific properties for the data source

→ **Step 4: Setup security aliases**

Step 5: Summary

Setup security aliases

Select the authentication values for this resource.

Authentication alias for XA recovery
U0126623-W7BNode01/sbxaud ▼

Component-managed authentication alias
U0126623-W7BNode01/sbxaud ▼

Mapping-configuration alias
DefaultPrincipalMapping ▼

Container-managed authentication alias
U0126623-W7BNode01/sbxaud ▼

Note: You can create a new J2C authentication alias by accessing one of the following the wizard and your current wizard selections will be lost.

[Global J2C authentication aliases](#)
[Security domains](#)

Previous Next Cancel

FIELD	VALUE
Authentication alias for XA recovery	Select the Audit user you created in Configuring Authentication (page 14) .
Component-managed authentication alias	Select the Audit user you created in Configuring Authentication (page 14) .
Mapping-configuration alias	Select DefaultPrincipalMapping .
Container-managed authentication alias	Select the Audit user you created in Configuring Authentication (page 14) .

7. If the summary is correct, click **Finish**. Otherwise, click **Previous** to correct your previous entries.

Create a data source

Create a data source

Step 1: Enter basic data source information

Step 2: Select JDBC provider

Step 3: Enter database specific properties for the data source

Step 4: Setup security aliases

→ Step 5: Summary

Summary

Summary of actions:

Options	Values
Scope	cells:U0126623-W7BNW7BNode01
Data source name	Sabrix Audit Data Sou
JNDI name	sabrix.AuditDataSourc
Select an existing JDBC provider	Oracle JDBC Driver (X)
Implementation class name	oracle.jdbc.xa.client.C
URL	jdbc:oracle:thin:@loca
Data store helper class name	com.ibm.websphere.r
Use this data source in container managed persistence (CMP)	false
Authentication alias for XA recovery	U0126623-W7BNode0
Component-managed authentication alias	U0126623-W7BNode0
Mapping-configuration alias	DefaultPrincipalMappi
Container-managed authentication alias	U0126623-W7BNode0

Previous **Finish** Cancel

- Click **Save directly to the master configuration**.

MODIFYING THE AUDIT DATA SOURCE

Modify the Audit data source by continuing in **Resources > JDBC > Data sources**.

1. Click **Sabrix Audit Data Source**.

Data sources

Use this page to edit the settings of a datasource that is associated with your selected JDBC provider. The datasource object supplies your application with connections to the database. Learn more about this task in a [guided activity](#). A guided activity provides a list of task steps and more information.

Scope: Cell=U0126623-W7BNode01Cell, Node=U0126623-W7BNode01

Scope specifies the level at which the resource definition is visible. For detailed information on what scope is and how it works, [see the scope settings help](#).

Node=U0126623-W7BNode01

Preferences

New... Delete Test connection Manage state...

Select	Name	JNDI name	Scope	Provider
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix Audit Data Source	sabrix.AuditDataSource	Node=U0126623-W7BNode01	Oracle JDBC Driver
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix Tax Data Source	sabrix.TaxDataSource	Node=U0126623-W7BNode01	Oracle JDBC Driver

Total 2

2. Click **Connection pool properties** in the **Additional Properties** section.

datasource that is associated with your selected JDBC provider. The datasource object supplies your application with connections to the database.

Additional Properties

- Connection pool properties**
- [WebSphere Application Server data source properties](#)
- [Custom properties](#)

Related Items

- [JAAS - J2C authentication data](#)

3. Add the following general properties, and then click OK.

Data sources

[Data sources](#) > [Sabrix Audit Data Source](#) > **Connection pools**

Use this page to set properties that impact the timing of connection management tasks, which can affect the performance of carefully; your application requirements might warrant changing these values.

Configuration

General Properties

Scope

cells:U0126623-W7BNode01Cell:nodes:U0126623-W7BNode01

* Connection timeout
30 seconds

* Maximum connections
64 connections

* Minimum connections
16 connections

* Reap time
30 seconds

* Unused timeout
60 seconds

* Aged timeout
0 seconds

Purge policy
EntirePool

Apply OK Reset Cancel

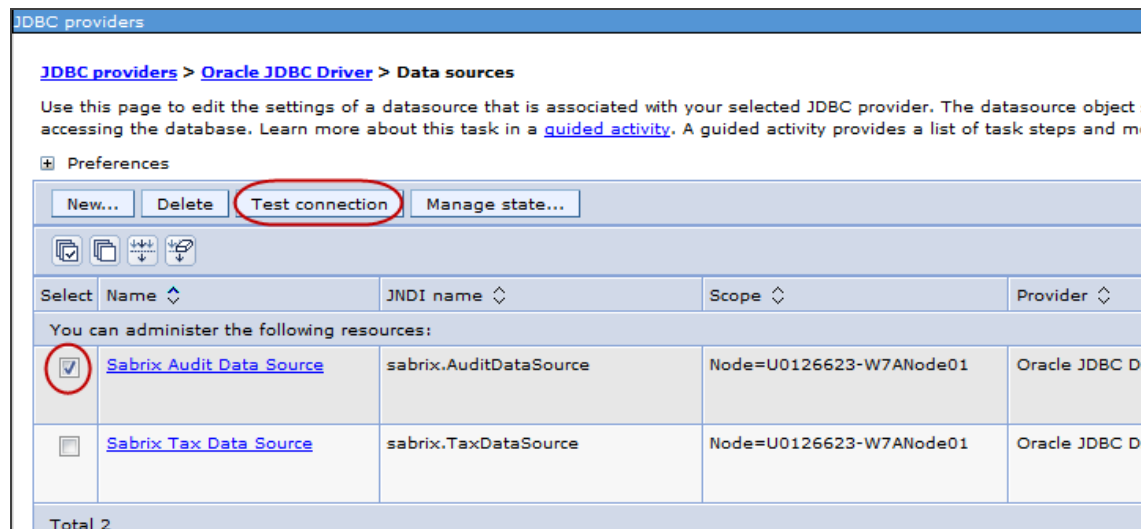
Additional Properties

■ [Advanced connection pool](#)

■ [Connection pool](#)

FIELD	VALUE
Connection timeout	30
Maximum connections	64
Minimum connections	16
Reap time	30
Unused timeout	60
Aged timeout	0
Purge policy	EntirePool

4. Click **Save directly to the master configuration**.
5. Select **Sabrix Audit Data Source**, and then click **Test Connection**.

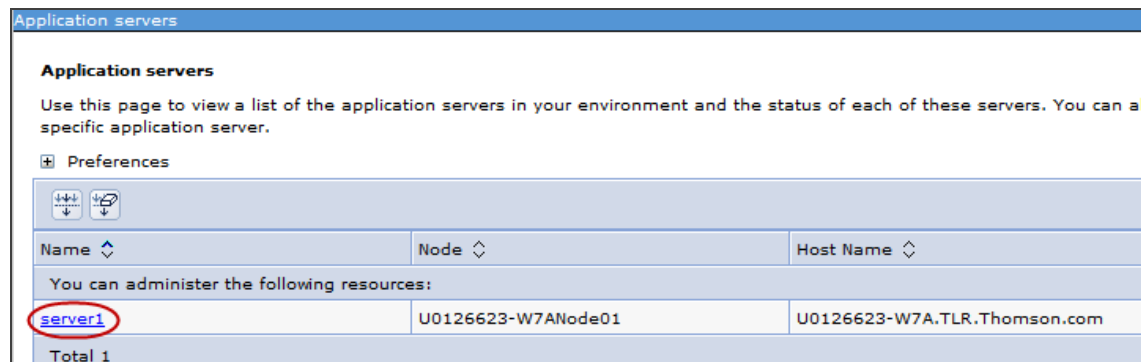


6. If your test is successful, continue to the next section. Otherwise, revise your audit data source entries until you successfully complete the test.

CONFIGURING THE JAVA VIRTUAL MACHINE

The default heap sizes for the Java Virtual Machine are too low to deploy the Determination software successfully. Change the sizes by completing the following.

1. Go to **Servers > Server Types > WebSphere application servers**.
2. Click on your server.



- Expand **Java and Process Management** in the **Server Infrastructure** list, and then click **Process Definition**.

General Properties

Name:

Node name:

☐ Run in development mode

☒ Parallel start

☐ Start components as needed

Access to internal server classes:

Server-specific Application Settings

ClassLoader policy:

Class loading mode:

Buttons:

Container Settings

- [Session management](#)
- [SIP Container Settings](#)
- [Web Container Settings](#)
- [Portlet Container Settings](#)
- [EJB Container Settings](#)
- [Container Services](#)
- [Business Process Services](#)

Applications

- [Installed applications](#)

Server messaging

- [Messaging engines](#)
- [Messaging engine inbound](#)
- [WebSphere MQ link inbound](#)
- [SIB service](#)

Server Infrastructure

- ☒ Java and Process Management
 - [Class loader](#)
 - [Process definition](#)
 - [Process execution](#)

- Click **Java Virtual Machine** in the **Additional Properties** list.

Initialize a process.

Additional Properties

- [Java Virtual Machine](#)
- [Environment Entries](#)
- [Process execution](#)
- [Process Logs](#)
- [Logging and tracing](#)

- Complete the following fields using the table below as a guide.

Initial heap size

2048

 MB

Maximum heap size

2048

 MB

☐ Run HProf

HProf Arguments

☐ Debug Mode

Debug arguments

-agentlib:jdwp=transport=dt_socket,server=y,suspend=n,address=7777

Generic JVM arguments

-Djava.awt.headless=true -Djava.net.preferIPv4Stack=true

FIELD	VALUE
Initial Heap Size	<div>2048 (minimum)</div> <div><div></div><div>We recommend allocating at least 6144m.</div></div>
Maximum Heap Size	<div>2048 (minimum)</div> <div><div></div><div>We recommend allocating at least 6144m.</div></div>
Generic JVM arguments	<div>-Djava.awt.headless=true</div> <div>-Djava.net.preferIPv4Stack=true</div>
Generic JVM arguments	<div>-DBASE_SABRIX_DIRECTORY=<logging_directory></div> <div>If you plan to run Determination in several instances of the application server on the same host, add this parameter to ensure that each instance logs to its own directory. Replace <logging_directory> with your logging directory.</div> <div>If you are only running one instance of the application server, you can skip this step and set the parameter in Determination on the Configuration page. See the Help for further details.</div>

6. Click OK, and then click **Save directly to the master configuration**.

ENABLING AUTOMATIC TAX DATA DOWNLOADS (OPTIONAL)

If you plan to use the tax data automatic download feature, you need to complete both a WebSphere configuration and a configuration inside Determination. The following explains the WebSphere configuration, and you should consult Help for details about Determination configuration. If you do not plan to use this feature, then skip to [Deploying the Application \(page 49\)](#).

There are two parts for the WebSphere configuration of this feature:

- Exporting the Customer Center certificate.
- Configuring the certificate in WebSphere.

Exporting the Customer Center Certificate

The following is an example using Internet Explorer:

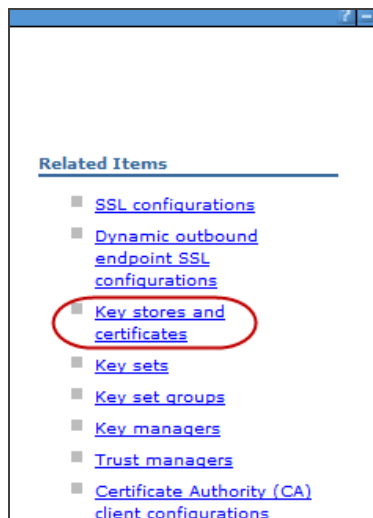
1. Go to the following: <https://customercenter.sabrix.com/sabrixcc/>
2. Click the lock icon, which brings up the **Website Identification** window.
3. Click **View certificates**.
4. Click the **Details** tab, and then click **Copy to File**.
5. Click **Next** in the **Certificate Export Wizard**.
6. Accept the default for the **Export File Format (DER encoded binary)**, and then click **Next**.
7. Specify a name and directory path, and then click **Next**.
8. Click **Finish**, and then OK
9. Upload the certificate to the server hosting WebSphere.

You will use this certificate file in the following section.

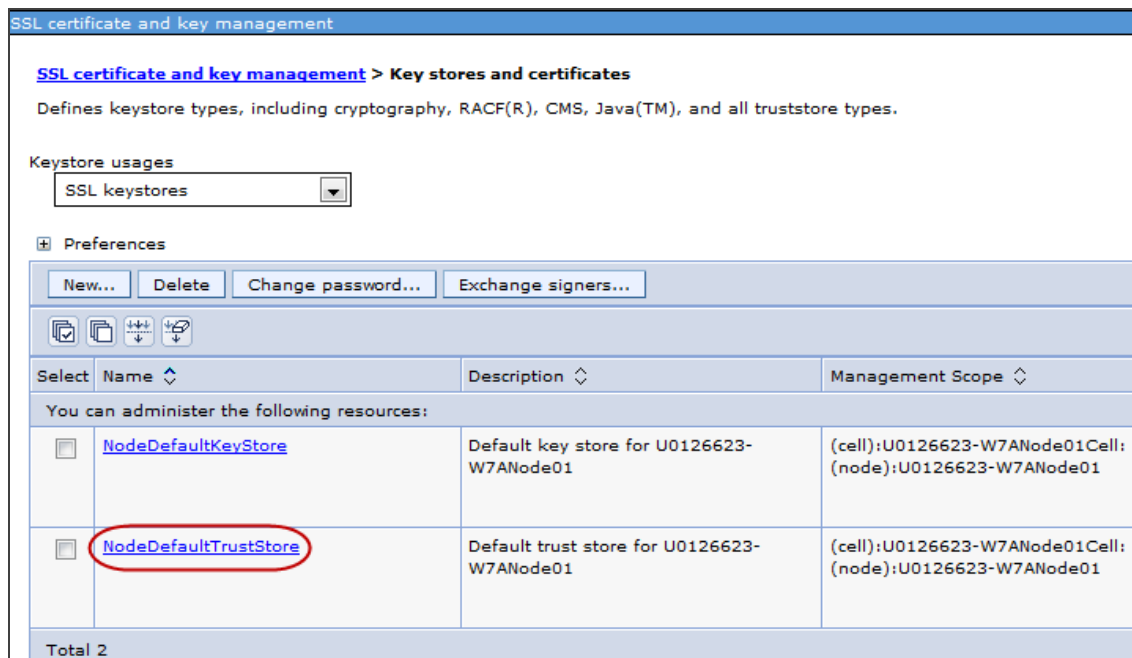
Configuring the Certificate in WebSphere

Using the Integrated Solution Console, complete the following:

1. Under **Security** in the left pane, click **SSL certificate and key management**.
2. Under **Related Items**, click **Key stores and certificates**.



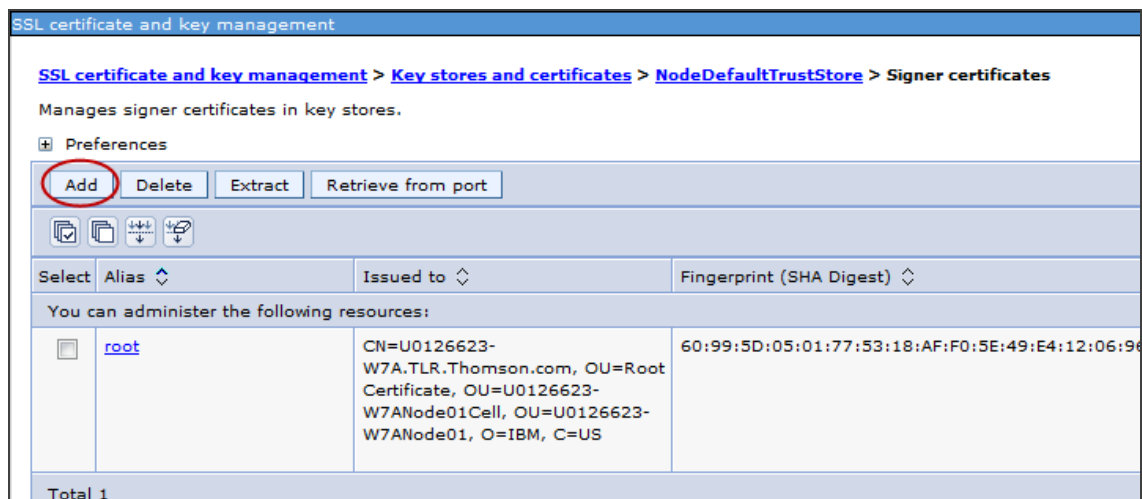
3. Click **NodeDefaultTrustStore**.



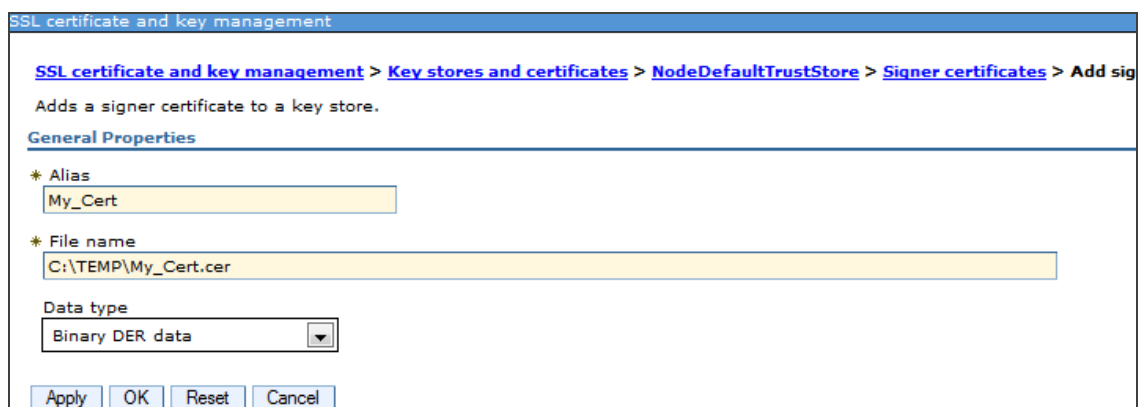
4. Under **Additional Properties**, click **Signer certificates**.



5. Click **Add**.



6. Complete the following general properties.



FIELD	VALUE
Alias	Enter a label of your choice.
File name	Insert the name and directory path where you stored your exported certificate.
Data type	Select Binary DER data .

- Click OK, and then click **Save directly to the master configuration**.

After you finish your WebSphere configurations and you begin your Determination configurations, consult Help for directions about configuring the automatic download feature.

CONFIGURING CSRFGUARD

When enabled, CSRFGuard provides security against cross-site request forgery security attacks. By default, CSRFGuard is disabled. To enable this feature, contact Customer Support or visit the Knowledge Base.

Complete the following:

- Stop WebSphere.
- Navigate to the following directory in WebSphere:

<WebSphereBaseDirectory>/AppServer/lib/

- In the directory, create a file called *Owasp.CsrfGuard.overlay.properties*, and then insert the following lines:

```

1  org.owasp.csrfguard.configuration.provider.factory=org.owasp.csrf
   guard.config.overlay.ConfigurationOverlayProviderFactory
2  org.owasp.csrfguard.Enabled=false
3  org.owasp.csrfguard.PRNG=IBMSecureRandom
4  org.owasp.csrfguard.PRNG.Provider=IBMJCE

```

- Save and close the file *Owasp.CsrfGuard.overlay.properties*.
- Restart WebSphere.

DEPLOYING THE APPLICATION

The Determination application is contained in the *sabrix.ear* file, which is in the root directory of the installation .zip file you downloaded and extracted earlier. Complete the following steps to deploy the application.



These deployment steps are for a default installation. If your environment requires advanced settings for deployment, choose those as you complete the steps below.

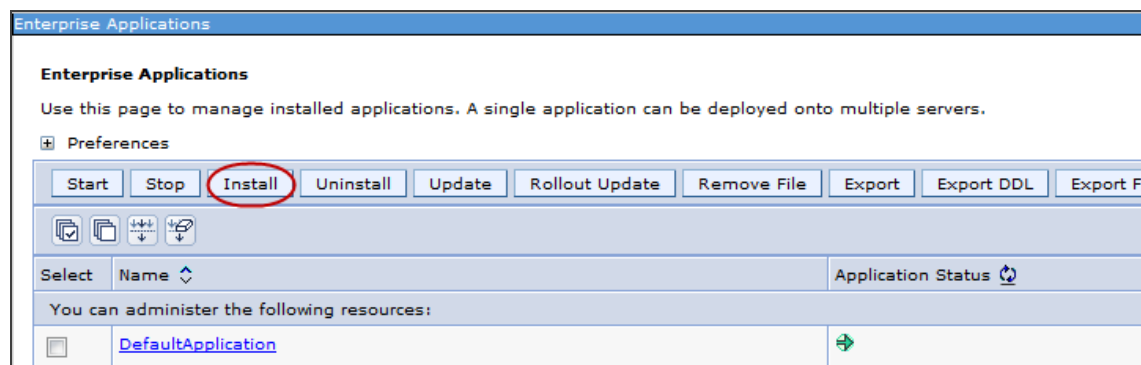
The deployment steps are grouped into four sections:

- Loading the Application
- Selecting Installation Options
- Configuring Class Loading
- Setting a Custom Property

Loading the Application

The following steps guide you through the process of loading the Determination application.

1. From the console, go to **Applications > Application Types > Websphere enterprise applications**.
2. Click **Install**.



3. Enter or browse to the location of the *sabrix.ear* file, and then click **Next**.

Preparing for the application installation

Specify the EAR, WAR, JAR, or SAR module to upload and install.

Path to the new application

☒ Local file system

Full path

sabrix.ear

☐ Remote file system

Full path

4. Select **Detailed - Show all installation options and parameters**, and then click **Next**.

Preparing for the application installation

How do you want to install the application?

☐ Fast Path - Prompt only when additional information is required.

☒ **Detailed - Show all installation options and parameters.**

☐ Choose to generate default bindings and mappings

Remain on the screen, and continue with the steps in the following section.

Selecting Installation Options

Complete each step below to select the installation options.

1. On **Step 1: Select installation options**, choose the following installation options, and then click **Next**.

Install New Application

Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.

→ **Step 1: Select installation options**

[Step 2: Map modules to servers](#)

[Step 3: Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules](#)

[Step 4: Map shared libraries](#)

[Step 5: Map shared library relationships](#)

[Step 6: Initialize parameters for servlets](#)

[Step 7: Map resource references to resources](#)

Select installation options

Specify the various options that are available for your application.

☐ Precompile JavaServer Pages files

Directory to install application

☒ Distribute application

☐ Use Binary Configuration

☐ Deploy enterprise beans

Application name

☒ Create MBeans for resources

☒ Override class reloading settings for Web and EJB modules

Reload interval in seconds

FIELD	VALUE
Distribute application	Check the box
Create MBeans for resources	Check the box
Override class reloading settings for Web and EJB modules	Check the box
Reload interval in seconds	Enter zero: 0

2. On **Step 2: Map modules to servers**, if there is just one entry in **Clusters and servers**, accept the defaults, and then click **Next**. If there are multiple entries in **Clusters and servers**, highlight the container (s) you want to deploy to, select the three check boxes below, and click **Apply**. When you are done, click **Next**.

Install New Application

Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.

Step 1 Select installation options

→ Step 2: Map modules to servers

Step 3 Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules

Step 4 Map shared libraries

Step 5 Map shared library relationships

Step 6 Initialize parameters for servlets

Step 7 Map resource references to resources

✱ Step 8 Map virtual hosts for Web modules

Map modules to servers

Specify targets such as application servers or clusters of application servers where you want to install your application. Modules can be installed on the same application server or dispersed among several Web servers as targets that serve as routers for requests to this application. The plug-in configuration Web server is generated, based on the applications that are routed through.

Clusters and servers:

WebSphere:cell=PDXSASDV062Node01Cell,node=PDXSASDV062Node01,server=server1

☒
☐

Select	Module	URI	Server
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix System Web Application	sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	WebSphere:cell=PDXSASDV062Node01Cell,node=
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix Registration Web Application	registration-validation.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	WebSphere:cell=PDXSASDV062Node01Cell,node=
<input type="checkbox"/>	determination-help.war	determination-help.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	WebSphere:cell=PDXSASDV062Node01Cell,node=

3. On **Step 3: Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules**, click **Next** to accept the defaults.

Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.

Step 1 Select installation options

Step 2 Map modules to servers

→ Step 3: Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules

Step 4 Map shared libraries

Step 5 Map shared library relationships

Step 6 Initialize parameters for servlets

Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules

JSP reloading options for Web modules

Configure Servlet and JSP reload attributes in web modules.

Web module	URI	JSP enable class reloading	JSP reload in seconds
Sabrix System Web Application	sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="10"/>
Sabrix Registration Web Application	registration-validation.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="10"/>
determination-help.war	determination-help.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="10"/>

4. On **Step 4: Map shared libraries**, click **Next** to accept the defaults.

Install New Application

Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.

[Step 1](#) Select installation options

[Step 2](#) Map modules to servers

[Step 3](#) Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules

→ **Step 4: Map shared libraries**

[Step 5](#) Map shared library relationships

[Step 6](#) Initialize parameters for servlets

[Step 7](#) Map resource references

Map shared libraries

Specify shared libraries that the application or individual modules reference. These configuration at the appropriate scope.

Reference shared libraries

Select	Application	URI
<input type="checkbox"/>	SabrixTaxEngine	META-INF/application.xml
Select	Module	URI
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix System Web Application	sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix Registration Web Application	registration-validation.war,WEB-INF/web.xml

5. On **Step 5: Map shared library relationships**, click **Next** to accept the defaults.

Install New Application

Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.

[Step 1](#) Select installation options

[Step 2](#) Map modules to servers

[Step 3](#) Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules

[Step 4](#) Map shared libraries

→ **Step 5: Map shared library relationships**

[Step 6](#) Initialize parameters for servlets

[Step 7](#) Map resource references

Map shared library relationships

Specify asset or composition unit IDs as shared libraries that the application or individual modules reference. If a composition unit ID is specified, it must be part of the business level application to which the application is deployed. If an asset ID is specified, a composition unit is created from the asset. When unit IDs can be specified as shared libraries.

Reference shared libraries

Select	Application	URI
<input type="checkbox"/>	SabrixTaxEngine	META-INF/application.xml
Select	Module	URI
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix System Web Application	sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix Registration Web Application	registration-validation.war,WEB-INF/web.xml

6. On **Step 6: Initialize parameters for servlets**, click **Next** to accept the defaults.

Install New Application

Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.

[Step 1](#) Select installation options

[Step 2](#) Map modules to servers

[Step 3](#) Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules

[Step 4](#) Map shared libraries

[Step 5](#) Map shared library relationships

→ **Step 6: Initialize parameters for servlets**

Initialize parameters for servlets

Configure values for servlet's initial parameters in web modules.

Web module	URI	Servlet	Name	Description
Sabrix System Web Application	sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	CXFServlet	service-list-title	
Sabrix System Web Application	sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	XMLInvoiceServlet	debug	
Sabrix System Web Application	sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	XMLInvoiceServlet	retries	
Sabrix System Web Application	sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	SOAPInvoiceServlet	debug	

7. On **Step 7: Map resource references to resources**, click **Next** to accept the defaults.

Install New Application

Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.

[Step 1](#) Select installation options

[Step 2](#) Map modules to servers

[Step 3](#) Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules

[Step 4](#) Map shared libraries

[Step 5](#) Map shared library relationships

→ **Step 7: Map resource references to resources**

★ [Step 8](#) Map virtual hosts for Web modules

Map resource references to resources

Each resource reference that is defined in your application must be mapped to a resource.

javax.sql.DataSource

Set Multiple JNDI Names ▾ Modify Resource Authentication Method... Ex...

Select	Module	Bean	URI	Resource Reference	Target Resource
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix System Web Application		sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	jdbc/TaxDataSource	sabrix.TaxD Browse...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix System Web Application		sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	jdbc/AuditDataSource	sabrix.Audit Browse...

8. On **Step 8: Map virtual hosts for Web modules**, click **Next**, unless you want to specify the virtual host.

Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.

[Step 1](#) Select installation options

[Step 2](#) Map modules to servers

[Step 3](#) Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules

[Step 4](#) Map shared libraries

[Step 5](#) Map shared library relationships

[Step 6](#) Initialize parameters for servlets

[Step 7](#) Map resource references to resources

→ **Step 8: Map virtual hosts for Web modules**

Map virtual hosts for Web modules

Specify the virtual host for the Web modules that are contained in your application. You can map modules on the same virtual host or disperse them among several hosts.

☒ Apply Multiple Mappings

☒ ☐

Select	Web module	Virtual host
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix System Web Application	default_host ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix Registration Web Application	default_host ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	determination-help.war	default_host ▼

- On **Step 9: Map context roots for Web modules**, click **Next** to accept the defaults.

Install New Application

Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.

Step 1 Select installation options

Step 2 Map modules to servers

Step 3 Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules

Step 4 Map shared libraries

Step 5 Map shared library relationships

Step 6 Initialize parameters for servlets

Step 7 Map resource references to resources

Step 8 Map virtual hosts for Web modules

→ Step 9: Map context roots for Web modules

Map context roots for Web modules

Configure values for context roots in web modules.

Web module	URI	Context Root
Sabrix System Web Application	sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	/sabrix
Sabrix Registration Web Application	registration-validation.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	/sabrix-extension
determination-help.war	determination-help.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	/determination-h

10. On **Step 10: Map JASPI provider**, click **Next** to accept the defaults.

Install New Application

Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.

Step 1 Select installation options

Step 2 Map modules to servers

Step 3 Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules

Step 4 Map shared libraries

Step 5 Map shared library relationships

Step 6 Initialize parameters for servlets

Step 7 Map resource references to resources

Step 8 Map virtual hosts for Web modules

Step 9 Map context roots for Web modules

→ Step 10: Map JASPI provider

Map JASPI provider

JASPI providers offer an alternative to JAAS pluggable authentication for web modules. If an application inherits the JASPI settings defined in the WebSphere Application Server global security configuration and web modules inherit the application setting. However, you can override defaults by using wsadmin or the administrative console.

Select JASPI provider ▾

☒ ☐

Select	Application	URI	JASPI name
<input type="checkbox"/>	SabrixTaxEngine	META-INF/application.xml	
Select	Module	URI	JASPI name
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix System Web Application	sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix Registration Web Application	registration-validation.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	
<input type="checkbox"/>	determination-help.war	determination-help.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	

11. On **Step 11: Display module build Ids**, click **Next**.

Install New Application

Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.

Step 1 Select installation options

Step 2 Map modules to servers

Step 3 Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules

Step 4 Map shared libraries

Step 5 Map shared library relationships

Step 6 Initialize parameters for servlets

Step 7 Map resource references to resources

Step 8 Map virtual hosts for Web modules

Step 9 Map context roots for Web modules

Step 10 Map JASPI provider

→ Step 11: Display module build Ids

Display module build Ids

Display module build IDs.

Module	URI
Sabrix System Web Application	sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml
Sabrix Registration Web Application	registration-validation.war,WEB-INF/web.xml
determination-help.war	determination-help.war,WEB-INF/web.xml

- Review the summary, and if the values are not correct, return to the previous steps to make corrections. Otherwise, click **Finish**.

Install New Application

Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.

[Step 1](#) Select installation options

[Step 2](#) Map modules to servers

[Step 3](#) Provide JSP reloading options for Web modules

[Step 4](#) Map shared libraries

[Step 5](#) Map shared library relationships

[Step 6](#) Initialize parameters for servlets

[Step 7](#) Map resource references to resources

[Step 8](#) Map virtual hosts for Web modules

[Step 9](#) Map context roots for Web modules

[Step 10](#) Map JASPI provider

[Step 11](#) Display module build Ids

→ **Step 12: Summary**

Summary

Summary of installation options

Options	Values
Precompile JavaServer Pages files	No
Directory to install application	
Distribute application	Yes
Use Binary Configuration	No
Deploy enterprise beans	No
Application name	SabrixTaxEng
Create MBeans for resources	Yes
Override class reloading settings for Web and EJB modules	Yes
Reload interval in seconds	0
Deploy Web services	No
Validate Input off/warn/fail	warn
Process embedded configuration	No
File Permission	.*\.*.dll=755#
Application Build ID	Unknown
Allow dispatching includes to remote resources	No
Allow servicing includes from remote resources	No
Business level application name	
Asynchronous Request Dispatch Type	Disabled
Allow EJB reference targets to resolve automatically	No
Deploy client modules	No
Client deployment mode	Isolated
Validate schema	No
Cell/Node/Server	Click here

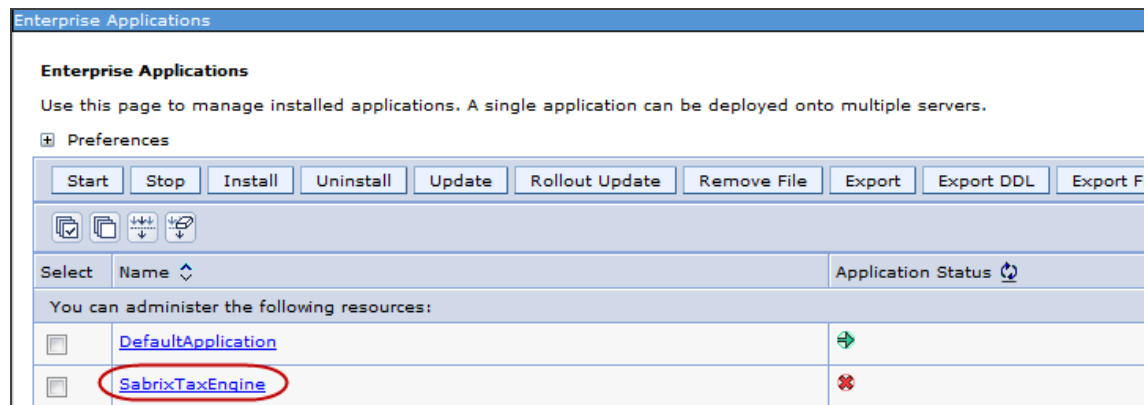
Previous **Finish** Cancel

13. Once the deployment is finished, click **Save directly to the master configuration**.

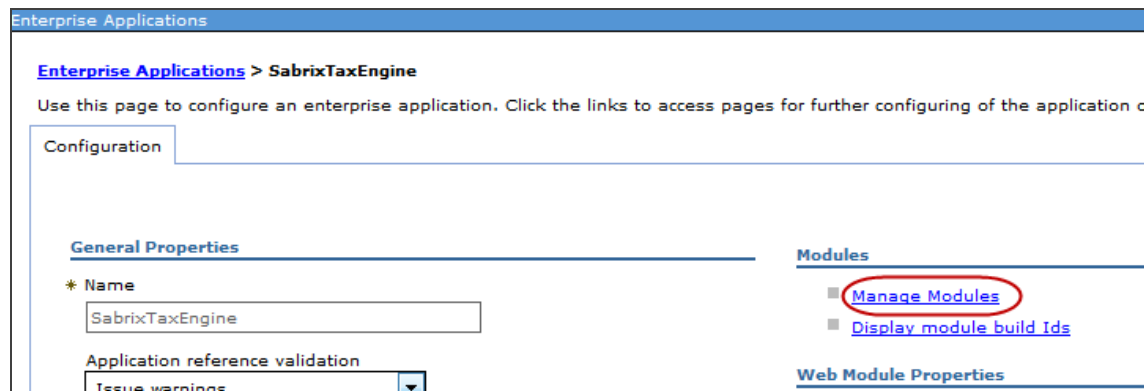
Configuring Class Loading

After the deployment, complete the following steps to set class loading.

1. Go to **Applications > Application Types > WebSphere enterprise applications**.
2. Click **SabrixTaxEngine**.



3. Click on **Manage Modules**.



4. Click **Sabrix System Web Application**.

Enterprise Applications

[Enterprise Applications](#) > [SabrixTaxEngine](#) > **Manage Modules**

Manage Modules

Specify targets such as application servers or clusters of application servers where you want to install the modules that are co be installed on the same application server or dispersed among several application servers. Also, specify the Web servers as to this application. The plug-in configuration file (plugin-cfg.xml) for each Web server is generated, based on the application

Clusters and servers:

WebSphere:cell=U0126623-W7BNode01Cell,node=U0126623-W7BNode01,server=server1

Select	Module	URI	Module Type	Server
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix System Web Application	sabrix.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	Web Module	WebSphere:cell=U0126623-W7BNode01,server=server1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sabrix Registration Web Application	registration-validation.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	Web Module	WebSphere:cell=U0126623-W7BNode01,server=server1

5. Select the **Class loader order** value **Class loaded with local class loader first (parent last)**.

Enterprise Applications

[Enterprise Applications](#) > [SabrixTaxEngine](#) > [Manage Modules](#) > **sabrix.war**

Use this page to configure an instance of a deployed web module in the application. This page contains deployment-specific management settings.

Configuration

General Properties

* URI
sabrix.war

Alternate deployment descriptor

* Starting weight
10000

* Class loader order
Classes loaded with local class loader first (parent last) ▼

Additional Properties

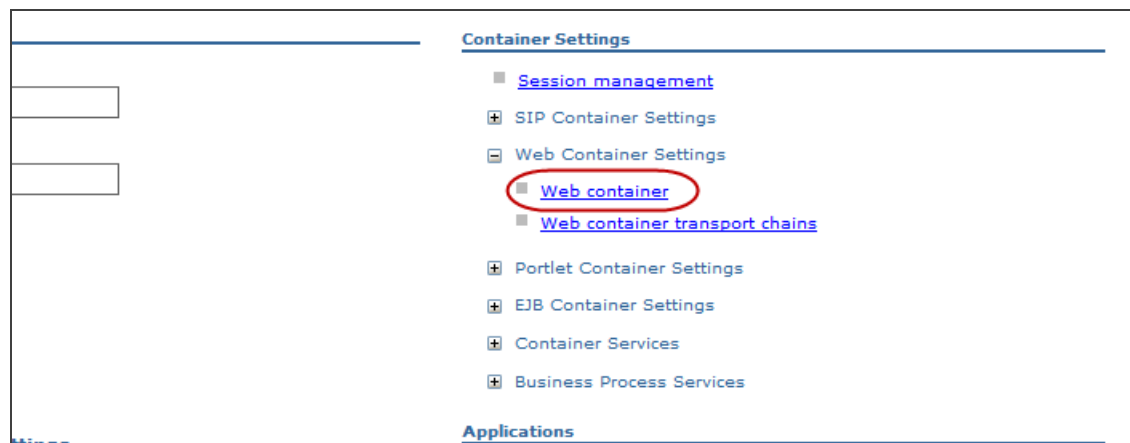
- ☐ [View Module Cl](#)
- ☐ [Custom proper](#)
- ☐ [Target specific](#)
- ☐ [View Deployme](#)
- ☐ [Session Manag](#)

6. Click OK, and then click **Save directly to master configuration**.

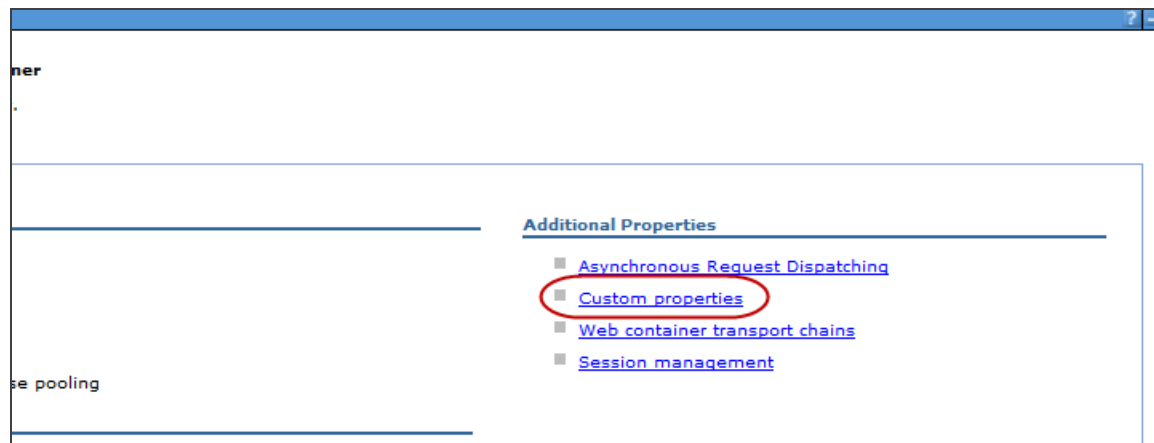
Setting a Custom Property

Complete the following to ensure the trailing forward slash is removed from your URL:

1. Go to **Servers > Server Types > WebSphere Application Servers**, and then click on the server (for example, **server1**).
2. Under **Container Settings**, expand **Web Container Settings** and then click **Web container**.



3. Select **Custom properties** under **Additional Properties**.



4. Click **New**.

Application servers

[Application servers](#) > [server1](#) > [Web container](#) > **Custom properties**

Use this page to specify an arbitrary name and value pair. The value that is specified for the name and value pair is a string properties.

⊕ Preferences

New... Delete

⊞ ⊞ ⊞ ⊞

Select	Name	Value	Description
You can administer the following resources:			
<input type="checkbox"/>	com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.HTTPOnlyCookies	JSESSIONID	Cookie

Total 1

5. Enter the values listed in the table below:

NAME	VALUE
com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.remove trailing servlet path slash	true

Application servers

[Application servers](#) > [server1](#) > [Web container](#) > [Custom properties](#) > **New...**

Use this page to specify an arbitrary name and value pair. The value that is specified for the name and value pair is a string properties.

Configuration

General Properties

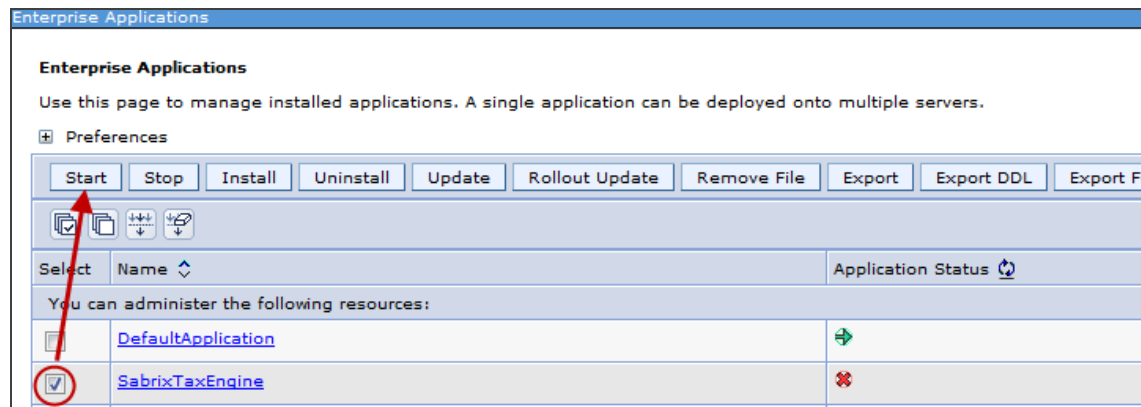
* Name

* Value

Description

Apply OK Reset Cancel

6. Click OK, and then click **Save directly to master configuration**.
7. Return to **Applications > Application Types > WebSphere enterprise applications**, select **SabrixTaxEngine**, and then click **Start**.



DUPLICATE USERS

Determination does not support duplicate user name entries in the database. During the installation process, the installer checks for duplicate user names. When duplicate users are found, the installer appends "_DET513x_[Sequential Number]" to those entries. For example, two entries for SMITH become SMITH_DET513x_1 and SMITH_DET513x_2.

If found, the installer displays a list of duplicate user names and the new replacement names.

```
5 duplicate user names found. Renamed the inactive duplicate data. | User Name |
Renamed User Name | | BobSmith | BobSmith_DET513x_1 | | BobSmith | BobSmith_
DET513x_2 | | BobSmith | BobSmith_DET513x_3 | | MaryClark | MaryClark_DET513x_4 |
| MaryClark | MaryClark_DET513x_5|
```

If the installer cannot append a user name, the installation fails. Duplicate user names that cannot be resolved are left in the database and must be modified manually before completing the installation. A message similar to the following displays:

```
Aborting installation. 11 duplicate user names found with more than 60 characters
after appending DET513x and maximum duplicate user count. Please remove or rename
these inactive duplicate user manually. | User Name | | MarkHam | |MarkHam |
|MarkHam | |MarkHam | |MarkHam | |MaryHart | |MaryHart | |MaryHart |
|TomSmith123456 | |TomSmith123456 | |TomSmith123456 |
```


RUNNING THE IMPLEMENTER

The Implementer is the installation program for Determination and is the process you run after configuring your application server.



Set the Oracle parameter OPEN_CURSORS to 3000 to ensure the Determination installation completes successfully.

STARTING THE INSTALLATION

Open a browser and complete the following steps:

1. Go to the Determination installation URL (<http://<host>:<port>/sabrix/install>).
2. Enter the following user name and password: **dba/password**.
3. The Implementer page displays a summary of your environment.

Determination Implementer		
Database Vendor:	Tax Data Oracle - Oracle Database 12c Enterprise Edition Release 12...	Audit Data Oracle - Oracle Database 12c Enterprise Edition Release 12...
Driver Version:	12.1.0.1.0	12.1.0.1.0
Database Connection:	jdbc:oracle:thin:@pdxsasqa145.corp.ositax.com:152...	jdbc:oracle:thin:@pdxsasqa145.corp.ositax.com:152...
Database User:	TE9628	TE9628A
Sabrix Version Installed		
Sabrix Version To Be Installed		5.11.0.0.33.33
Click to start the installation:		<input type="button" value="Run"/>

Click **Run** to start the installation.

CHECKING THE INSTALLATION RESULTS

When the process runs, it records the results in your browser window and in a log file:

- **Browser Window:** You should see the following message at the end of the screen output: "Implementation completed successfully!" If you receive this message, you can continue with the remaining sections in this guide. However, if you see the following message, you should contact Customer Support : "Problem(s) encountered during implementation! Check the installation messages for more information."

- **Log File:** If you want more detailed information about installation messages, review the *sabrix.log* file. See "Log Files" in the *ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Determination User Guide* for instructions about finding the log.



If you review the log immediately after installing Determination, you can ignore any errors that appear from the beginning of the log until the entry that ends with "CleanUpRolesForCoreUsers." Any errors that appear after this log entry may be significant, and you should contact Customer Support.

INSTALLING TAX CONTENT

This is a two-step process that is composed of importing the content and associating that content with a Determination company.

IMPORTING CONTENT INTO DETERMINATION

You downloaded the Content file(s) at the beginning of this installation process. Now you will import the files into Determination using the Import/Export feature.



Do not unzip your Content files. You will load these into Determination as zipped files.

1. Go to the Determination URL (<http://<host>:<port>/sabrix/>).
2. Enter the following user name and password: **dba/password**.



To protect your system, be sure to change the password for the dba user once you have completed the initial installation. See Help for details about how to change the password.

3. Go to **Menu > System > Import/Export**.
4. Click the **Import** tab.
5. Browse to the directory containing the first downloaded file.
6. Enter the path and file name, or browse to it, and then click OK.
7. Click **Import**.
8. The **Import/Export Wizard** displays information about the file to be imported. Click **Next**.
9. Click **Next** on each page until the import starts.
10. Once the import has started, close this status window - even though the import is not finished. The import will continue, and you can go to the **History** tab periodically to check the status. Click **Refresh** on the **History** tab to update the display.
11. Repeat steps 3 through 9 for the other Tax Data Provider(s), as appropriate.



Once you install master Content, you will need to perform monthly Content updates to keep your data current. You can automate all or part of the update process. For more information, see the "Import/Export" topic in Help.

CREATING AND CONFIGURING A COMPANY

To use the new Content, you need to associate it with a company in the Determination software.

1. Log on to Determination as the dba user.
2. Go to **Menu > System > Companies**.
3. Select **Add** from the **Actions** menu to create a company.
4. On the **Edit** tab, enter basic company information, and then click **Submit**.
5. Click the **Tax Preferences** tab.
6. In the **Data Providers** section, select values for your **Tax Data Provider**, and then click **Submit**.

You now have a basic Determination company to use when you test the installation in the following section. Once you successfully complete the testing, you can make additional company configurations (see the Help topic "Working with Companies").

TESTING YOUR INSTALLATION

After installing Determination and creating a basic company, test the installation by creating a test transaction.

1. Log on to Determination as the **dba** user.
2. Select the company you previously created from the **Company** selector in the upper right corner of the page.
3. Select **Menu > Workbench**.
4. Enter scenario information for a test transaction on the **Main** tab of the workbench. For example, enter the following:
 - **Scenario:** 1
 - **Invoice Number:** 1
 - **Company Role:** Seller
 - **Currency:** United States Dollar
 - **Quantity:** 1
 - **Gross Amt:** 1000
5. Click the **Locations** tab.
6. Click **Ship From**, and then enter the following:
 - **Ship From Country:** US
 - **Ship From State:** WA
 - **Ship From County:** KING
 - **Ship From City:** SEATTLE
 - **Ship From Zip:** 98101
7. Click **Ship To**, and then enter the following:
 - **Ship To Country:** US
 - **Ship To State:** CA

- **Ship To County:** ALAMEDA
 - **Ship To City:** OAKLAND
 - **Ship To Zip:** 94601
8. Click **Submit**. You should see an effective rate and tax amount for your transaction. Click **Results** to review the processing of the invoice including tax breakdowns per jurisdiction.
 9. Select **Input XML** or **Output XML** from the **Actions** menu to view the XML that was sent to and returned by the Determination software. These tools can be helpful if you need to debug the integration software that connects your financial system with Determination. See the *Programmer Guide* for more details.

CLUSTERING



Skip this section if you are not installing in a clustered environment.

Starting from Determination version 5.13.4.3, we recommend using Time Eviction Caching (Section below) instead of Clustering.

Due to upgrade of libraries in version 5.13.4.3, caching features are not supported.

- In the Running Implementer section above, when Run button is clicked installer will not complete. As a work around, remove the node from cluster and then run the installer. After installer is complete, move node back to cluster.
- In System > Diagnostics > Cache View, caching entities are not displayed, and cache cannot be reset using the Reset Cache button. In case of any cache corruption please do the rolling restart of all nodes.

Determination supports TCP and UDP cluster communication to establish initial cluster membership, as well as to keep membership information current. When using TCP or UDP, you can choose to implement standard clustering or time based eviction clustering. If you are unsure of which option to use, contact your assigned Professional Services Resource or contact Customer Support.

Review the following sections to set up clustering:

[Prerequisites \(page 73\)](#)

[Determination Parameters \(page 74\)](#)

[Properties File \(page 75\)](#)

[Cluster XML File \(page 79\)](#)

[Cluster Test \(page 80\)](#)

PREREQUISITES

Review the following before you begin configuring the cluster.

- **Tax Content:** Make sure your tax content is loaded into Determination before you set up the cluster.
- **JDBC URLs:** All cluster members must have identical JDBC URLs. For example, although the following two URLs point to the same host and database, clustering would not work because one JDBC URL uses the IP address and the other uses the fully qualified domain name for the host of the database:

```
jdbc:oracle:thin:@pdxsasdv062.corp.acme.com:1521/service
```

```
jdbc:oracle:thin:@10.198.221.48:1521/service
```

- **Internet Protocol Versions:** Some application servers default to the IPv6 stack while others use the IPv4 stack. When you enter IP addresses during the cluster configuration, be sure to adhere to the format appropriate for the internet protocol version. If your cluster involves communication between an IPv4 and an IPv6 node, set the following property in the start-up file of the application server:

```
1 -Djava.net.preferIPv4Stack=true
```

- **Firewalls:** Make sure firewalls are not blocking communications between Determination nodes.
- **Multicast:** If you are using multicast, confirm that the Determination nodes are on the same subnet, and that the network allows multicast packets to be transmitted.
- **Multihomed Host:** If there is a multihomed Ethernet configuration, force the use of a particular IP by setting the **jgroups.bind_address** system property to the appropriate NIC IP address. For example if the desired interface has an IP of 10.198.221.48, set the following Java system variable: `-Djgroups.bind_address=10.198.221.48`.












You can set **jgroups.bind_address** where the JVM parameters are set. Here is a configuration file example:

```
1 -Xms4096m -Xmx4096m -Djava.awt.headless=true -Djgroups.bind_
address=10.198.221.48
```

DETERMINATION PARAMETERS

Clustering requires certain parameters in Determination.

1. Log on to Determination.
2. Go to **Menu > System > Configuration**.
3. Click **Actions > Add**.
4. Enter the parameters and values according to the table below.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
ENABLE_SERVER_  COMMUNICATION	Y	This parameter is required to enable all types of clustering.
CLUSTER_ CHANNEL_  PROPERTIES_FILE	udp- cluster.xml or tcp-tcpping-  cluster.xml	<div> This parameter is not allowed if you are using UDP with default ports and IP addresses.</div> <div>If you are using UDP with non-default settings, insert the value udp-cluster.xml.</div> <div>If you are using TCP, insert the value tcp-tcpping-cluster.xml. This parameter must match the parameter <i>determination.infinispan.jgroups. configuration_file</i> in the <i>determination_application_ overrides.properties</i> file. See Properties File (page 75).</div>
SABRIX_MASTER_ NODE		<div> If this parameter exists, remove it to set up clustering.</div>
MULTICAST_ ADDRESS		<div> If this parameter exists, remove it to set up clustering.</div>
MULTICAST_PORT		<div> If this parameter exists, remove it to set up clustering.</div>

5. Click **Submit**.

PROPERTIES FILE

Determination requires a properties file for clustering, and the contents of the file depends on whether you are using UDP or TCP. Based on your network environment, follow the steps in one of the next three sections:

UDP Multicast with Default Settings

This section explains how to set up UDP multicast with the following defaults:

- Multicast Address = 224.0.0.1
- Multicast Port = 5665



If you have multiple clusters of Determination on the same subnet (for example, Production, Development, and QA), skip to the next section, [UDP Multicast with Non-Default IP and Port Number \(page 76\)](#). That approach prevents the clusters from interfering with each other.

Complete the following:

1. Stop WebSphere.
2. Create a new directory in WebSphere:

```
<WebSphereBaseDirectory>/AppServer/lib/ext
```

3. In the new directory, create a new file called *determination_application_overrides.properties* in the new directory, and then insert the following lines:

```
1 determination.infinispan.cache.configuration=infinispan.xml
2 determination.infinispan.jgroups.cluster_name=ClusterName
```

4. Replace **ClusterName** in the second line of the snippet with a unique name for your cache cluster.



Be sure to use the same cluster name in the *determination_application_overrides.properties* file on each node, and do not include any spaces in your cluster name.

5. Save and close the file *determination_application_overrides.properties*.
6. Restart WebSphere.
7. Repeat these steps on each WebSphere node.



To simplify the process, you can copy the file *determination_application_overrides.properties* to each node.

8. Skip to [Cluster Test \(page 80\)](#)

UDP Multicast with Non-Default IP and Port Number

This configuration changes the default UDP multicast address and port in cases when default values are not appropriate.



Ensure that you created the Determination parameter `CLUSTER_CHANNEL_PROPERTIES_FILE` before completing these steps. See [Determination Parameters \(page 74\)](#).

Complete the following:

1. Stop WebSphere.
2. Create a new directory in WebSphere:

```
<WebSphereBaseDirectory>/AppServer/lib/ext
```

3. In the new directory, create a file called *determination_application_overrides.properties* in the new directory, and then insert the following lines:

```
1 determination.infinispan.cache.configuration=infinispan.xml
2 determination.infinispan.jgroups.cluster_name=ClusterName
3 determination.infinispan.jgroups.configuration_file=udp-clus
  ter.xml
4 determination.infinispan.jgroups.udp.mcast_addr=224.1.2.3
5 determination.infinispan.jgroups.udp.mcast_port=16655
```

4. Replace **ClusterName** in the second line of the snippet with a unique name for your cache cluster.



Be sure to use the same cluster name in the *determination_application_overrides.properties* file on each node and do not include any spaces in your cluster name.

5. Change the numbers for **mcast_addr** and **mcast_port** to match your multicast address and port. Be sure to use valid ranges (Addr: 224.0.1.0 to 238.255.255.255).
6. Save and close the file *determination_application_overrides.properties*.
7. Repeat these steps on each WebSphere node.



To simplify the process, you can copy the file *determination_application_overrides.properties* to each node.

8. Skip to [Cluster XML File \(page 79\)](#).

TCP Transport with Static List of Nodes (TCPPING)

In this configuration, a static list of cluster member addresses is set on each node so each member knows where the other cluster members are located.



Ensure that you created the Determination parameter `CLUSTER_CHANNEL_PROPERTIES_FILE` before completing these steps. See [Determination Parameters \(page 74\)](#).

Complete the following:

1. Stop WebSphere.
2. Create a new directory in WebSphere:

```
<WebSphereBaseDirectory>/AppServer/lib/ext
```

3. In the new directory, create a file called *determination_application_overrides.properties* in the new directory, and then insert the following lines:

```
1 determination.infinispan.cache.configuration=infinispan.xml
2 determination.infinispan.jgroups.cluster_name=ClusterName
3 determination.infinispan.jgroups.configuration_file=tcp-tcpping-
  ng-cluster.xml
4 determination.infinispan.jgroups.tcp.address=10.198.221.48
5 determination.infinispan.jgroups.tcpping.initial_hosts=10.198
  .221.50[7800],10.198.221.48[7800]
6 determination.infinispan.jgroups.tcp.port=7800
```

4. Replace **ClusterName** in the second line of the snippet with a unique name for your cache cluster.



Be sure to use the same cluster name in the *determination_application_overrides.properties* file on each node and do not include any spaces in your cluster name.

5. Set **tcp.address** to match the node's IP address.
6. Set **tcpping.initial_hosts** to list the addresses of all nodes in the cluster. The value of **tcpping.initial_hosts** is the same on each node, but **tcp.address** is unique for each node.



[7800] refers to the port on which each cluster instance will start the initial membership lookup. If necessary, you can change the port ranges by editing *tcp-tcpping-cluster.xml* (see [Cluster XML File \(page 79\)](#)). Change the two values of 7800 specified in the file to some other valid and available port to complete this change.

7. To change the default port from 7800, set **tcp.port** to the new port value.



If you use the default port of 7800, do not include this entry in the properties file.

If you specify the **tcp.port** property, the port number used for this property should match the port number used in the **tcpping.initial_hosts** property.

8. Save and close the file *determination_application_overrides.properties*.
9. Repeat the process for all nodes in the cluster, making all specified values identical except **tcp.address** which should be unique per node.



In this configuration, when a new cluster member is introduced or an existing one is removed, the list must be updated on each node. An update requires cluster nodes to be restarted so new changes are picked up. You add to the list or subtract from the list by adding or removing additional IP addresses in *determination_application_overrides.properties* at this line:

```
1 determination.infinispan.jgroups.tcpping.initial_hosts=  
10.198.221.50[7800],10.198.221.48[7800]
```


CLUSTER XML FILE



This step does not apply to UDP clusters that use default ports and IP addresses.

Complete the following to set up the cluster XML file:

1. Go to the *clustering* directory where you unzipped the *ONESOURCEIDTDetermination513xx.zip* (see [Download the Software \(page 6\)](#)).
2. Use the table below to determine which XML file from the *clustering* directory is appropriate for your environment.

FILE NAME	CLUSTER TYPE
udp-cluster.xml	UDP  This is only for UDP clusters that use custom ports and IP addresses.
tcp-tcpping-cluster.xml	TCP

3. Copy the appropriate XML file to the same directory as *determination_application_overrides.properties*.

<WebSphereBaseDirectory>/AppServer/lib/ext

4. Restart WebSphere.
5. Repeat these steps on each WebSphere node.

CLUSTER TEST

Complete the following tests to confirm that clustering is configured correctly.



If the tests fail, please double-check your settings before contacting Customer Support.

Verify that cluster members can send and receive messages:

1. After all cluster nodes are started, log on to Determination on one node and go to **Menu > System > Diagnostics > Cluster View**. The page should list all nodes in the cluster.
2. Click **Actions > Send Test Message**.
3. Log on to each of the other cluster members and go to **Menu > System > Diagnostics > Cluster View**. Confirm that each node received the message (you may need to click **Actions > Refresh**).
4. Repeat these steps from each node to ensure each node can send and receive messages.



Skip this below section for versions starting from 5.13.4.3.

Verify that resetting the cache on one node resets all caches in the cluster:

1. Populate the Determination cache by clicking **Menu > System > Companies** on each node.
2. On each of the cluster nodes, go to **Menu > System > Diagnostics > Cache View**.
3. Enter **ALL** in the **Table Name or 'ALL'** field then click **Search**. The cache content is displayed on each node.
4. On any cluster node, click **Actions > Reset Cache**, and then perform another search for **ALL** on the other nodes. If you have not accessed any other pages, the list should be empty (no entity has been cached).

TIME EVICTION CACHE

Complete the following:

1. Stop WebSphere.

2. Create a new directory in WebSphere:

`<WebSphereBaseDirectory>/AppServer/lib/ext`

3. Go to the clustering directory where you unzipped 513xx (see [Download the Software \(page 6\)](#)).

4. Copy the *infinispan-timed-cache.xml* file to the directory - `<WebSphereBaseDirectory>/AppServer/lib/ext`



The **expiration lifespan="600000"** value determines the cache retention time in *milliseconds*. Change this value as per appropriate time that caching needs to be retained.

5. In the new directory, create a file called *determination_application_overrides.properties*, and then insert the following lines:

```
determination.infinispan.cache.configuration=infinispan-timed-cache.xml
```

6. Save and close the file *determination_application_overrides.properties*.

7. Restart WebSphere.

8. Repeat these steps on each WebSphere node.

PERFORMING ADDITIONAL CONFIGURATIONS

Once you verify that ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Determination is running, you may need to complete some post-installation tasks:

- Connecting your Determination instance to your business source system using integration software. Contact your implementation partner for assistance.
- Securing your Determination installation. See the Determination Help topic "Security Measures."
- Modifying Configuration parameters to reflect your hardware, network, and security environment. You can also modify those parameters that affect auditing, tax calculations, and reporting. See the Help topic "Configuration."
- Setting up users to access Determination. This might include tax professionals, tax clerks, and Determination administrators. See the Help topic "Edit Users."
- Completing the Company configuration you began in the section "Creating and Configuring a Determination Company." See the Help topic "Working With Companies."
- Installing and configuring ONESOURCE Indirect Tax Reporting. See the Help topic "Running Reports."